

Pr



Pr

9al 9 & c.

# Joe Miller's JESTS:

OR, THE

## Wits Vade-Mecum.

#### BEING

A Collection of the most Brillant Jests, the most excellent Bons Mots, and most pleafant short Stories in the English Language; many of them transcribed from the Mouth of the Facetious Gentleman, whose Name they bear.

To which are added,

Choice Collections of MORAL SENTENCES,

And of the most pointed and truly valuable

EPIGRAMS in the BRITISH Tongue;

With the Names of the Authors to such as are known.

Most humbly Inscribed

To those Choice-Spirits of the AGE,

Mr. COLLEY CIBBER, Mr. Orator HEN-LEY, and JOBBAKER, the Kettle-Drummer.

The EIGHTH EDITION, with large ADDITIONS.

#### LONDON:

Printed for T. R E A D, in Dogwell-Court, White-Fryers,

Fleet-Street. M. D C C. X L V.





# Joe Miller's JESTS.

HE late Duke of Argyll, who was wont to fay more good Things than any body, being behind the Scenes the first Night of the Beggar's Opera, and meeting old Cibber there, Well, Colley, faid he, how do you like the Beggar's Why it makes one laugh, my Lord reply'd the

Opera? Why it makes one laugh, my Lord, reply'd the other, on the Stage; but how will it do in Print? Oh! wery well, I'll answer for it, said the Duke, if you don't write a Preface to it \*.

2. There being a great Disturbance one Night at Drury-Lane Play-house, Mr. Wilks coming upon the Stage to say something to pacify the Audience, had an Orange thrown full at him, which, when he had taken up, making a low Bow, with the Orange in his Hand,

This is no Civil Orange, I think, said he.

3. A certain Poet and Player, remarkable for his Impudence and Cowardice, happening many Years ago, to have a Quarrel with Mr. Powel, another Player, received from him a smart Box on the Ear; a sew Days after, the Poetical Player having lost his Snuff-Box, was making strict Enquiry if any body had B

<sup>\*</sup> See Cibber's Preface to The Provok'd Husband.

feen his Box. What, faid another of the Theatrical Punsters, that which George Powel gave you the other

Night ?

4. Mr. H—rr—n, one of the Commissioners of the Revenue in Ireland, being one Night in the Pit at the Play-House in Dublin, Monocca Gall, the Orange Girl, famous for her Wit and Assurance, striding over his Back, he popp'd his Hand under her Petticoats. Nay, Mr. Commissioner, said she, you'll find no Goods there but what have been fairly enter'd.

5. In the Reign of Queen Anne, when it was faid the Lord Oxford had got a Number of Peers made at once to serve a particular Turn, being met the next Day by my Lord Wharton, So, Robin, said he, I find what you

loft by Tricks, you have gained by Honours.

6. Sir T. P. once in Parliament, brought in a Bill that wanted some Amendment, which being not attended to by the House, he frequently repeated, That he thirsted to mend his Bill. Upon which a worthy Member got up, and said, Mr. Speaker, I humbly move, since that Member thirsts so very much, that he may be allowed to mend his Draught. This put the House into such good Humour, that his Request was granted.

7. A certain Country Squire ask'd a Merry-Andrew, Why he play'd the Fool? For the same Reason, said he, that you do; out of Want: You do it for Want of

Wit, and I do it for Want of Money.

8. When the Duke of Ormond was young, and came first to Court, he happen'd to stand next my Lady Dorchester, one Evening in the Drawing-Room, who being but little upon the Reserve on most Occasions, let a Fart, upon which he look'd her full in the Face and laugh'd. What's the Matter, my Lord? said she: Oh! I heard it, Madam, reply'd the Duke. You'll make a fine Courtier, indeed, said she, if you mind every Thing you hear in this Place.

9. A poor Man who had a termagant Wife, after a long Dispute, in which she was resolved to have the last Word, told her, if she spoke one more crooked Word he'd beat her Brains out: Why then, Rams Horns, you

Rogue, faid she, if I die for't.

ro. A Gentleman ask'd a Lady at Tunbridge, who had made a very large Acquaintance among the Beaus and pretty Fellows there, what she would do with them all? Oh! said she, they pass off like the Waters: And pray, Madam, reply'd the Gentleman, do they all pass

the fame Way?

11. An Hackney-Coachman, who was just set up, had heard that the Lawyers used to club their Three-pence a-piece, four of them, to go to Westminster, and being call'd by a Lawyer at Temple-Bar, who, with two others in their Gowns, got into his Coach, he was bid to drive to Westminster-Hall; but the Coachman still holding his Door open, as if he waited for more Company, one of the Gentlemen asked him, Why he did not shut the Door, and go on? the Fellow, scratching his Head, cry'd, You know, Master, my Fare's a Shilling, I can't go for Nine-pence.

12. Gun Jones, who had made a handsome Fortune from a very mean Beginning, happening to have some Words with a Person who had known him for some Time, was asked by the other, How he could have the Impudence to give himself so many Airs to him, when he knew very well, that he remember'd him seven Years before, when he had hardly a Rag to his A——. You tye, Sirrah, reply'd Jones, for seven Years ago I had no-

thing but Rags to my A-

13. A Gentleman told Betty Carelefs, upon shewing her Legs, that they were very handsome, and so much alike that they must needs be Twins: But, indeed, said she, you are mistaken, for I have had more than one or

two either between them.

14. A Lady feeing the Sheriff of a County, who was a very handsome young Gentleman, attending the Judge, who was an old Man; a Gentleman, standing by, ask'd her which she lik'd best, the Judge or the Sheriff? The Lady told him, The Sheriff. Why so? said the Gentleman. Because, answered she, tho' I love Judgment well, I like Execution better.

15. One told another, who did not use to be cloathed very often, that his new Coat was too short for him;

That's true, answer'd his Friend, but it will be long enough

before I get another.

16. A certain Lady finding her Husband somewhat too familiar with her Chamber-maid, turned her away immediately; Hussy, said she, I have no Occasion for such Sluts as you, only to do that Work which I choose to do myself.

17. Altho' the Infirmities of Nature are not proper Subjects to be made a Jest of, yet when People take a great deal of Pains to conceal what every body sees, there is nothing more ridiculous: Of this Sort was old Cross the Player, who being very deaf, did not care that

any body should know it.

Honest foe Miller going with a Friend one Day along Fleet-street, and seeing old Cross on the other Side the Way, told his Acquaintance he should see some Sport; so beckoning to Cross with his Finger, and stretching open his Mouth as wide as ever he could, as if he hallooed to him, tho' he said nothing, the old Fellow comes pussing from t'other Side the Way, What a Pox, said he, do you make such a Noise for, do you think one can't hear?

18. Joe Miller another Day, fitting in the Window at the Sun Tavern in Clare-street, while a Fish-Woman was passing by, crying, Buy my Soul, buy my Maids! Ah! you wicked old Creature, said Joe, are you not contented to sell your own Soul, but you must fell your Maid's too.

19. Sir William Davenant, the Poet, who had no Nose, going along the Meuse one Day, a Beggar Woman follow'd him, crying, Ah! God preserve your Eye-Sight, Sir; the Lord preserve your Eye-Sight. Why, good Woman, said he, do'st thou pray so much for my Eye-Sight? Ah! dear Sir, answered the Woman, if it should please God that you grow dim-sighted, you have no Place to hang your Spectacles on.

as he did? No, answered Nat, but it is easy to write like

a Fool as you do.

21. Colley, who, notwithstanding his Odes, has now and then said a good Thing, being told one Night behind

hind the Scenes, by the late Duke of Wharton, that he expected to fee him hang'd or beggar'd very foon: By G—d, faid the Laureat, if I had your Grace's Politics

and Morals, you might expect both.

22. Several Years ago, when Mrs. Rogers, the Player, was young and handsome, Lord North and Grey, remarkable for his homely Face, accosting her one Night behind the Scenes, ask'd her, with a Sigh, What was a Cure for Love? Your Lordship, said she, the best I know in the World.

23. Dr. Sewel, and two or three more Gentlemen, walking towards Hampstead on a Summer's Day, were met by the famous Daniel Purcel, the Punster, who was very importunate with them to know upon what Account they were going thither. The Doctor merrily answered him, To make Hay. Very well, reply'd the other, you'll be there at a very convenient Season, the Country wants Rakes.

24. A Gentleman was faying one Day at the Tilt-Yard Coffee-house, when it rained exceeding hard, that it put him in Mind of the General Deluge. Zoons, Sir, said an old Campaigner, who stood by, Who's that? I

have heard of all the Generals in Europe but him.

26. Lord R—having lost about fifty Pistoles one Night at the Gaming-Table in Dublin, some Friends condoling with him upon his ill Luck, Faith, said he, I am very well pleased at what I have done, for I have bit them, by G——d, there is not one Pistole that don't want Six-pence of Weight.

27. A Traveller coming into the Kitchen of an Inn, in a very cold Night, stood so close to the Fire that he burnt his Boots. An arch Rogue, who sat in the Chimney Corner, cry'd out to him, Sir, you'll burn your

B 3

Spurs

Spurs presently. My Boots, you mean, I suppose, said the Gentleman? No, Sir, replied the other, they are burnt

already.

28. A Countryman fowing his Ground, two fmarts Fellows riding that Way, one of them called to him with an infolent Air: Well, honest Fellow, faid he, 'tisyour Business to sow, but we reap the Fruits of your Labour. To which the Countryman replied, 'Tis very

likely you may, truly, for I am fowing Hemp.

29. Villars, the witty and extravagant Duke of Buckingham, in King Charles II's Time, was faying one Day to Sir Robert Viner, in a melancholic Humour, I am afraid, Sir Robert, I shall die a Beggar at last, which is the most terrible Thing in the World: Upon my Word, my Lord, faid Sir Robert, there is another Thing more terrible, which you have Reason to apprehend, and that is, That you will live a Beggar.

30. The same noble Duke, another Time, was making his Complaint to Sir John Cutler, a rich Miser, of the Diforder of his Affairs, and ask'd him what he should do to prevent the Ruin of his Estate? Live as I do, my Lord, said Sir John. That I can do, answered the

Duke, when I am ruined.

31. At another Time, a Person who had been a Dependant on his Grace, begg'd his Interest for him at Court; and to press the Thing more Home upon the Duke, said, He had no body to depend upon but God and bis Grace. Then, fays the Duke, you are in a miserable Way, for you could not have pitch'd upon any two who have less Interest at Court.

2. Two Free-thinking Authors, faid a certain Bookseller, when I was a little low in the World, affured me, if I would print their Works, they would fet me up, and indeed they were as good as their Word, for in fix Weeks after I published the first Thing they sent me, I

was fet up indeed \_\_\_\_ but it was in the Pillory.

33. A Lady being asked how she liked a Gentleman's Singing, who had a very flinking Breath: The Words are good, faid she, but the Air is intolerable.

34. The late Mrs. Oldfield being ask'd if she thought Sir W. Y. and Mrs. H-n, who had both stinking

Breaths,

0

Breaths, were married: I don't know, faid she, whether they are married, but I am sure there is a Wedding between them.

35. A Gentleman saying something of an ugly Wench, with a red Face, another said her Face always put him in Mind of Mary-bone Park; being desired to explain himself, he said, It was wastly sude, and had not one Bit of Pale about it.

36. A pragmatical young Fellow fitting at Table overagainst the learned John Scot, ask'd him, What Difference there was between Scot and Sot? Just the Breadth

of the Table, answered the other.

37. Sir Thomas Moor, for a long Time having only Daughters, his Wife prayed earnestly that they might have a Boy; at last they had a Boy, who, when he came to Man's Estate, proved but simple; Thou prayedst so long for a Boy, said Sir Thomas to his Wife, that at last thou hast got one who will be a Boy as long as he lives.

38. The same Gentleman, when Lord Chancellor, being pressed by the Council of the Party, for a longer Day to perform a Decree, said, Take St. Barnaby's Day, the longest in the Year; which happened to be the next

Week.

39. This famous Chancellor, who preserved his Humour and Wit to the last Moment, when he came to be executed on Tower-hill, the Headsman demanding his Upper-Garment as his Fee; Ay, Friend, said he, taking off

his Cap, that I think is my Upper-Garment.

40. The great Algernoon Sidney seem'd to shew as little Regard at his Death; he had, indeed, got some Friends to intercede with the King for a Pardon; but when it was told him, that his Majesty could not be prevail'd upon to give him his Life, but that in Regard to his ancient and noble Family, he would remit Part of his Sentence, and only have his Head cut off; Nay, said he, if his Majesty is resolved to have my Head, he may make a Whistle of my A——if he pleases.

41. Lady C—g, and her two Daughters, having taken Lodgings at a Leather Breeches Maker's in Piccadilly, the Sign of the Cock and Leather Breeches, was always put to the Blush when she was obliged to go any

body Directions to her Lodgings, the Sign being fo odd; upon which my Lady, a very good Sort of a Woman, fending for her Landlord, a jolly young Fellow, told him, She lik'd him and his Lodgings very well, but must be forced to quit them on Account of his Sign, for she was ashamed to tell any body what it was. O dear Madam! said the young Fellow, I would do any Thing rather than lose so good Lodgers, I can easily alter my Sign: So I think, reply'd my Lady, and I'll tell you how you may satisfy both me and my Daughters, Only take down your Breeches, and let your Cock stand.

on his Death-Bed, he could not help jesting at the very last Moment; for having received the extreme Unction, a Friend coming to see him, said, He hoped he was prepared for the next World: Yes, yes, replied Rabelais, I am ready for my Journey now, they have just greafed my

Boots.

Inscription on the Monument of a Spanish Officer, Here lies the Body of Don, &c. &c. who never knew what Fear was. Then, said the King, he never snuffed a Can-

dle with his Fingers.

was no great Friend to the Abbot Furetiere, one Day took the Seat that was commonly used by the Abbot, and soon after having Occasion to speak, and Furetiere being by that Time come in: Here is a Place, said he, Gentlemen, from whence I am likely to utter a thousand Impertinencies. Goon, answer'd Furetiere, there's one already.

Room, in York Buildings, for public Orations, that very Room which was lately so worthily occupied by the learned and eximious Mr. Professor Lacy, he happened at a Time to be pretty much behind-hand with his Workmen, and coming one Day among them to see how they went forward, he ordered one of them to get into the Rostrum, and make a Speech, that he might observe how it could be heard; the Fellow mounting, and scratching his Pate, told him, He knew not what to say, for in Truth he was no Orator. Oh! said the Knight,

no Matter for that, speak any Thing that comes uppermost. Why here, Sir Richard, says the Fellow, we have been working for you these six Weeks, and cannot get one Penny of Money. Pray, Sir, when do you design to pay us? Very well, very well, said Sir Richard, pray come down, I have heard enough, I cannot but own you speak very distinctly, though I don't admire your Subject.

46. A Country Clergyman meeting a Neighbour who never came to Church, altho' an old Fellow of above Sixty, he gave him some Reproof on that Account, and asked him if he never read at home? No, replied the Clown, I can't read: I dare say, said the Parson, you don't know who made you? Not I, in Troth cry'd the Countryman. A little Boy coming by at the same Time, Who made you, Child? said the Parson. God, Sir, answer'd the Boy. Why look you there, quoth the honest Clergyman, are not you asham'd to hear a Child of sive or six Years old tell me who made him, when you that are so old a Man cannot? Ab! said the Countryman, it is no Wonder that he should remember; he was made but t'other Day, it is a great while Measter sin I was made.

47. A certain Reverend Drone in the Country was complaining to another, That it was a great Fatigue to preach twice a Day. Oh! faid the other, I preach twice

every Sunday, and make nothing of it.

48. One of the aforesaid Levites, as was his Custom, preaching most exceedingly dull to a Congregation not used to him, many of them slunk out of the Church one after another, before the Sermon was near ended. Truly, said a Gentleman present, this learned Doctor has made a

very moving Discourse.

49. The late Duke of Wharton going thro' Holbourn in a Hackney Coach with Phil. F——, faw a Fellow drumming before the Door of a Puppet-Shew, Now this is a pretty Employment, Phil. faid the Duke; if you were reduc'd fo low, that you were obliged to be either a Highwayman or Drummer to a Puppet-Shew, which would you choose? Faith, my Lord, answer'd Phil. I would be the Highwayman rather than the other. Ay,

reply'd

reply'd the Duke, that confirms the Opinion I always

had of you, that you have more Pride than Honesty.

teem'd the wifest Man in the House, has a frequent Custom of shaking his Head, when another speaks, which giving Offence to a particular Person he complain'd of the Indignity shewn to him; but one who had been acquainted with the first Gentleman from a Child, as he told the House, assured them, That it was only an ill Habit that he had got, for the would often shake his Head, there was Nothing in it.

Roger Williams's, the famous Punster and Publican, was boasting of the happy Genius of his Nation, in projecting all the fine Modes and Fashions, particularly the Ruffle, which he said, Was de fine Ornament to the Hand, and bad been follow'd by all de oder Nations. Roger allowed what he said, but observed at the same Time, That the English, according to Custom, had made a great Improvement upon their Invention, by adding the Shirt to it.

Commands with some very pretty young Ladies, was commanded to take off a Garter from one of them; but she, as soon as he had laid hold of her Petticoats ran away into the next Room, where was a Bed: New, Madam, said he, tripping up her Heels, I bar squeaking.

Bar the Door, you Fool, cry'd she.

of Tipperary, having attempted many Ways, in vain, to acquire the Affections of a Lady of great Fortune, at last was resolved to try what could be done by the Help of Music, and therefore entertain'd her with a Serenade under her Window at Midnight, but she order'd her Servants to drive him thence by throwing Stones at him: Ob! my Friend, said one of his Companions, your Music is as powerful as that of Orpheus, for it draws the very Stones about you.

54. Some unlucky Boys, the Scholars of Dr. Bufby, at Westminster, besmeared the Stairs leading to the School with something that shall be nameless; the Doctor, as

it was defigned, befoul'd his Fingers very much in it, which so enrag'd him, that he cry'd out, He would give any Boy Half a Crown that would discover who had a Hand in it; upon which, an arch Boy immediately told him, for that Reward he would let him know who had a Hand in it; Well, said the Doctor, I will certainly give you the Half Crown if you tell me Truth. Why then, answer'd the Boy, you had a Hand in it, or it would not have been so best-t.

55. A very harmles Irishman, eating an Apple-Pye with some Quinces in it; Arrah now, dear Honey, said he, if a few of these Quinces give such a Flavour, how would an Apple-Pye taste that was made of all Quinces?

56. An English Gentleman ask'd Sir Richard Steele, who was an Irishman, What was the Reason that his Countrymen were so remarkable for blundering and making Bulls? Faith, said the Knight, I believe there is something in the Air of Ireland, and I dare say if an Englishman was born there, he would do the same.

57. A Gentleman, who was a flaunch Whig, disputing with a Jacobite, said, He had two good Reasons for being against the Interest of the Pretender: What are those? said the other. The first, reply'd he, is, that he is an Impostor and not really King James's Son: Why that, said the Tory, would be a good Reason if it could be proved; And, pray, Sir, what is your other? Why, said the Whig, that he is King James's Son.

58. A certain Nobleman, a Courtier, in the Beginning of the late Reign, coming out of the House of Lords, accossed the Duke of Buckingham, with, How does your Pot boil, my Lord, these troublesome Times? To which his Grace reply'd, I never go into my Kitchen,

but I dare say the Scum is uppermost.

59. A Gentleman having lent a Guinea for two or three Days to a Person whose Promises he had not much Faith in, was very much surprized to find, that he very punctually kept his Word with him; the same Gentleman being some Time after desirous of borrowing a larger Sum: No, said the other, you have deceived me once, and I am resolved you shall not do it a second Time.

60. My

60. My Lord Chief Justice Holt had fent, by his Warrant, one of the French Prophets, a foolish Sect, that flarted up in his Time, to Prison; upon which, Mr. Lacy, one of their Followers, came one Day to my Lord's House, and defir'd to speak with him; the Servants told him, their Lord was not well, and faw no Company that Day: But tell him, faid Lacy, I must fee him, for I come to him from the Lord God; which being told the Chief Justice, he order'd him to come in, and ask'd him his Business; I come, said he, from the Lord, who hath fent me to thee, and would have thee grant a Noli Prosequi for John Atkins, who is his Servant, and whom thou hast cast into Prison. Thou art a false Prophet, answer'd my Lord, and a lying Knave; for if the Lord had sent thee, it would have been to the Attorney-General, for he knows it is not in my Power to grant a Noli Profequi.

61. A Country Parson having divided his Text under two and twenty Heads; one of the Congregation was getting out of the Church in a great Hurry; but a Neighbour pulling him by the Sleeve, ask'd whither he was going? Home for my Night Cap, answer'd the first,

for I find we are to flay here all Night.

Plays, going by a Brandy-Shop in St. Paul's Church-Yard; the Man who kept it came out to him, and desir'd the Favour of him to drink a Dram; For what Reason? said he. Because you are a Dramatick Poet, answer'd the other. Well, thou art an out-of-the-way Fellow, said the old Gentleman, and I will drink a Dram with thee: But when he had so done the Man asked him to pay for it: 'Sdeath, Sir, said the Bard, did not you ask me to drink a Dram, because I was a Dramatick Poet? Yes, Sir, reply'd the Fellow, but I did not think you had been a Dram o'Tick Poet.

63. Daniel Purcel, the famous Punster, and a Friend of his meeting, and having a Desire to drink a Glass of Wine together, upon the 30th of January, King Charles's Martyrdom; they went to the Salutation Tavern upon Holbourn Hill, and sinding the Door shut, they knock'd at it, but it was not opened to them, only one of the

Drawers

Drawers look'd through a little Wicket, and ask'd, What they would please to have? Why open your Door, said Daniel, and draw us a Pint of Wine: The Drawer said, his Master would not allow of it that Day, for it was a Fast. D—mn your Master, replied he, for a precise Coxcomb, is be not contented to fast bimself, but be must make his Doors sast too.

64. The same Gentleman calling for some Pipes in a Tavern complained they were too short: The Drawer said, They had no other, and those were but just come in. Ay, said Daniel, I see your Master has not bought

them very long.

T

65. The same Gentleman, as he had the Character of a great Punster, was desir'd one Night in Company by a Gentleman, to make a Pun extempore. Upon what Subject? said Daniel: The King, answer'd the other. Oh! Sir, said he, the King is no Subject.

66. An Irish Lawyer of the Temple, having Occasion to go to Dinner, left these Directions in his Key-hole. Gone to the Elephant and Castle, where you shall find me; and if you can't read this, carry it to the Stationer's, and

he shall read it for you.

67. The same Gentleman had a Client of his own Country, who was a Sailor, and having been at Sea for some Time, his Wise was married again in his Absence, so he was resolved to prosecute her, and coming to advise with the Counsellor, he told him, he must have Witnesses to prove that he was alive when his Wise marry'd again: Arrah, by my Shoul, but that shall be impossible, said the other, for my Ship-Mates are all gone to Sea again upon a long Voyage, and shan't return this Twelvemonth. Oh! then, answer'd the Counsellor, there can be nothing done in it, and what a Pity it is that such a brave Cause should be lost now, only because you can't prove yourself to be alive.

by some of his Friends, in a very familiar Posture with a Cook Wench, who was exceeding ugly, was pretty much rallied by them for the Oddness of his Fancy. Why look ye, Gentlemen, said he, altho' I am not a very young Fellow, I have a good Constitution, and am not, I

## 14 JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

I thank Heaven, reduced yet either to Beauty or Brandy to

subet my Appetite:

of the Waterman told him, as they passed by Peter-borough House, at Mill-Bank, that that House had funk a Story. No, Friend, says he, I rather believe it is a Story rais'd.

London one Way, being rebuilt, a Gentleman ask'd another, who liv'd in it? His Friend told him, Sir Robert Grofwenor. I do not know, said the sirst, what Estate Sir Robert has, but he ought to have a very good one, for

no body lives beyond him in the whole Town.

71. Two Gentlemen disputing about Religion in Button's Coffee-house, said one of them, I wonder, Sir, you should talk of Religion, when I'll hold you sive Guineas you can't say the Lord's Prayer; Done, said the other, and Sir Richard Steele here shall hold Stakes. The Money being deposited, the Gentleman began with, I believe in God, and so went cleverly thro' the Creed; Well, said the other, I own I have lost, I did not think be could have done it.

73. Sevan, the famous Punster of Cambridge, being a Nonjuror, upon which Account he had lost his Fellowship, as he was going along the Strand, in the Beginning of King William's Reign, on a very rainy Day, a Hackney Coachman call'd to him, Sir, won't you please to take Coach, it rains hard? Ay, Friend, said he, but

this is no Reign for me to take Coach in.

74. When Oliver first coin'd his Money, an old Cavalier looking upon one of the new Pieces, read this Inscription on one Side, God with use. On the other, The Commonwealth of England. I fee, said he, God and the Commonwealth are on different Sides.

75. Colonel Bond, who had been one of King Charles the First's Judges, died a Day or two before Oliver, and it was strongly reported every where that Cromwell was dead: No, said a Gentleman who knew better, be has only given Bond to the Devil for his farther Appearance.

76. A Welchman bragging of his Family, said, His Father's Essignes was set up in Westminster-Abbey; being asked whereabouts, he said, In the same Monument with

'Squire Thynne's, for he was his Coachman.

77. A Person was saying, not at all to the Purpose, That really Sampson was a very strong Man: Ay, said another, but you are much stronger, for you make nothing

of lugging him in by the Head and Shoulders.

78. My Lord Stangford, who stanmer'd very much, was telling a certain Bishop that sat at his Table, that Balaam's Ass spoke because he was Pri—est—. Priest-rid, Sir, said a Valet-de-Chambre, who stood behind his Chair, my Lord would say. No, Friend, replied the Bishop, Balaam could not speak bimself, and so bis Ass spoke for him.

79. The same noble Lord ask'd a Clergyman once, at the Bottom of his Table, Why the Goose, if there was one, was always plac'd next to the Parson? Really, said he, I can give no Reason for it; but your Question is so odd, that I shall never see a Goose for the future without think-

ing of your Lordship.

to

e

k

y.

n

## 16 JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

81. An arch Wag of St. John's College, Cambridge, afk'd another of the same College, who was a great Sloven, Why he would not read a certain Author call'd Go Clenius?

82. Colonel —, who made the fine Fireworks in St. James's-Square, upon the Peace of Ryfwick, being in Company with some Ladies, was highly commending the Epitaph just then set up in the Abbey on Mr. Purcel's Monument,

He is gone to that Place where only his own Harmony can be exceeded.

Lord, Colonel, faid one of the Ladies, the same Epitaph might serve for you, by altering one Word only:

He is gone to that Place, where only his own Fireworks can be exceeded.

83. After the Fire of London, there was an Act of Parliament to regulate the Buildings of the City, every House was to be three Stories high, and there were to be no Balconies backwards: A Gloucestershire Gentleman, a Man of great Wit and Humour, just after this Act passed, going along the Street, and seeing a little crooked Gentlewoman on the other Side of the Way, he runs over to her in great Haste, Lord, Madam, said he, how dare you walk thus publickly in the Streets? Walk publickly in the Streets! and why not, pray Sir, answer'd the little Woman? Because, said he, you are built directly contrary to Act of Parliament, you are but two Stories high, and your Balcony hangs over your House-of-Ossice.

n

F

ti

K

n

84. One Mr. Topham was so very tall, that if he was now living, when People are so fond of Shews, he might have made a very good one; this Gentleman going

going one Day to enquire for a Countryman a little Way out of town, when he came to the House, he look'd in at a little Window over the Door, and ask'd the Woman, who sat by the Fire, If her Husband was at Home? No, Sir, said she, but if you please to alight and come in, I'll go and call bim.

85. The same Gentleman walking a cross Covent-Garden, was ask'd by a Beggar-Woman for a Half-penny or Farthing; but finding he would not part with his Money, she begg'd, for Christ's Sake, he would give her one of his old Shoes. He was very defirous to know what she could do with one Shoe; To make my

Child a Cradle, Sir, faid she.

86. King Charles II. having ordered a new Suit of Cloaths to be made; just at a time when Addresses were coming up to him from all Parts of the Kingdom, Tom Killegrew went to the Taylor, and ordered him to make a very large Pocket on one Side of the Coat, and one so small on the other, that the King could hardly get his Hand into it; which seeming very odd, when they were brought Home the King ask'd the Meaning of it; the Taylor said, Mr. Killegrew ordered it so; Killegrew being sent for, and interrogated, said, One Potket was for the Addresses of his Majesty's Subjects, the other for the Money they would give him.

87. My Lord B—e, in Queen Anne's Reign, had married three Wives, who were all his Servants; a Beggar Woman meeting him one Day in the Street, made him a very low Curtefy, Ah, God Almighty blefs your Lordship, faid she, and send you a long Life; if you do but live long enough we shall be all Ladies in Time.

88. Tom B—rn—t happening to be at Dinner at my Lord Mayor's, in the latter Part of Queen Anne's Reign, after two or three Healths, the Ministry was toasted; but when it came to Tom's Turn to drink, he diverted it for some Time, by telling a Story to the Person who sat next him: The Chief Magistrate of the City not seeing his Toast go round, called out, Gentlemen, where sticks the Ministry? At nothing, by G—d, says Tom, and so drank off his Glass.

0

91 89. My Lord Craven, in King James the First's Reign, was very defirous to fee Ben Johnson, which being told to Ben, he went to my Lord's House, but being in a very tatter'd Condition, as Poets fometimes are. the Porter refused him Admittance, with some saucy Language, which the other did not fail to return: My Lord happening to come out while they were wrangling, ask'd the Occasion of it? Ben, who stood in Need of No-body to speak for him, said, He understood his Lordship defired to see him. You, Friend, said my Lord, who are you? Ben Johnson, replied the other: No, no, quoth my Lord, you cannot be Ben Johnson, who wrote the Silent Woman; you look as if you could not fay Bo to a Goofe: Bo, cry'd Ben: Very well, faid my Lord, who was better pleased at the Joke than offended at the Affront, I am now convinced, by your Wit, you are Ben Johnson.

he had every Sense in Perfection; No, by G—d, said one who was by, there is one you are entirely without.

and that is Common Sense.

happening to go Thump, Thump, with his great Legs, thro' a Street in Oxford, where the Paviours were at Work, in the Middle of July, the Fellows immediately laid down their Rammers, Ah! God bless you, Master, cries one of them, it was very kind of you to come this Way, it saves us a great deal of Trouble this hot Weather.

92. G—s E—l, who, tho' he is very rich, is remarkable for his fordid Covetousness, told Cibber one Night, in the Green-Room, that he was going out of Town, and was forry to part with him, for Faith be loved him. Ah! faid Colley, I wish I was a Shilling for your Sake: Why so, said the other? Because then, cry'd the Laureat, I should be sure you loved me.

93. Lord C—by, coming out of the House of Lords one Day, call'd out, where's my Fellow? Not in England, by G—d, said a Gentleman who stood

by.

## JOE MILLER'S JESTS. 19

94. Mr. Serjeant G—d—r, being lame of one Leg, and pleading before Judge For—e, who has little or no Nose, the Judge told him, He was afraid he had but a lame Cause of it: Oh! my Lord, said the Serjeant, have but a little Patience, and I'll warrant I prove every Thing as plain as the Nose on your Face.

95. A Gentleman eating some Mutton that was very tough, faid, It put him in Mind of an old English Poet:

Being ask'd who that was, Chau-cer, replied he.

7

1

r

y

is.

is

ne

of

be

d

of

in

bd

r.

96. A certain Roman Catholic Lord, having renounc'd the Popish Religion, was ask'd, not long after, by a Protestant Peer, Whether the Ministers of State or the Ministers of the Gospel had the greatest Share in his Conversion? To whom he replied, That when he renounc'd

Popery, he had also renounced auricular Confession.

one Michael Angelo, in his Picture of the last Judgment, in the Pope's Chapel, painted, among the Figures in Hell, that of a certain Cardinal, who was his Enemy, solike, that every Body knew it at first Sight: Whereupon the Cardinal, complaining to Pope Clement the Seventh, of the Affront, and desiring it might be defaced; You know very well, said the Pope, I have Power to deliver a Soul out of Purgatory, but not out of Hell:

98. A Gentleman being at Dinner at a Friend's House, the first Thing that came upon the Table was a Dish of Whitings, and one being put upon his Plate, he found it stink so much, that he could not eat a Bit of it, but he laid his Mouth down to the Fish, as if he was whispering with it, and then took up the Plate, and put it to his own Ear; the Gentleman at whose Table he was, enquiring into the Meaning, he told him, That he had a Brother lost at Sea about a Fortnight ago, and he was asking that Fish if he knew any Thing of him: And what Answer made he, said the Gentleman? He told me, reply'd the other, that he could give no Account of him, for he had not been at Sea these three Weeks.

I would not have any of my Readers apply this Story as an unfortunate Gentleman did once, who the next

C 2 Day

Day after he had first heard it, was whispering a stink-

ing Rump of Beef, at a Friend's House.

29. A certain Author was telling George Sewel, that a Passage he found Fault with in his Poem might be justified, and that he thought it a Metaphor: It is such a one then, said the Doctor, as truly I never Met-a-fore.

with a Yorksbire Oftler, they fell to bantering him, and told the Fellow, That they would prove him to be a Horse, or an Ass. Well, said the Oftler, and I can prove your Saddle to be a Mule. A Mule! cry'd one of them, how can that be? Because, said the Oftler, it is some-

thing between a Horse and an Ass.

Brecknocksbire, used sometimes to divert himself with Shooting, but being suspected not to be qualified by one of the little Welch Justices, his Worship told him, That unless he could produce his Qualification he should not allow him to shoot there, and he had two little Manors. Yes, Sir said the Englishman, any body may perceive that. Perceive what? cry'd the Welchman. That you have too little Manners, said the other.

fent out of his own Ship of an Errand to another; the two Boys were conferring Notes about their Manner of Living; How often, said one, do you go to Prayers now? Why, answered the other, in Case of a Storm, or the Apprehension of any Danger from the Enemy. Ay, said the sirst, there's some Sense in that, but my Master makes us go to Prayers when there is no more Occasion

for it, than for my leaping over-board.

103. Not much unlike this Story is one a Midshipman told one Night, in Company with my dear Friend Joe Miller and myself; who said, That being once in great Danger at Sea, every body was observed to be upon their Knees but one Man, who being called upon to come with the rest to Prayers: Not I, said he, it is your Business to take Care of the Ship, I'm but a Passenger.

Day from the University of Oxford, espy'd a poor Fellow near Abingdon, asleep in a Ditch, with an As by him,

loaden

loaden with Earthen-Ware, holding the Bridle in his Hand; fays one of the Scholars to the rest, If you'll affift me, I'll help you to a little Money, for you know we are bare at present: No doubt of it they were not long confenting; Why then, faid he, we'll go and fell this old Fellow's Ass at Abingdon, for you know the Fair is To-morrow, and we shall meet with Chapmen enough; therefore, do you take the Panniers off, and put them upon my Back, and that Bridle over my Head, and then lead the Ass to Market, and let me alone with the old Man. This being done accordingly, in a little Time after the poor Man waking, was strangely furprized to fee his Ass thus metamorphosed: Oh! for God's Sake, faid the Scholar, take this Bridle out of my Mouth, and this Load from my Back. Zoons, how came you here, replied the old Man? Why, faid he, my Father, who is a Necromancer, upon an idle Thing I did to disoblige him, transformed me into an As, but now his Heart has relented, and I am come to my own Shape again, I beg you will let me go Home and thank him: By all Means, faid the Crockery Merchant, I don't defire to have any Thing to do with Conjuration; and fo fet the Scholar at Liberty, who went directly to his Comrades, that by this Time were making merry with the Money they had fold the As for: But the old Fellow was forced to go the next Day to feek for a new one in the Fair, and after having look'd on feveral, his own was shewn him for a very good one: Qb, bo! faid he, what has he and his Father quarrelled again? No, no, I'll have nothing to fay to him.

but very little Modesty, having sent for a Linnen-Draper to bring her some Hollands; as soon as the young Fellow entered the Room, Oh, Sir, said she, I find you're a Man sit for Business, for you no sooner look a Lady in the Face, but you've your Yard in one Hand, and are lifting up

the Linnen with the other.

106. A Country Farmer going cross his Grounds in the Dusk of the Evening, espy'd a young Fellow and a Lass very busy near a Five-Bar Gate, in one of his Fields, and calling to them to know what they were C 3 about,

#### 22 JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

about, faid the young Man, No Harm, Farmer, we are

only going to prop-a-gate.

of his Courtiers to knight a very worthless Fellow, of a mean Aspect; when he was going to lay the Sword upon his Shoulder, the new Knight drew a little back, and hung down his Head, as out of Countenance: Don't be aspamed, said the King, 'tis I have most Reason

to be afbam'd.

bleman on an Embassy to Francis I. at a very dangerous juncture, he begg'd to be excus'd, saying, such a threatning Message to so hot a Prince as Francis I. might go near to cost him his Life. Fear not, said old Harry, if the French King should offer to take away your Life, I would revenge you by taking off the Heads of many Frenchmen now in my Power: But of all these Heads, replied the Nobleman, there may not be one to fit my Shoulders.

whom he had employ'd in several Embassies, told him, He look'd like an Owl. I know not, answered the Courtier, what I look like, but this I know, that I have bad the Honour several Times to represent your Majesty's Per-

fon.

don, gaping about in every Shop he came to, at last look'd into a Scrivener's, where seeing only one Man sitting at a Desk, he could not imagine what Commodity was sold there; but calling to the Clerk, Pray, Sir, said he, what do you sell here? Loggerheads, cry'd the other. Do you, answer'd the Countryman, Egad then you've special Trade, for I see you have but one left.

Earl of Rutland, told Sir Thomas Moore, he was too much elated by his Preferment, that he verify'd the old

Proverb,

Honores mutant Mores.

#### JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

No, my Lord, faid Sir Thomas, the Pun will do much better in English,

#### Honours change MANNERS.

Person for his Library Keeper, one said, It was like a

Seraglio kept by an Eunuch.

e

of d

72

15

4

d

y

f

52

ı,

d

-1

-

ft

n

-

d

d

e

d

pedition, there was a Form of Prayer composed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, for the Success of the Fleet, in which his Grace made Use of this unlucky Expression, That he begg'd God would be a Rock of Defence to the Fleet; which occasion'd the following Lines to be made upon the Monument set up for him in Westminster Abbey, he being cast away in that Expedition, on the Rocks called the Bishops and his Clerks.

As Lambeth pray'd, fuch was the dire Event, Else had we wanted now this Monument; That God unto our Fleet would be a Rock, Nor did kind Heav'n the wise Petition mock; To what the Metropolitan said then, The Bishops and his Clerks reply'd, Amen.

one Sunday Evening, and seeing the Parish Boys standing in a Row upon a Bench to be catechized, he gets up himself, and stands in the very first Place; so the Parson of course beginning with him, asked him, What is your Name? Rugged and Tough, answer'd he; Who gave you that Name? says Domine: Why the Boys in our Alley, reply'd poor Rugged and Tough, the Lord d—mn'em.

by his Office a Justice of the Peace, and one who was willing to dispense the Laws wisely, tho' he could hardly read, got him the Statute Book, where finding a Law against firing a Beacon, or causing a Beacon to be fired, after Nine of the Clock at Night; the poor Man

CA

read

read it frying of Bacon, or causing any Bacon to be fry'd; and accordingly went out the next Night upon the Scent, and being directed by his Nose to the Carrier's House, he found the Man and his Wife both frying Bacon, the Husband holding the Pan while the Wife turned it: Being thus caught in the Fact, and having nothing to say for themselves, his Worship committed them both to Jail, without Bail or Mainprize.

hearfal, on a Saturday Morning, the Time when the Actors are usually paid; was asking another, Whether Mr. Wood, the Treasurer of the House, had any Thing to say to them that Morning? No, Faith, Jemy, replied the other, I'm asraid there's no Cole, which is a cant Word for Money. By G—d, said Spiller, if

there's no Cole, we must burn Wood.

Ludgate-Hill, said, He had Occasion for a small Quantity of very fine Lace, and having pitch'd upon that he liked, ask'd the Woman of the Shop, how much she would have for as much would reach from one of his Ears to the other, and measure which Way she pleased, either over his Head, or under his Chin; after some Words they agreed, and he paid the Money down, and began to measure, saying, One of my Ears is here, and the other is nailed to the Pillory in Bristol, therefore I fear you have not enough to make good your Bargain; however, I will take this Piece in Part, and desire you will provide the rest with all Expedition.

being lately dead, and had left a plentiful Estate, one Day being on his Frolics, quarrelled with his Coachman, and said, You damn'd Son of a Whore, I'll kick you into Hell. Will you, reply'd the Coachman, then when I come there I'll tell your Mother how extravagantly

you are spending your Estate upon Earth.

Rome, passed thro' Florence, where he went to pay his Respects to the late Duke of Tuscany. The Duke complaining to him of the Ambassador the State of Venice had sent him, as a Man very unworthy of his pub.

public Character. Your Highness, said he, must not wonder at it, for we have many idle Pates at Venice. So have we, reply'd the Duke, in Florence, but we don't

send them to treat of public Affairs.

poor Scholar; a Gentleman to whom he apply'd him-felf, ask'd him a Question in Latin. The Fellow shaking his Head, said, He did not understand him: Why, said the Gentleman, did not you say you were a poor Scholar? Yes, reply'd the other, a poor one indeed, Sir, for I don't understand one Word of Latin.

piness, or Bliss; when he had done, a Gentleman told him, he had forgot one Sort of Happiness: Happy are

they that did not bear your Sermon.

affirm'd she was but Forty, and call'd upon a Gentleman, who was in Company, for his Opinion: Cousin, said she, do you believe I am in the Right, when I say I am but Forty? I am sure, Madam, reply'd he, I ought not to dispute it, for I have constantly heard you say so, for above these Ten Years.

Man's Name was really *Inch*, who pretended it was *Linch*. I fee, faid the Judge, the old Proverb is verified in this Man, who being allow'd an *Inch* has taken

an L.

0

e r

and told him, That he had brought his Eminence a dainty white Palfry, but he fell lame by the Way: Why then, faid the Cardinal to him, I'll tell thee what thou shalt do; go to such a Cardinal, and such a one, naming half a Dozen, and tell them the same; and so as thy Horse, if it had been sound, could have pleased but One, with this lame Horse thou shalt please half a Dozen.

125. The Emperor Augustus being shewn a young Grecian, who very much resembled him, ask'd the young Man if his Mother had not been at Rome? No, Sir, answered the Grecian, but my Father has.

### 26 JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

país, that he had no Statue erected for him, who had so well deserved of the Common-Wealth? I had rather, faid he, have this Question ask'd, than, Why I had one?

Mantua, brush'd down a Cremona Fiddle, that lay on a Chair, and broke it, upon which, a Gentleman that was present, burst into this Exclamation from Virgil.

Mantua væ miseræ nimium Vicina Cremona.

Ab! miserable Mantua, too near a Neighbour to Cremona.

128. A devout Gentleman being very earnest in his Prayers, in the Church, it happen'd that a Pick-pocket being near him, stole away his Watch; who having ended his Prayers, miss'd it, and complained to his Friend, that his Watch was lost while he was at Prayers, to which his Friend replied, Had you watch'd as well as pray'd, your Watch had been secure; adding these following Lines:

He that a Watch will wear, this must be do, Pocket his Watch, and watch his Pocket too.

very blunt Speaker, asking a young Lady, one Day, What it was o'Clock? She told him her Watch food: I don't wonder at that, Madam, said he, when it is so

near your ---.

Mother to accuse her Husband of Insufficiency, and being in the Court, she humbly desir'd of the Judge, that she might write her Mind, and not be oblig'd to speak it, for Modesty's Sake: The Judge gave her that Liberty, and the Clerk was immediately ordered to give her Pen, Ink, and Paper; whereupon she took the Pen without dipping it into the Ink, and made as if she would write. Says the Clerk to her, Madam, there's no Ink in your Pen. Truly Sir, says she, that's just my Case, and therefore I need not explain myself any farther.

131. A

131. A Lieutenant-Colonel to one of the Irish Regiments in the French Service, being dispatched by the Duke of Berwick, from Fort-Keil, to the King of France, with a Complaint relating to some Irregularities that had happened in the Regiment; his Majesty with some Emotion of Mind, told him, that the Irish Troops gave him more Uneasiness than all his Forces besides. Sir, says the Officer, all your Majesty's Enemies make the same Complaint.

Gentleman who had just received a slight Wound in a Rencounter, gave Orders to his Servant to go home with all Haste imaginable, and setch a certain Plaister; the Patient turning a little pale, Lord Sir, said he, I hope there is no Danger? Yes, indeed is there, answered the Surgeon, for if the Fellow don't set up a good Pair of

Heels, the Wound will heal before he returns.

133. Not many Years ago, a certain Temporal Peer having, in a most pathetic and elegant Speech, exposed the Vices and Irregularities of the Clergy, and vindicated the Gentlemen of the Army from some Imputations unjustly thrown upon them: A Prelate, irritated at the Nature, as well as at the Length of the Speech, desir'd to know when the noble Lord would leave off Preaching? The other answer'd, The very Day he was made a Bishop,

134. It chanced that a Merchant Ship was so violently tossed in a Storm at Sea, that all despairing of Safety, betook themselves to Prayer, saving one Mariner, who was ever wishing to see two Stars: Oh! said he, that I could see but two Stars, or but one of the Two; and of these Words he made so frequent Repetition, that, disturbing the Meditations of the rest, at length one ask'd him, What two Stars, or what one Star he meant? To whom he reply'd, Oh! that I could but see the Star in Cheapside, or the Star in Coleman-street, I care not which.

on a Trial on an Action for Defamation, he being fworn, the Judge bad him repeat the very fame Words he had heard fpoken: The Fellow was loth to fpeak, but humm'd

humm'd and haw'd for a good Space; but being urg'd by the Judge, he at last spoke; My Lord, said he, you're a Cuckold: The Judge seeing the People begin to laugh, call'd to him, and bade him speak to the Jury, there

were twelve of them.

of Henry IV. of France, obtained a Grant from the King, for the Dispatch whereof he apply d himself to the Lord High Chancellor; who sinding some Obstacle in it, the Courtier still insisted upon it, and would not allow of any Impediment. Que chacun se mêle de son Metier, said the Chancellor to him; that is, Let every one medale with his own Business. The Courtier imagining he reslected upon him for his Pimping; My Employment, said he, is such, that if the King were twenty Years younger, I would not exchange it for three of yours.

237. A young Fellow in the Country, after having an Affair with a Girl in the Neighbourhood, cried, What shall we do, Bess, if you prove with Child? O! very well, said she, for I'm to be married To-morrow.

138. A Gentleman faying one Day at Table, that he could not endure a Breast of Mutton: You said so the other Day, cried another, of a Breast of Veal. Very true, answered the First, I do not love the Breast of any Thing but of a Woman, and that goes against my Stomach.

139. A Gentleman in the Country having the Misfortune to have his Wife hang herself on an Apple-Tree, a Neighbour of his came to him, and begged he would give him a Cyon of that Tree that he might graft it upon one in his own Orchard; For who knows, said he,

but it may bear the same Fruit.

140. A Gentlewoman who thought her Servants always cheated her when they went to Billing squee to buy Fish, was resolved to go thither one Day herself; and asking the Price of some Fish, which she thought too dear, she bid the Fish-Wife about half what she ask'd. Lord, Madam, said the Woman, I must have stole it to sell it at that Price, but you shall have it, if you will tell me what you do to make your Hands look so white.

Nothing,

Nothing, good Woman, answer'd the Gentlewoman, but wear Dog Skin Gloves. D-mn you for a lying B-cb, reply'd the other, my Husband has worn Dog-Skin Breeches thefe ten Years, and his A-fe is as brown to violate of a form of that

as a Nutmeg.

141. Dr. Heylin, a noted Author, especially for his Cosmography, happening one Day to lose his Way going to Oxford, in the Forest of Whichwood, being then attended by one of his Brother's Men, the Man earnestly intreated him to lead the Way; but the Doctor telling him he did not know it : How, faid the Fellow, that's very strange, that you who have made a Book of the whole World, cannot find the Way out of this little Wood.

142. Monfieur Vaugelas having obtain'd a Penfion from the French King, by the Interest of Cardinal Richlieu, the Cardinal told him, he hoped he would not forget the Word Pension in his Dictionary. No, my Lord,

faid Vaugelas, nor the Word Gratitude.

143. A melting Sermon being preached in a Country Church, all fell a weeping but one Man, who being ask'd, Why he did not weep with the rest? Oh! faid

he, I belong to another Parish.

144. A Gentlewoman growing big with Child, who had two Gallants, one of them with a wooden Leg. the Question was put, which of the two should Father the Child. He who had a wooden Leg offered to decide it thus; If the Child, faid he, comes into the World with a wooden Leg I will Father it, if not, it must be yours.

145. A Gentleman who had been out a Shooting brought home a fmall Bird with him, and having an Irish Servant, he ask'd him, If he had shot that little Bird? Yes, he told him. Arrab! by my Shoul, Honey, reply'd the Irishman, it was not worth Powder and Shot, for this little Thing would have died in the Fall.

146. The fame Irishmau being at a Tavern where the Cook was dreffing some Carp, he observed that some of the Fish moved after they were gutted and put in the Pan, which very much surprizing Teague; Well, now, Faith, said he, of all the Christian Creatures that ever I faw, this same Carp will live the longest after it is dead.

House to make Water, did not see two young Ladies looking out of a Window close by him, 'till he heard them gigling; then looking towards them, he asked, What made them so merry? O! Lord, Sir, said one of them, a very little Thing will make us laugh.

Story of the Children being devoured by the two She Bears who reviled the old Man, and not much liking his Sermon, some Time after seeing the same Parson come into the Pulpit to preach at another Church, Oh, wh? said he: What are you here with your Bears again?

doubting the Foot of it was boggish, call'd out to a Clown that was ditching, and ask'd him if it was hard at the Bottom. Ay, answered the Countryman, it is hard enough at the Bottom, I'll warrant you: But in half a Dozen Steps the Horse sunk up to the Saddle Skirts, which made the young Gallant whip, spur, eurse, and swear. Why thou Whorseon Rascal, said he to the Ditcher, didst thou not tell me it was hard at the Bottom? Ay, replied the other, but you are not balf Way to the Bottom yet.

Thing that he lent, but nothing that he borrow'd, that

be bad loft balf bis Memory. .

151. One speaking of Titus Oates, said, he was a. Villain in Grain, and deserv'd to be well thresh'd.

was the greatest Usurer in all France, for he had turned all his Estate into Obligations; meaning he had fold and mortgaged his Patrimony, to make Presents to other Men.

whose Country was the best Living; said the Welchman, There is such noble House-keeping in Wales, that I have known above a Dozen Cooks employed at one Wedding Dinner: Ay, answered the Englishman, that was because every Man toasted his own Cheese.

154. The

\*

Contempt, I will not pretend to say how justly, for Jervais, the Painter; and being one Day about twenty Miles from London, one of his Servants told him at Dinner, That there was Mr. Jervais come that Day into the same Town with a Coach and Four. Ay, said Sir Godfrey, if his Horses draw no better than bimself, they'll never carry him to Town again.

birth, For my Part, faid one of them, it is less Tronble to me, than to swallow a poach'd Egg: Then, sure, Madam, answered another, your Throat is very marrow.

Whigs in their Mourning for Queen Anne, all wore Sik Stockings? Because, said she, the Tories were worsted.

on, who was blind with one Eye, said, he would produce nothing but what was ad Rem. Then, said one of the adverse Party, You must take out one of the Glasses of

your Spectacles, which I am fure is of no Ufe.

158. The famous Tom Thynne, who was very remarkable for his good House-keeping and Hospitality, standing one Day at his Gate in the Country, a Beggar coming up to him, cry'd, he begg'd his Worship would give him a Mug of his Small Beer. Why, how now, said he, what Times are these, when Beggars must be Choosers! I say, bring this Fellow a Mug of Strong-Beer.

other Peoples Tables, and was a great Railer, That he never opened his Mouth but to fome body's Cost.

160. Pope Sixtus Quintus, who was a poor Man's Son, and his Father's House ill thatch'd, so that the Sun came in at many Places of it, would himself make a Jest of his Birth, and say, That he was, Nato di Casa illustre, Son of an illustrious House.

many Philosophers, ask'd a prodigal Man for more than any one else: Whereupon one said to him, I fee your Business, that when you find a liberal Mind, you will take the most of him. No, said Diogenes, but I mean to beg of the rest again.

162. A Gentleman speaking of his Servant, said, I believe I command more than any Man, for before my Servant will obey in one thing, I must command him ten Times over.

163. A poor Fellow that was carrying to Execution, had a Reprieve just as he came to the Gallows, and was carried back by a Sheriff's Officer, who told him, He was a happy Fellow, and ask'd him, if he knew nothing of the Reprieve before hand! No, replied the Fellow, not thought any more of it, than I did of my Dying-Day.

a long Conversation betwire two Lovers; What a ideal of Wit, said she, is here thrown array, when two Lovers

are got tagether by themselves; and No-body by?

Brooms, meeting one Day in the Street, one ask'd the other, How the Devil he could afford to under-fell him every where as he did, when he stole the Stuff, and made the Brooms himself? Wby you filly Dog, answered the other, I steal them ready made.

166. An Irishman admiring the stately Fabric of Sta

brought from beyond Sea?

Nobleness of Mind, when the Physician of King Pyrrbus made him a Proposal to poison his Master, by sending the Physician back to Pyrrbus with these memorable. Words: Learn, O King, to make a bester Choice both of thy Friends, and of thy Foes.

trigues upon her Hands, not liking her Brother's extravagant Passion for Play, ask'd him, When he design'd to leave off Gaming? When you cease Loving, said he. Then, replied the Lady, you are like to continue a Gamesser as long as you live.

169. A Soldier was bragging before Julius Cafar of the Wounds he had received in his Face. Cafar knows

ing him to be a Coward, told him, He bad best take Heed the next time be ran away, bow be looked back.

ri

## JOE MILLERIC JAME.

Tiberius, upon the Death of his Father in his Agratu, it was fo long after; that the Emperior hardly thought it a Compliment; but told them; He was likewife forty, that they had loft fo valiant a Knight is Heller, who was flain above a thoughtd Years before, but

more from Fools, than Fools from wife Men learns

ron away full Speed; was afted by one, What was become of that Courage he used so much to talk of It is got, faid he all into my Heels.

of Poets. Why, faid he, I think them the very best Wei-

ters next to those abbravrite in Profe ... d et and and

471

2 1

\*

CTR.

-

5 6

6. 整

pany with some sober People, desired Leave to took the Devil. The Gentleman who sat next him said, He bad no Objection to any of his Lordship's Friends.

Gentleman, who, he faid, had abused him; and halled him false Scot. Indeed, said the Eightsman, I faid no

fuch thing; but that you were a true Scoti too his town

tion at the Bar of the House of Lords, for publishing the Posthumous Works of the late Duke of Backinghon, without Leave of the Family, told their Lordships in his Defence, That if the Duke was living be was for be would readily pardon the Offence.

177. A Gentleman faid of a young Wench, who onflantly plied about the Temple, that if the had as nuch Law in her Head as the had in her Tail, the would

e one of the ablest Counsel in England. 21 03 mid b'Als

D

## W JOE MICHERALEGS

der it i Then, Gid old Jobnfon, Pll give you one; A Fig for the frift were to Part of the add on the pile.

ti 1179: Some Gentlemen going into a Bandy Houf with at Charing O of; found great Fault with the Wine, defending for the Matter of the House, told him, it was fad Stuff, and very weak. It may be for faid be, for my Trade don't depend upon the Strangel of my Wine, but m that of my Tables and Chairs.

of A Gentleman coming to an Inn in Smithfield, and feeing the Offer expert and traffable about the Horfes, alk'd, How long he had lived there, and what Countryman he was? Pfe Yorkshire, faid the Fellow, the the lived Sixteen Years berg. A doubler teplied the Gentleman, that in fo long a Finn, fo, clever a Fellow as you feem to be, have not come to be Mafter of the lan Jelft Ay, answer'd the Offer, but Maifer's Yerkponte with tome tober I copie, defined Leave tootechine

had 181 .. The late Colonel Chartres reflecting on his ill Life and Character, told a certain Nobleman, That if fich a Thing as a good Name was to be purchased, he would freely give roscoo Pounds for one. The Nobleman faid, it would certainly be the worst Money he ever laid out inchis Life. Why fo, faid the bough Co-At Becinfe, miswered the Lardy year small forfeit it districted the Best of the Louis and a West side of

..... A feedy, prior, half-pay Captain, who was much given to blabbing every thing he heard, was told, There but one Secret in the World he could keep, and

that was, othere be ledged of min and and all

od 83 Jack Mor a going one Day into the Apartments at Sr. James's found a Lady of his Acquaintance litting in one of the Windows, who very courteoully afk'd him to fit down by her, telling him there was a Place No, Mudam, faid he, I do not come to Court for be Place , mile i said said to be the said of the B

If the gentle Reader should have a Defire to repeat this Story, let him not make the fame Blunder that a certain English leish, foolish Lord did, who made the dady aft Jack to fit down by her, telling him there was -Rome St or official a believe the pi from As had

184: A certain Ludy of Quality fending her shift Footman to fetch Home a Pair of new Sta charged him to take Couch if it rained; for Feat westing them. But a great Shower of Rain falling, t Fellow returned with the Stays dropping wet; and be severely reprimanded for not doing as he was and he faid, He had obeyed his Orders. How, then, fwered the Lady, could the Stays be wer, if you es Teague, I know my Place hetter, I did not gainlo the Coach, but rode bebind as I always ufed to de and antion

185. Tam Warner, the late Publisher of News Pape and Pamphlets, being very near his End, a Gentlewood in the Neighbourhood fending her Maid to enqu how he did, he bid the Girl tell her Mistress, That he hoped he was going to the New Jerufalen. Ali, dean Sir, faid the, I dore fay the dir of Islington would be you Photocological and state that rother

more good, -

186. A Person faid, The Scotch were certainly the best trained up for Soldiers of any People in the World for they began to bandle their Arms almost as foon as they were born. Of the land and the second and the second

187. A Woman once profesuted a Gentleman for a Rape: Upon the Trial, the Judge asked if the m any Refishance? I cry'd out, and please you my Lurd . faid one of the Withelies, but that was Nine Man the same of the same of

after.

188. A young Lady, who had been married but a short Time, seeing her Husband going to rise pretty. early in the Morning, faid, What, my Dear, are you getting up already? Pray lie a little longer, and it yourfelf. No, my Dear, replied the Husband, I'll get

up and reft myfelf.

189. The Deputies of Rochel attending to speak with Henry the Fourth, of France, met with a Phylician who had renounced the Protestant Religion, and embraced the Popilir Communion, whom they began to revile most grievously. The King hearing of it, told the Deputies he advised them to change their Religion too; For it is a dangerous Symptom, fays he, that your Religion is not long-liv'd, when a Physician has finen it oven

D 2

190. A Frenchman travelling between Dover and w, came into an Inn to lodge, where the Hoft perceiving him a close-fifted Cur, having call'd for nothing but a Pint of Beer and a Pennyworth of Bread, to eat with a Sallad he had gather'd by the Way, refolved to at him for it, therefore feemingly paid him an extraordmary Respect, laid him a clean Cloth for Supper, and complimented him with the best Bed in the House. In the Morning he fat a good Sallad before him, with cold Meat, Butter, &c. which provoked the Monfieur to the Generosity of calling for half a Pint of Wine, then coming to pay, the Host gave him a Bill, which, for the best Bed, Wine, Sallad, and other Appurtenances, he had enhanced to the Value of Twenty Shillings. Vat you mean, fays the Frenchman, Jernie Twenty Shillings! Vat you mean! But all his splutt'ring was in vain, for the Holt, with a great deal of Tavern-Elocution, made him fentible that nothing could be. abated. The Monsieur therefore leeing no Remedy but Patience, feemed to pay it chearfully. After which, he told the Hoft, that his House being so extremely troubled with Rats, he could give him a Receipt to drive them away fo as they should never return again. The Host being very defirous to be rid of those troublesome Guests, who were every Day doing him one Mischief or other, at length concluded to give Monsieur Twenty Shillings for a Receipt; which done, By Gar, fays the Monfieur, you make all de Rats one such Bill as you make me, and if ever dey trouble your House again me will be hang.

and being fet down at Young Man's Coffee house, Charing-Cross, the Driver demanded Eighteen-pence as his Fare. The Justice ask'd him, if he would swear that the Ground came to the Money. The Man said, He would take his Oath on't. The Justice replied, Friend, I'm a Magistrate; and pulling the Book out of his Pocket, administred the Oath, and then gave the Fellow Sixpence, saying, He must reserve the Shilling to himself

for the Affidavit.

192. A Countryman passing along the Strand, saw a Coach overturned, and asking what the Matter was, he

was told, That three or four Members of Parliament were overturned in that Coach. Oh, lays he, there let them lie, my Father always advised me not to meddle with State Affairs.

One faying that Mr. Dennis was an excellent Critic, was answered, That indeed his Writings were much to be valued, for that by his Criticism he raught Men how to write well; and by his Poetry shewed them what it was to write ill; fo that the World was size to

edify by him.

194. One going to see a Friend who had lain a considerable Time in the Marshallea Prison in a starving Condition, was persuading him, rather than run the Hazard of lying again in that miserable Way, if he should get discharged, to go to Sea; which not agreeing with his high Spirit, I thank you for your Advice, replied the Prisoner, but, if I do go to Sea, I am resolved it shall be

upon good Ground.

who, perhaps, was as expert in making Bulls as the most Learned of his Countrymen. My Lord having sent him one Day with a Present to a certain Judge, the Judge in Return sent my Lord half a Dozen live Partridges with a Letter; the Partridges sluttering in the Basket upon Teague's Back, as he was carrying them Home, he set down the Basket, and opened the Lid of it to quiet them, whereupon they all slew away. Oh! the Devil burn ye, said he, I am glad ye are gone; but when he came Home, and my Lord had read the Letter, Why Teague, said my Lord, I find there are half a Dozen Partridges in the Letter: Now, Arrah, dear Honey, said Teague, I am glad you have found them in the Letter, for they are all lost out of the Basket.

Teague to the Side of his Chariot, and bade him tell Mr. Such-a-one, if he came, that he should be at Home at Dinner. But when my Lord was got across the Square in which he lived, Teague came pussing after him, and calling to the Coachman to stop; upon which, my Lord, pulling the String, desired to know what Teague wanted; My Lord, said he, you bade me tell. Mr. Such-a-one,

D 3

if he came, that you would dine at Home; But what

pawn for a Quartern of Gin to the Alebonic, the Man of the House refused to take it. What a Rea, said the Fellow, will neither my Word, nor the Word of God pays with you.

from Clerkenevell, in the first Year of King George I. when the Fellow whom he hired to officiate as his Clerk, was reading a Mittimus to him, coming to dano Domini 1714. How how, faid he, with fome Warmth, and suby not Georgin Domini, fure you forget yourfelf firestress.

ange A little, daftardly, half witted Squire, being once surprized by his Rival in his Mistres's Chamber, of whom he was sorely afraid, desired, for God's Sake, to be concealed; but there being no Closet or Bed in the Room, nor, indeed, any Place proper to hold him, but an India Chest the Lady put her Cloaths in, they lock'd him in there. His Man being in the same Danger with himself, said, Rather than sail, he could creep under the Maid's Petticoats. Ob, you filly Dog, says his Master, abat's the commonest Place in the House.

and The Lord N—th and G—y being once at an Affembly at the Theatre Royal in the Hay Market, was pleased to tell Mr. H—d—gg—r, he would make him a Present of 1001, if he would produce an ugher Face in the whole Kingdom than his, the said H—d—gg—r's, within a Year and a Day. Mr. H—gg—r went instantly and setch da Looking-Glass, and presenting it to his Lordship, said, He did not doubt but his Lordship had Honour enough to keep his Promise.

very amorous Acquaintance of his, after having run through most of her Charms, he came at Length to her Majestic Gait, sine Air, and delicate stender Waist: Hold, says his friend, go no lower if you love me. But, by your Leave, says the other, I bope to go lower if she lover me.

202.

JOE MILLEMMISSO!

202. The old Lord Strong ford taking a Bottle w the Parlon of the Parish, was commending his own Wine: Here, Doctor, faid he, I can lend a Couple of He-ho-ho-hounds to Fra-Fra-France (for his Lording had a great Impediment in his Speech) and have a Ho-ho-hogshead of Wine for them; what do you say to that Doctor? Why replied he, I say that your Lord-

thip has your Wine Dog cheap.

202. The famous Jack Ogle, of facetious Memory. having borrowed on Note the Sum of Five Pounds, and failing in Payment, the Gentleman who had lene the Money, took Occasion indiscreetly to talk of it in the public Coffee house, which obliged Jack to take Notice of it, so that it came to a Challenge. Being got into the Field, the Gentleman, a little tender in Point of Courage, offered him the Note to make the Matter up; to which our Hero readily confented, and had the Note delivered. But now, faid the Gentleman, if we thould return without fighting, our Companions will laugh at us: therefore let us give one another a flight Scratch, and fay we wounded one another. With all my Heart, fays Jack; Come, I'll wound you first; so drawing his Sword, he whipt it thro' the fleshy Part of his Anta-gonist's Arm, 'till he brought the very Tears in his Eyes. This being done, and the Wound ty'd up with a Hand-kerchief: Come, fays the Gentleman, now where shall I wound you? Jack putting himself in a fighting Posture, cried, Where you can, by G—d, Sir: Well, well, says the other, I can swear I received this Wound of you; and so march'd off contentedly,

204. In Eighty Eight, when Queen Elizabeth went from Temple-Bar along Fleet-street, on some Procession, the Lawyers were ranged on one Side of the Way, and the Citizens on the other; fays the Lord Bacon, then a Student, to a Lawyer that flood next him, Do but objerve the Courtiers; if they bow first to the Citizens, they are

in Debt; if to us, they are in Law.

205. Some Gentlemen having a Hare for Supper at a Tavern, the Cook, inflead of a Pudding, had cramm'd the Belly full of Thyme, but had not above half routed the Hare, the Legs being almost raw; which one of D 4

the Company observing, said, There was too much Thyme, (Time) in the Belly, and two little in the

Legs.

in their Lives, nor had any Notion of it, went to the Theatre in Drury-Lane, when they placed themselves sinug in the Corner of the Middle Gallery; the first Music play'd, which they liked well enough; then the Second and Third, to their great Satisfaction: At length the Curtain drew up, and three or four Actors entered to begin the Play; upon which, one of the Countrymen cry'd to the other, Come, Hodge, ler's be going, ma' hap the Gentlemen are talking about Business.

207. Two inseparable Comrades in the Guards in Flanders, had every Thing in common between them. One of them being an extravagant Fellow, and unfit to be trusted with Money, the other was always Purse-bearer, which yet he gained little by, for the former would, at Night, frequently pick his Pocket to the last Stiver; to prevent which, he bethought himself of a Stratagem; and coming among his Companions the next Day, he told them he had bit his Comrade. Any, how? said they; Why, replied he, I hid my Money in his own Pocket last Night, and I was sure he would never look for it there.

Captain of Marines, was quartered at a Village where he buried a pretty many of his Men; at length the Parson refused to perform the Ceremony of their Interment any more, unless he was paid for it, which being told Captain Rooke, he ordered fix Men of his Company to carry the Corpse of the Soldier then dead, and lay him upon the Parson's Hall-Table. This so embarassed the Priest, that he sent the Captain Word, If he would fetch the Man away, he'd bury him and all his Company for nothing.

209. A reverend and charitable Divine, for the Benefit of the Country where he refided, caused a large Causeway to be begun: And as he was one Day overlooking the Work, a certain Nobleman came by; Well, Dotter, said he, for all your great Pains and Charity,

I don't take this to be the Highway to Heaven. Very true, my Lord, reply'd the Doctor for if it had, I should have

wonder'd to have met your Lordship here.

merable Parcel of miraculous Lies, a Person who heard them, without taking upon him to contradict them, told them one of his own: That at St. Alban's there was a Stone Ciftern, in which Water was always preserved for the Use of that Saint; and that ever fince, if a Swine should eat out of it, he would instantly die. The Jesuits hugging themselves at the Story, set out the next Day to St. Alban's, where they found themselves miserably deceived. On their Return, they up braided the Person with telling them so monstrous a Story. Look ye there now, said he, you told me a bundred Lies to other Night, and I had more Breeding than to contradict you; I told you but one, and you have rid twenty Miles to confute me, which is very uncivil.

Day at the Fruitfulness of their Countries, the Englishman said, There was a Close near the Town where he was born, which was so very fertile, that if a Kiboo was thrown in over Night, it would be so cover'd with Grass that it would be difficult to find it the next Day. Splut, says the Welchman, What's that? There's a Glose where hur was born, where you may put your Horse in over Night,

and not be able to find him next Morning.

felling his Load of Hay in the Haymarket, two Gentlemen, who came out of the Blue Posts, were talking of Affairs; one said, That Things did not go right, the King had been at the House, and prorogued the Parliament. The Countryman coming Home, was asked, What News in London? Odd's-beart, said he, there's something to do there; the King has, it seems, berogued the Parliament sadly.

213. A wild young Gentleman having married a very difcreet, virtuous, young Lady, the better to reclaim him, she caused it to be given out, at his Return from his Travels, that she was dead, and had been buried: In the mean Time, she had so placed herself in Disguise,

as to be able to observe how he took the News; and finding him still the same gay, inconstant Man, he always had been, she appeared to him as the Ghost of herself, at which he seemed not at all dismayed; at length, disclosing herself to him, he then appeared pretty much surprized; a Person by said, Why, Sir, you seem more afraid now than before. Ay, replied he, mass Men are more afraid of a living Wife than of a dead one.

Liverpeel, running heedlesly along the Ship's Gunnel, happened to tip over-Board, and was drown'd; being soon after taken up, the Coroner's Jury was summon'd to sit upon the Body: One of the Jurymen returning Home, was call'd to by an Alderman of the Town, and ask'd what Verdick they brought it, and whether they found it Felo de se? Ay, ay, says the Juryman, shaking his Noddle, be fell into the Sea sure enough.

tween the Temple-Gate and Temple-Bar, fixed a Paper up, offering 10 l. Reward to those who took it up, and should return it: Upon which, the Person that had it, came and writ underneath to the following Effect, Sir, Itbank

you, but you really bid me to my Loss.

fome enormous Crime, the Eldest was turned off first, without speaking one Word: The other mounting the Ladder, began to harangue the Crowd, whose Ears were attentively open to hear him, expecting some Confession from him. Good People, says he, my Brother bangs before my Face, and you see what a lamentable Spectacle be makes; in a few Moments I shall be turned off too, and then you will see a Pair of Spectacles.

That Sailors got their Money like Horses, and spent it like Asses. The following Story is somewhat an Instance of it: One Sailor coming to see another on Pay-Day, desired to borrow Twenty Shillings of him. The Monied Man sell to telling out the Sum in Shillings, but a Half Crown thrusting its Head in, pur him out, and he began to tell again; but then an importment Crown-piece was as officious as his Half Brother had been, and again

again interrupted the Tale; so that taking up a Handful ful of Silver, he cry'd, Here, Jack, give me a Handful when your Ship's paid, what a Pox fignifies counting it.

Oh! dear, fays one of the Company, poor Fellow, he died infolvent, and was buried by the Parish. Died in folvent, cries another, that's a Lie, for he died in England,

I am fure I was at bis burying.

219. A humorous Countryman having bought a Barn in Partnership with a Neighbour of his, neglected to make the least Use of it, whilst the other had plentifully stored his Part with Corn and Hay. In a little Time the latter came to him, and conscientiously expostulated with him upon laying out his Money so fruitlessly, Pray Neighbour, says he, ne'er trouble your Head, you may do subat you will swith your Part of the Barn, but I will set mine on Fire.

Respect for, being only an inserior Servant of the Houshold, one Day coming into the King's Presence, his Majesty ask'd him, How his Wife did? who had just before been cut for a Fistula on her Backside. I humbly thank your Majesty, replied Teague, she's like to do well, but the Surgeon says, It will be an Eye-sore as

long as she lives.

wild Spark, that had run thro' a plentiful Fortune, and was reduced to some Streights, was innocently faying to him one Day, My Dear, I want some Shifts sadly. D.-m, Madam, replies he, bow can that be, when we make so

many every Day?

MA

ple-Bar, it occasioned a Stop, so that a Carman with a Load of Cheeses had much ado to pass; and driving just up to the Pillory, he asked, What that was that was wrote over the Person's Head: They told him it was a Paper to signify his Crime, that he stood there for Fargery. Ay, said he, What is Fargery? They answered him, That Forgery was counterseiting another's Hand, with Intent to cheat People: To which the Carman replied,

on the Green with his Mother's Chambermaid, among other little Familiarities, as killing, prefling her Bubbies, and the like, took the Liberty, unawares, to fatisfy himself whereabouts she tied her Garters, and by an unlucky Slip, went farther than he should have done. At which, the poor Creature blushing, cried, Be quiet, Mr. John, I'll throw a Stone at your Head else. Ay, Child, faid he, I'll sling two at your Tail if you do.

Time of the Revolution, Five of the Seven Bishops who were sent to the Tower, declared for his Highness, and the two others would not come into Measures; upon which, Mr. Dryden, said, That the Seven Golden Candle-sticks were sent to be essayed in the Tower, and sive of

them prov'd Prince's Metal.

a March, he ran the Spear of his Halbert into his Throat, and kill'd him. The Owner coming out, rav'd extremely that his Dog was kill'd, and ask'd the Serjeant, Why he could not as well have struck at him with the blunt End of his Halbert? So I would, says he, if he had run at me with his Tail.

Lord Rochester, and others of the Nobility, who had been drinking the best Part of the Night, Killigrow came in. Now, says the King, we shall hear of our Faults: No, Faith, says Killigrow, I don't care to trouble

my Head with that which all the Town talks of.

227. A rich old Mifer finding himself very ill, sent for a Parson to administer the last Consolation of the Church to him: Whilst the Ceremony was performing, old Gripewell falls into a Fit; on his Recovery the Doctor offered the Chalice to him. Indeed, cries he, I can't afford to lend you above Twenty Shillings upon't; I can't upon my Word.

228. A Person who had a chargeable Stomach, used often to asswage his Hunger at a Lady's Table, having promised, one Time or other, to help her to a Husband.

At length he came to her, Now, Madam, lays he, I have brought you a Knight, a Man of Worship and Dignity, one that will furnish out a Table well. Phoo, says the Lady, your Mind's ever running on your Belly.

No. says he, 'tis sometimes running o'your's, you see.

No, fays he, 'tis sometimes running o'your's, you see.

229. One, who had been a very termagant Wise, lying on her Death-Bed, desired her Husband, That, as she had brought him a Fortune, she might have Liberty to make her Will, for bestowing a few Legacies to her Relations. No, by G——d, Madam, says he, you have had your Will all your Life-time, and now I will have mine.

230. When the Lord Jefferies, before he was a Judge, was pleading at the Bar once, a Country Fellow giving Evidence against his Client, pushed the Matter very Home on the Side he swore of. Jefferies, after his usual Way, called out to the Fellow, Hark you, you Fellow in the Leather-Doublet, what have you for Swearing? To which the Countryman smartly reply'd, Faith, Sir, if you had no more for Lying, than I have for Swearing, you might e'en wear a Leather-Doublet too.

231. The same Jefferies afterwards, on the Bench, told an old Fellow with a long Beard, that he supposed he had a Conscience as long as his Beard. Does your Lord-ship, replied the old Man, measure Consciences by Beards?

If so, your Lordship has no Beard at all.

232. Apelles the famous Painter, having drawn the Picture of Alexander the Great on Horseback, brought it, and presented it to that Prince; but he not bestowing that Praise on it which so excellent a Piece deserv'd, Apelles desir'd a living Horse might be brought; who, moved by Nature, sell a Prancing and Neighing, as tho' it had been actually a living Creature of the same Species; whereupon Apelles told Alexander, That his Horse understood Painting better than himself.

233. An old Gentleman who had married a fine young Lady, being terribly afraid of Cuckoldom, took her to Task one Day, and asked her, If she had considered what a crying Sin it was in a Woman to cuckold her Husband? Lord, my Dear, said she, what

do you mean? I never had fuch a Thing in my Head; nor never will. No, no, replied he, I shall have it in

my Head, you will have it somewhere elfe.

234. The Lord Dorfet in a former Reign, was asking a certain Bishop, Why he conferred Orders on so many Blockheads? Ob, my Lord, said he, It is better the Ground should be ploughed by Asses, than lie quite untilled.

fhe had lately fallen into, said to an intimate Friend of her's, Lord! how is it possible for a Woman to keep ber Cabinet untickt, when every Fellow has got a Key to it!

a Lady the Rump of a Fowl, and refusing it, the Lady faid, Pray Mr. Dryden take it, the Rump is the best Part of the Fowl. Yes Madam, said he, and so I think

it is of the Fair.

237. A Company of Gamesters falling out at a Tavern gave one another very scurvy Language: At length, those dreadful Messengers of Anger, the Bottles and Glasses, slew about like hail Shot; one of which, mistaking its Errand, and hitting the Wainscoat, instead of the Person's Head it was thrown at, brought the Drawer rushing in; who cried, D'ye call, Gentlemen to Call Gentlemen, says one of the Standers by, no, they don't call Gentlemen, but they call one another Rogue and Rascal as saft as they can.

Addresses to a married Woman, Pray, Sir, be quiet, said she, I have a Husband that won't thank you for making him a Cuckold. No. Madam, replied he, but

you will, I hope.

ment with another, who would have dissuaded him from some inconsiderable Resolution, said to his Friend, Prithee let him alone, and say no more to him, you see he's bent upon it.

Eoach once, pretty near his Lodgings, and being got on his Legs again, he faid, "Twas the greatest Piece

of Providence that ever befel him, for it had faved him

the Trouble of bilking the Coachman, A History La

241. A vigorous young Officer, who made Love to a Widow, coming a little unawares upon her once, caught her fast in his Arms. Hevdey, said she, what do you sight after the French Way; take Towns before you declare War? No, Faith, Widow, said he, but I should glad to imitate them so far, as to be in the Middle of the Country before you could resist me.

Dr. Ratcliffe had a Garden in common, but with one Gate: Sir Godfrey, upon some Occasion, ordered the Gate to be nailed up. When the Doctor heard of it, he said, He did not Care what Sir Godfrey did to the Gate, so he did not paint it. This being told Sir Godfrey, Well, replied he, I can take that or any Thing but

Physic from my good Friend Dr. Ratcliffe.

Man in the World, being fent for by Sir Edward Seymour, who was faid to be one of the proudest, the Knight received him while he was dressing his Feet, and picking his Toes, being at that Time troubled with a Diabetes, and upon the Doctor's entering the Room, accosted him in this Manner: So Quack, said he, I'm a dead Man, for I piss sweet. Do you, replied the Doctor, then pry'thee piss upon your Toes, for they sink damnably; and so turning round on his Heel, went out of the Room,

Friends, the Nick-Name of Bos, which was a Kind of Contraction of his real Name; when his late Maje-fly conferr'd the Honour of Peerage upon him, a Pamphlet was soon after published, with many sarcaftical Jokes upon him, and had this Part of a Line from Ha-

race as a Motto, viz.

## Optat Epippia Bos-

My Lord ask'd a Friend who could read Latin, What that meant? It is as much as to say, my Lord, said he, that you become Honours as a Sow does a Saddle. Oh! very fine! said my Lord. Soon after, another Friend coming

coming to fee him, the Pamphlet was again spoken of. I would, says my Lord, give five hundred Pounds to know the Author of it. I don't know the Author of the Pamphlet, said his Friend, but I know who wrote the Motto. Ay, cried my Lord, prithee who was it? Horace, answered the other. How, teplied his Lordship, a dirty Dog! is that the Return be makes for all the Services I have done him and his Brother!

245. A wild Gentleman having picked up his own Wife, in Disguise, for a Mistress, the Man, to keep his Master in Countenance, got to Bed to the Maid too. In the Morning, when the Affair was discovered, the Fellow was obliged, in Attonement for his Offence, to make the Girl Amends by marrying her. Well, says he, little did my Moster and I think, lost Night; that we were robbing our own Orchards.

246. One seeing a kept Whore, who made a very great Figure, ask'd, What Estate she had? Oh, says another,

a very good Estate in Tail.

the latter, who was a great Courtier, said, His Adverfary reasoned well, but he bark'd like a Cur. To which the other replied, That Fawning was the Property of a Cur, as well as Barking.

248. Second Thoughts, we commonly say, are best, and young Women, who pretend to be averse to Marriage, desire not to be taken at their Words. One asking a Girl, If she would have him? Faith, no John, says

he, but you may have me if you will.

249. A Gentleman lying on his Death-Bed, called to his Coachman, who had been an old Servant, and said, Ab, Tom, I am going a long rugged Journey, worse than ever you drove me. Oh, dear Sir, replied the Fellow, (he having been but an indifferent Master to him) ne'er let hat discourage you, for it is all down Hill.

250. An honest bluff Country Farmer, meeting the Parson of the Parish in a Bye-Lane, and not giving him the Way so readily as he expected, the Parson, with an erected Crest, told him, He was better sed than taught.

Very true, indeed, Sir, replied the Farmer, for you

teach me, and I feed myself.

been married, without being able to get his Wife with Child; one faid to her, Madam, your Husband is an excellent Arithmetician. Yes, replied she, only he cannot

Multiply.

a piping-hot Apple-pye, putting a Bit into his Mouth, burnt it so that the Tears ran down his Cheeks. A Gentleman that sat by, ask'd him, Why he wept? only, said he, because it is just come into my Remembrance that my poor Grandmother dy'd this Day Twelvemonth. Phoo, said the other, is that all? So, whipping a large Piece into his Mouth, he quickly sympathiz'd with the Boy; who seeing his Eyes brim full, with a malicious Sneer, ask'd him, Why he wept? A Pox on you, said he, because you were not hang'd, you young Dog, the same Day your Grandmother died.

253. A Lady who had married a Gentleman that was a tolerable Poet, one Day fitting alone with him, she said, Come, My Dear, you write upon other People, pr'ythee write something for me; let me see what Epitaph you'll bestow upon me when I die: Oh, my Dear, replied he, that's a melancholic Subject, pr'ythee don't think of it: Nay, upon my Life you shall, adds she;

come, I'll begin,

Here lies Bid :

To which he answer'd,

Ab! I wish she did.

254. A Cowardly Servant having been hunting with his Lord, they had kill'd a Wild-Boar; the Fellow seeing the Boar stir, betook himself to a Tree; upon which his Master call'd to him, and ask'd him, what he was afraid of, the Boar's Guts were out; No Matter for that, said he, his Teeth are in.

255. One telling another that he had once so excellent a Gun that it went off immediately upon a Thief's coming into the House, altho' it was not charged: How the Devil can that be, said the other? Because, said the

F

First, the Thief carried it off, and what was worfe, bet

fore I had time to charge him with it.

256. Some Gentlemen coming out of a Tavern pretty merry, a Link Boy cried, Have a Light, Gentlemen? Light yourself to the Devil you Dog, says one of the Company. Bless you, Master, replied the Boy, we can find the Way in the Dark: Shall we light your

Worlbip thither ?

257. A Person was once try'd at King ston before the late Lord Chief Justice Holt, for having two Wives, where one Unit was to have been the chief Evidence against him. After much calling for him, Word was brought that they could hear nothing of him. No. fays his Lordship, why then all I can say is, Mr. Unit

flands for a Cypher.

258. It is certainly the most transcendent Pleasure to be agreeably furpriz'd with the Confession of Love. from an ador'd Mistress. A young Gentleman, after a very great Misfortune, came to his Mistress, and told her, he was reduc'd even to the Want of five Guineas. To which she replied, I am glad of it with all my Heart. Are you fo, Madam, adds he, suspecting her Constancy; Pray, why so? Because, says she, I can furnish you with Five Thousand.

259. On a public Night of Rejoicing, when Bonfires and Illuminations were made, fome honest Fellows were drinking the King's Health, and Prosperity to England, as long as the Sun and Moon endured. Ay, fays one, and 500 Years after, for I have put both my

(

d

a

tl

cl

fa

fu

li

of

in

in

Sons Apprentices to a Tallow-Chandler.

260. A young Fellow who had made an End of all he had, even to his last suit of Cloaths; one said to him, Now, I hope, you'll own yourfelf a happy Man, for you have made an End of all your Cares. How fo, faid the Gentleman? Because, faid the other, you have nothing left to take care of.

261. Some Years ago, when his Majesty used to hunt frequently in Richmond-Park, it brought such Crowds of People thither, that Orders were given to admit none when the King was there himself, but the Servants of

262. The learned Mr. Charles Barnard, Serjeant Surgeon to Queen Anne, being very severe upon Parsons having Pluralities, a reverend and worthy Divine heard him a good while with Patience, but at length took him up with this Question: Wby do you, Mr. Serjeant Barnard, rail thus at Pluralities, who have always so many

Sine Cures upon your Hands?

263. Dr. Lloyd, Bishop of Worcester, so eminent for his Prophesies, when, by his Sollicitations and Compliance at Court, he got removed from a poor Welch Bishopric, to a rich English one, a reverend Dean of the Church said, That he found his Brother Lloyd spelt

Prophet with an F.\*

employ'd an Attorney, of whom he had a pretty good Opinion, to do some Law Business for him in London, he was greatly surprized, on his coming to Town, and demanding his Bill of Law Charges, to find that it amounted to at least three Times the Sum he expected; the bonest Attorney assured him, that there was no Article in his Bill, but what was fair and reasonable: Nay, said the Country Gentleman, there's one of them I am sure cannot be so, for you have set down three Shillings and sour Pence for going to Southwark, when none of my Business lay that Way; pray what is the Meaning of that, Sir? Oh, Sir, said he, that was for setching the Chine and Turkey, from the Carrier's, that you sent me for a Present out of the Country.

E 2

265.

<sup>\*</sup> Most of the Clergy follow this Spelling.

265. A Gentleman going into a Meeting-House, and stumbling over one of the Forms that were set there, cry'd out in a Passion, Who the Devil expeded Set Forms

in a Meeting-bouse?

266. My Lord Chief Justice Jesseries had a Cause before him between a Jew that was Plaintist, and a Christian Defendant. The latter pleaded, though the Debt was very just, that the Jew had no Right, by the Laws of England, to bring an Action. Well, says my Lord, have you no other Plea? No, my Lord, says he, I insist on this Plea. Do you, says my Lord, then let me tell you, you are the greater Jew of the two.

267. A Butcher in Smithfield, that lay on his Death-Bed, said to his Wife, My Dear, I am not a Man for this World, therefore I advise you to marry our Man John, he is a lusty strong Fellow, sit for your Business. Ob, dear Husband, said she, if that's all, never let it trouble you, for John and I have agreed that Matter al-

ready.

Inn, desir'd his Landlord to sup with him. The Host came up, and thinking to pay a greater Compliment than ordinary to his Guest, pretended to find Fault with the laying the Cloth, and took the Plates and Knives, and threw them down Stairs. The Gentleman resolving not to baulk his Humour, threw the Bottles and Glasses down also; at which the Host being surpriz'd, enquired the Reason of his so doing. Nay, nothing, reply'd the Gentleman, but when I saw you throw the Plates and Knives down Stairs, I thought you bad a Mind to sup below.

269. A Philosopher carrying something hid under his Cloak, an impertinent Person ask'd him, What he had under his Cloak? To which the Philopher answered, I

carry it there that you might not know.

270. When his late Majesty, in coming from Holland, happened to meet with a violent Storm at Sea, the Captain of the Yacht cried to the Chaplain, In sive Minutes, more, Doctor, we shall be with the Lord; The Lord forbid, answered the Doctor.

271. A Gentleman who had been a great Traveller, would oftentimes talk fo extravagantly of the wonderful Things he had feen Abroad, that a Friend of his took Notice to him of his exposing himself as he did to all Companies, and ask'd him the Meaning of it? Why, fays the Traveller, I have got fuch a Habit of Lying fince I have been Abroad, that I really hardly know when I lye, and when I fpeak Truth, and should be very much oblig'd to you, if you would tread upon my Toe at any Time, when I am likely to give myfelf too much Liberty that Way: His Friend promised he would; and accordingly, not long after, being at a Tavern with him and other Company, when the Traveller was, amongst other strange Things, giving an Account of a Church he had feen in Italy, that was above two Miles long, he trod on his Toe, just as one of the Company had ask'd, How broad that same Church might be? Oh, faid he, not above two Foot. Upon which, the Company burfting into a loud Laugh; Zounds, faid he, if you had not trod upon my Toe, I should have made it as broad as it was long.

272. A Justice of Peace seeing a Parson on a very flately Horse, riding between London and Hampstead, said to some Gentlemen who were with him, Do you see what a beautiful Horse that Proud Parson has got, I'll banter him a little. Doctor, faid he, you don't follow the Example of your great Master, who was humbly content to ride upon an Ass. Why really, Sir, replied the Parson, the King has made so many Asses Justices, that an bonest Clergyman can hardly find one to ride if he had a Mind to it.

273. A great deal of Company being at Dinner at a Gentleman's House, where a Silver Spoon was laid at the Side of every Plate, one of the Company watching for a convenient Opportunity, as he thought, flid one of them into his Pocket; but being observed more narrowly than he was aware of, the Gentleman who fat opposite to him, took up another, and stuck it in the Button-Hole of his Bosom? which the Master of the House perceiving, ask'd him, in good Humour, What was his Fancy in that? Why, faid he, I thought every E 3 Man

over-against me, put one in his Pocket.

and Romances in King Charles the Second's Time, ask'd Bishop Wilkins, How she should get up to the World in the Moon, which he had discover'd; for, as the Journey must needs be very long, there would be no Possibility of going through it, without resting on the Way? Oh, Madam, said the Bishop, your Grace has huilt so many Castles in the Air, that you cannot want a Place to bait at.

275. An old Man who had married a young Wife, complained to a Friend, how unhappy he had always been: When I was young, said he, I went Abroad for Want of a Wife; and now I am old, my Wife goes Abroad

for Want of a Hufband.

276. A rich Farmer's Son, who had been bred at the University, coming Home to visit his Father and Mother, they being one Night at Supper on a Couple of Fowls, he told them, that by Logick and Arithmetick, he could prove those two Fowls to be three. Well, let us hear, said the old Man. Why, this cried the Scholar, is one, and this, continued he, is two, two and one, you know, make three. Since you have made it out so well, answered the old Man, your Mother shall have the first Fowl, I will have the Second, and the Third you may keep

yourself, for your great Learning.

277. A young Spark dining at a Friend's House, and having promised a Lady to meet her in the Asternoon, but being obliged to stay and play at Cards, he sent his Man with an Excuse to the Lady, and whisper'd him, that when he came back, he might deliver his Answer before the Company aloud, as if he came from a Gentleman; accordingly away went the Servant, and being call'd in on his Return, well, said his Master, was the Gentleman at Home? Yes, Sir, answered the Man-And what said he, replied the Master? That it was very well, for he was engaged this Evening. And what was he doing? Putting on his Hood and Manteel to go to the Play, Sir, said the Footman.

278.

278. A Gentleman who had a fuit in Chancery, was call'd upon by his Counsel to put in his Answer, for Fear of incurring a Contempt. And why, said the Gentleman, is not my Answer put in? How should I draw your Answer, cried the Lawyer, 'till I know what you can swear? Pox on your Scruples, replied the Client, pry'thee, do you do your Part as a Lawyer, and draw a sufficient Answer, and let me alone to do the Part of a Gentle-

man, and favear to it.

279. A Country Lass with a Pail of Milk on her Head, going to Market, was reckoning all the Way, what she might make of it. This Milk, said she, will bring me fo much Money, that Money will buy fo many Eggs, those Eggs so many Chickens, and, with the Fox's Leave, those Chickens will make me Mistress of a Pig, and that Pig may grow a fat Hog, and when I have fold that, I may buy a Cow and Calf: And then, fays she, comes a Sweetheart, perhaps a Farmer; him I marry, and my Neighbours will fay, How do you do, Goody Such a-one? and I'll answer, Thank you, Neighbour, how do you? But may be my Sweetheart may be a Yeoman, and then it will be, How do you do, Mrs. Sucha-one? I'll fay, Thank you. Oh! but suppose I should marry a Gentleman; then they'll fay, Your Servant, Madam; but then I'll toss up my Head, and say nothing. Upon the Transport of this Thought, and with the Motion of her Head, down came the Milk, which put an End at once to her fine Scheme of her Eggs, her Chickens, her Pig, her Hog, and her Husband.

280. Daniel Purcel, who was a Nonjuror, was telling a Friend of his, when King George the First landed at Greenwich, that he had a full View of him. Then, said his Friend, you know him by Sight? Yes, replied Daniel, I think I know him, but I can't swear to him.

281. An Englishman going into one of the French Ordinaries in Soho, and finding a large Dish of Soop, with about half a Pound of Mutton in the Middle of it, began to pull off his Wig, his Stock, and then his Coat; at which, one of the Monsieurs, being much surprized, ask'd him, What he was going to do? Why, Monsieur, E. 4.

faid he, I mean to strip, that I may swim thro' this Ocean

of Porridge to you little Island of Mutton.

282. A Countryman driving an As by St. James's Gate one Day, which, being dull and restif, he was forced to beat it very much; a Gentleman coming out of the Gate, chidthe Fellow for using his Beast so cruelly; Ob, dear Sir, said the Countryman, I am glad to find my

As bas a Friend at Court.

283. A Lady perceiving her Maid to be with Child, ask'd her, Who was the Father of it? Indeed, Madam, said she, my Master. And where did he get it, said the Lady? In your Chamber, Madam, answered the other, after you were gone to Bed. And why did not you cry out, said the Lady? Indeed, Madam, replied the other, I made no Noise for Fear of awaking you.

284. One Irishman meeting another, ask'd, What was become of their old Acquaintance Patrick Murphy? Arrah, now, dear Honey, answered the other, poor Patty was condemn'd to be hang'd; but he saved his Life by dying

in Prison.

285. Another Irishman getting on a high mettled Horse, it ran away with him; upon which, one of his Companions called to him to stop him: Arrah, Honey, cried he, how can I do that, when I have got no Spurs.

286. An honest Welch Carpenter, coming out of Cardiganshire, got Work in Bristol, where, in a few Months, he had saved, besides his Expences, about Twelve Shilkings; and with this prodigious Sum of Money, returning into his own Country, when he came upon Mile-Hill, he look'd back on the Town: Ah, poor Pristow, said he, if one or two more of her Countrymen were to give hur such another Shake as hur has done, it would be poor Pristow indeed.

287. It being ask'd in Company with my Lord C—d, whether the Piers of Westminster-Bridge would be of Stone or Wood. Ob, said my Lord, of Stone to be sure, for we have too many Wooden Piers (Peers) already at Westminster.

288. When the late Lords L—ch—re and Ca—d—n had a Rencounter in the Upper Park, the first coming Home to his Lady, told her what had hap-

pened, and faid, He was fure he was touched by my Lord C—n's Sword; and stripping himself, desired her to look if he had no Wound or Prick about him; upon which, the good Lady, searching very diligently, told him, She saw but one, and that was a very small one, at the Bottom of his Belly.

289. One telling Charles XII. of Sweden, just before the Battle of Narva, that the Enemy was three to one: I am glad to hear it, answered the King, for then there will be enough to kill, enough to take Prisoners, and enough

to run away.

290. A poor ingenious Lad, who was a Servitor at Oxford, not having wherewithal to buy a new Pair of Shoes, when his old ones were very bad, got them capp'd at the Toes, upon which, being banter'd by some of his Campanions, Why should they not be capp'd, said he, I am sure they are Fellows.

291. The Standers-by, to comfort a poor Man, who lay on his Death-Bed, told him, He should be carried to Church by four proper Fellows: I thank ye, said he,

but I had much rather go by myself.

292. When poor Daniel Button died, one of his punning Customers being at his Burial, and looking on the Grave, cried out, This is a more lasting Button-Hole than any made by a Taylor.

293. One asking a Painter how he could paint such pretty Faces in his Pictures, and yet get such homely Children? Because, said he, I make the sirst by Day-

Light, and the other in the Dark.

294. A toping Fellow was one Night making his Will over his Bottle; I will give, faid he, Fifty Pounds to Five Taverns, to drink to my Memory when I am dead: Ten Pounds to the Salutation for Courtiers; Ten Pounds to the Cafile for Soldiers; Ten Pounds to the Mitre for Parsons; Ten Pounds to the Horn for Citizens; and Ten Pounds to the Devil for the Lawyers.

295. A Gentleman calling for Small Beer at another Gentleman's Table, finding it very hard, gave it the Servant again without drinking. What, said the Master of the House, don't you like the Beer? It is not to be

found

68

found Fault with, answered the other, for one should never

beak ill of the Dead.

296. Some Men and their Wives, who all lived in the same Street, and on the same Side of the Way, being merry making at a Neighbour's House, said one of the Husbands, It is reported, that all the Men in our Row are Cuckolds but one: His Wife soon after being a little thoughtful, What makes you so sad, my Dear said her Husband, I hope you are not offended at what I said. No, replied she, I am only considering who that one can be in our Row that is not a Cuckold.

297. A certain Lord who had a termagant Wife, and at the same Time a Chaplain, who was a tolerable Poet, my Lord desired him to write a Copy of Verses on a Shrew. I cannot imagine, said the Parson, why your Lordship should want a Copy who have so good an Original.

298. A Parson in his Sermon having vehemently inveighed against Usury, and said, That lending Money upon Use was as great a Sin as Wilful Murder; having some time after an Occasion to borrow Twenty Pounds himself, and coming to one of his Parishioners with that Intent; the other ask'd him, If he would have him guilty of a Crime, he had spoke so much against, and lend out Money upon Use. No, said the Parson, I would have you lend it Gratis. Ay, replied the other, but in my Opinion, if lending Money upon Use he as bad as Wilful Murder, lending it Gratis can be little better than Felo-de-se.

299. A Gentleman talking of his Travels, a Lady in Company faid, She had been a great deal farther, and feen more Countries than he. Nay then, Madam, replied the Gentleman, as Travellers, we my lie together by Authority.

300. One ask'd his Friend, Why he, being so proper a Man himself, had married so small a Wife. Why Friend, said he, I thought you had known, that of all

Evils we should chuse the leaft.

301. A Lady seeing a Gentleman dance, found Fault with him, and said, He straddled too much. Ob, Madam, replied the Gallant, if you had that between your

Legs

Legs that I have, you would straddle a great deal more, I

dare fay.

302. A Gentleman speaking of Peggy Y—s, the famous Courtezan, who has always an Abundance of fine Cloaths, said, She was like a Squirrel, for she always covered her Back with her Tail.

303. A Gentleman threatning to go to Law, was diffuaded from it by his Friend, who defired him to confider, for the Law was chargeable: I don't care, replied the other, I will not confider, I will go to Law. Right, said his Friend, for if you go to Law I am sure

you don't consider.

wards Morning, Madam, pretending to be much out of Order, defired to lie on her Husband's Side; the good Man, to humour her, came over, but made some short Stay in the Middle; about half an Hour after, she wanted to come on her own Side of the Bed again; the good Man obliged her the second Time; but, not content with this, a little while after she would needs change Places again: How can it be? said the Husband, Why can't you come the same Way you did before? answered the Wise. No, by my Troth, replied he, I would rather go five Miles about.

305. A certain Lord would fain have persuaded a Dependant on his Lordship to marry his cast-off Mistress, for tho', said he, she has been a little used, when she has got a good Husband she may turn: Ay, but my Lord, replied the other, she has been so much used that I fear

she is not worth turning.

306. One good Housewise, who was a notable Woman at turning and torturing her old Rags, was recommending her Dyer to another, as an excellent Fellow in his Way; That's impossible, said the other, for I hear he is a great Drunkard, and beats his Wise, and runs in every body's Debt. What then, said the First, he may be never the worse Dyer for all these Things, No, answered the other, can you imagine so bad a Liver can die well!

307. A Wench swearing a Bastard Child to a Gentleman in the Country, the Justice having a Respect for the Gentleman's Lady, took upon him to jobe the Gentleman, and ask'd him, Why he would defile his Marriage Bed? There was no Bed in the Case, answered the Gentleman, good Mr. Justice, for it was done in a Field.

308. One wished a young married Man Joy, for she heard his Wife was quick already, she told him. Ay, faid he, quick indeed, for I have been married but Six

Months, and she was brought To-bed Yesterday.

309. A certain Lieutenant of a Man of War, under the Command of the late Lord Torrington, having in the Engagement with the Spaniards in the Mediterranean, one of his Arms shot off within a few Inches of his Shoulder, while the Surgeon was dressing it could not forbear laughing; one standing by, ask'd him the Reafon. Why, said he, I cannot help thinking of a Wish I have often made, that a certain Part about me was as long as my Arm, and now I believe it is three or four Inches longer.

310. A poor Fellow, who growing rich on a sudden, from a very mean and beggarly Condition, and taking great State upon him, was met one Day by one of his poor Acquaintance, who accosting him in a very humble Manner, but having no Notice taken of him, cried out, Nay, it is no great Wonder that you should not know

me, when you have forgot yourself.

Orchard one Night, with Design of robbing a Mulberry Tree, had not been long in it, before one of the Men and one of the Maids came just under the Place where he was, which made him lay as snug as he could 'till the Business they came about was over; when the Chambermaid began to give Vent to those Fears which the Fury of her Appetite would not admit into her Thoughts before. Lord, John, said she, now you have had your filthy Will, what if I should prove with Child, who will take Care of it? There is one above, replied John, I hope will provide for it. Is there so, said the Countryman, but I'd have you to know, that if I provide for any Body's Bastard, it shall be for one of my own begetting.

when Hannibal took it, being envious to see so much Honour done to Fabius Maximus, said one Day in open Senate, That it was himself, not Fabius Maximus, that was the Cause of retaking the City of Tarentum. Fabius said smilingly, Indeed, thou speakest Truth, for hadst theu not lost it, I should never have retaken it.

313. One asking another which Way a Man might use Tobacco to have any Benefit from it: By setting up a Shop to sell it, said he, for certainly there is no Profit

to be had from it any other Way.

314. The same Wagg, an arch one to be sure, said, Taylors were like Woodcocks, for they got their Suste-

nance by their long Bills.

vern, there was a Country Gentleman in the Company, who interrupted all other Discourse, with an Account of his Lands and Tenements; at last, Ben, able to bear it no longer, said to him, What signifies your Dirt and your Clods to us, where you have one Acre of Land I have ten Acres of Wit. Have you so, said the Countryman, good Mr. Wiseacre? This unexpected Repartee from the Clown, struck Ben quite mute for a Time. Why, how now, Ben, said one of the Company, you seem to be quite flung? I never was so prick'd by a Hobnail before, replied he.

316. A Taylor fent his Bill to a Lawyer for Money; the Lawyer bid the Boy tell his Master, that he was not running away, but very busy at that Time. The Boy comes again, and tells him he must needs have the Money. Didst tell thy Master, said the Lawyer, that I was not running away. Yes, Sir, answered the Boy,

but he bade me tell you that he was.

317. A certain ancient Duchess having had a Present made to her of a fine Stallion, going the next Day into her Stable-Yard, ordered him to be brought out for her to see, and then would needs have a Mare brought to him: The Groom asking which? Old Bess, said she, Lord, Madam, answered the Groom, that will be to little Purpose; Old Bess is too old to be with Foal. No Matter

Matter for that, cry'd she, it will refresh the poor old Creature.

By this we may guess what her Grace thought a Re-

freshment for a poor old Creature.

318. A smart Fellow, thinking to shew his Wit one Night at the Tayern, called to the Drawer, Here, Mercury, faid he, take away this Bottle full of Emptiness: Said one of the Company, Do you fpeak that, Jack, of your own Head.

319. An extravagant young Fellow, rallying a frugal Country 'Squire, who had a good Estate, and spent but little of it, faid, among other things, I'll warrant you, that Plate-button'd Suit was your Great Grand-Father's, Yes, faid the other, and I have my Great-

Grand-Father's Lands too.

320. A noify talkative Spark, who had a handsome Place in the King's Revenue, more than he merited, was holding an Argument one Day with a Gentleman at a public Coffee house; the Controversy turned upon some Point of Government, and his Antagonist, who had somewhat galled him by the Strength of his Argument, referred him to fuch a Place in History, where he would find how much he was mistaken in the Dispute. -Phoo, fays he, d'ye think I've no other Bufiness but to read Histories? Faith, fays the other, 'tis Pity you had, 'till you had read more.

321. A Gentleman having fent for his Carpenter's Servant to knock a Nail or two in his Study, the Fellow, after he had done, scratched his Ears, and faid, He hoped the Gentleman would give him something to make him drink. Make you drink, fays the Gentleman, there's a Pickle Herring for you, and if that don't make you

drink, I'll give you another.

322. A young Gentleman having got his Neighbour's Maid with Child, the Master, a grave Man, came to expostulate with him about it. Lord, Sir, said he, I wonder how you could do so: Prithee, where is the Wonder? said the other, if she had got me with Child you might have wonder'd indeed.

323. Alphonfo, King of Naples, fent a Moor, who had been his Captive a long Time, to Barbary, with a confiderable

confiderable Sum of Money to purchase Horses, and to return by fuch a Time. There was about the King Buffoon, or Jester, who had a Table-book wherein he used to register any remarkable Absurdity that happened at Court. The Day the Moor was dispatch'd to Barbary, the faid Jester waiting on the King at Supper, the King called for his Table-book, in which the lefter kept a regular Journal of Absurdities: The King took the Book, and read, How Alphonfo, King of Naples, had fent Beltram the Moor, who had been a long Time his Prisoner, to Morocco, his own Country, with fo many thousand Crowns, to buy Horses. The King turned to the Jester, and ask'd, Why he inserted that, Because faid he, I think he will never come back to be a Prisoner again; and fo you have loft both Man and Money: But. if he does come, fays the King, then your Jest is marr'd: No, Sir, replies the Buffoon, for if he should return, I will blot out your Name, and put in his for a Fool.

324. A Sharper of the Town seeing a Country Gentleman sit alone at an Inn, and thinking something might be made of him, he went and sat near him, and took the Liberty to drink to him. Having thus introduced himself, he called for a Paper of Tobacco, and said, Do you smoke, Sir? Yes, said the Gentleman, very

gravely, any one that has a Design upon me.

to be in a good Humour when he was hungry: For this Reason, his Wife was fain carefully to watch the Time of his coming Home, and always have Dinner ready on the Table; one Day he surprized her, and she had only Time to set a Mess of Broth ready for him; who soon, according to Custom, began to open his Pipes, and maundering over his Broth, forgetting what he was about, burnt his Mouth to some Purpose. The good Wife seeing him in that spluttering Condition, comforted him as follows: See what it is now, had you kept your Breath to cool your Pottage, you had not burnt your Mouth John.

326. The same Woman taking up Dinner once on a Sunday, it happened that the liquorish Plow-Boy, who lay under a strong and violent Temptation, pinch'd off the Corner of a Plumb Dumpling; which his Dame espying.

espying, in a great Rage, laid the Wooden Ladle over his Pate, saying, Can't you stay, Sirrah, 'till your Betters are served before you? The Boy clapping his Hand to his Head, and seeing the Blood come, 'Tis very hard, said he. So it is, Sirrah, said she, or it had not broke my Ladle.

327. Three Gentlemen being at a Tavern, whose Names were Moore, Strange, and Wright: Said the last, there is but one Cuckold in Company, and that is Strange! Yes, answered Strange, there is one Moore:

Ay, faid Moore, that's Wright.

his Wallet by a Wood Side, and set down to Dinner; no sooner had he said Grace, but three Wolves came about him. To one he threw Bread, to another Meat, 'till his Provender was all gone.—At length he took up his Bag-pipes, and began to play, at which the Wolves ran away.—Ihe Deel faw me, said Sawney, an I had keen'd you low'd Musick so, ye should have had it before Dinner.

in a scotting Manner, Who was his Father? Cicero replied, Thy Mother has made that Question harder for thee

to answer.

330. The Arch-Duke of Austria having been forced to raise the Siege of a Town called Grave, in Holland, and to retreat privately in the Night: Queen Elizabeth said to his Secretary here, — What, your Master is

risen from the Grave without Sound of Trumpet.

331. Soon after the Death of a great Officer, who was judg'd to have been no great Advancer of the King's Affairs; the King said to his Sollicitor Bacon, who was Kinsman to that Lord; Now, Bacon, tell me truly, What say you of your Cousin? Mr. Bacon answered,

Since your Majesty charges me to speak, I will deal plainly with you, and give you such a Character of him, as though I was to write his Story,—I do think he was no sit Counsellor to have made your Affairs better, yet he was sit to have kept them from growing worse. O my Saul, quoth the King, in the first thou speak's like a true Man; and in the latter like a Kinsman.

mellon livar byro-

How far it was to such a Town? They told him, Six Miles. Half an Hour after, he ask'd again; one said, Six Miles and a Half: He alighted out of his Coach, and went under the Shoulder of one of the Led-Horses.

When some ask'd his Majesty what he meant? I must stalk, said he, for yonder Town is sby, and slies me.

333. Lawyers and Chambermaids, faid a wicked young Fellow, are like Balaam's Afs, They never speak

unless they see an Angel.

334. One being at his Wife's Funeral, and the Bearers going pretty quick along, he cry'd out to them, Don't go so fast; What need we make a Toil of a Pleasure?

335. A Country 'Squire being in Company with his Mistress, and wanting his Servant, cry'd out, Where is this Blockhead? Upon your Shoulders, said the Lady.

336. A Philosopher being ask'd, Why learned Men frequented rich Men's Houses, but rich Men seldom visited the Learned, ——Answered, That the first knew

what they wanted, but the latter did not.

337. Among the Articles exhibited to King Henry by the Irish, against the Earl of Kildare, the last concluded thus: —— And finally all Ireland cannot rule the Earl. Then, said the King, the Earl shall rule all Ireland: And

fo made him his Deputy.

338. Some Divines make Use of the Fathers and Councils, as Beaus do of their Canes, not for Support or Desence, but meer Shew and Ornament. Is not one good Argument worth a thousand Citations? To quote St. Gregory, St. Austin, or any other Rubric Saint, to prove any such important Truth as this: That Virtue is commendable, and all Excess is to be avoided, is like sending for the Sheriff to come with his Posse Commitatus, to disperse a few Boys that are robbing an Orchard.

339. Plutarch used to say of Men of small Capacities put into great Places, like some of our late Ambassadors, that they were like little Statues set upon great Pillars,

made to appear the less by their Advancement.

340. A young Fellow being told that his Mistress was married, to convince him of it, the Gentleman who told him, said, He had seen the Bride and Bride-

groom.

groom. Pr'ythee, said the forsaken Swain, do not call them by those Names, I cannot bear to hear them.

Shall I call them Dog and Cat, answered the other? Ob, no, for Heaven's Sake, reply'd the first, that sounds ten Times more like Man and Wife than t'other.

341. Some thievish Fellows being at a Tavern, they agreed among themselves to steal the Silver Cup that was brought up to them; and when they were going by the Bar, You are welcome, Gentlemen; kindly welcome, cry'd my Landlord. Ab, said the Fellow with the Cup

to himfelf, I wift we were well gone too.

342. A Sea Officer, who, for his Courage in a former Engagement, where he had loft his Leg, had been preferr'd to the Command of a good Ship; in the Heat of the next Engagement, a Cannon-Ball took off his Wooden Deputy, so that he fell upon the Deck: A Seaman, thinking he had been fresh wounded, called out for the Surgeon. No, no, said the Captain, the Carpenter will do.

343. A Gentleman faying he had bought the Stockings he had on, in Wales. Really, Sir, answered another, I thought so, for they seem to be Well-chose, i. e.

Welch-hofe.

344. A Nobleman, in a certain King's Reign, being appointed Groom of the Stole, his Majesty took Notice to him of the odd Sort of Perukes he used to wear, and desired he would now get something that was graver, and more suitable to his Age, and the high Office he had conferred on him: The next Sunday his Lordship appear'd at Court in a very decent Peruke, which being observed by another Nobleman, samous for the Art of Punning, he came up to him, and told him, That he saw he was obliged to alter his Locks now he had got the Key\*.

Commission, constituting him Captain of the Eleanor Fireship, was the same Evening passing Home to his Lodgings, when a fine Madam meeting him in the Street, earnestly

<sup>\*</sup> The Groom of the Stole wears a Gold Key, tied with a blue Ribbon, at his left Pocket.

neftly intreated the Favour of a Glass of Wine; the Baronet cursing her for a filly Whore, faid, He was well

content with one Firefbip in one Day.

346. A Gentleman named Ball being about to purchase a Cornecy in a Regiment of Horse, was presented to the Colonel for Approbation, who being a Nobleman, declared he did not like the Name, and would have no Balls in his Regiment. Nor Powder neither, said the Gentleman, if your Lordship could belp it.

347. Two Irishmen having travelled on Foot from Chester to Barnet, were consoundedly tired and satigu'd with their Journey; and the more so, when they were told they had still about ten Miles to London. By my Shoul and St. Patrick, cries one of them, it is but single

Miles a piece, let's e'en walk on.

348. Young Fellows, faid a mettled Girl, are generally in the Wrong, so very impudent that they are

nauseous, or so modest that they are useless.

349. Married Women, faid one, usually shew all their Modesty the first Day, as married Men shew all their Love the first Night.

350. For a King to engage his People in a War, to carry off every little Humour in the State, is like a Phyfician's ordering his Patient to be flux'd for a Pimple.

351. A Waterman belonging to the Tower, being put, by one of the Players, into the Upper Gallery in Covent-Garden Playhouse, the Fellow, not being very sober, and falling asseep, tumbled into the Pit; but having the old Proverb on his Side, received little or no Hurt. And being told, by some of his Companions, that he was now free of the House, he went to Mr. Rich to put in his Claim, who very readily allowed it, with this Proviso, That he should always go out the same Way as he did at this Time.

Bawdy-House, formerly in Salisbury Court, and having remembred to forget his Errand, when he came into the Neighbourhood, he said, He wanted a Bedfordbire Woman, but had forgot her Name.—Forgot her Name, said one, then who the Devil should tell you any Thing of her? Now you name the Devil, said the

F 2

Fellow.

Fellow, you have brought it into my Head? it is the Sign of the Angel: Nay, answered another, if you had named

the Devil at first, we had fent you thither.

353. An amorous young Fellow, who designed a Favour to his Neighbour's Wife, the Chambermaid came running in, and told them her Master was at the Door: 'Sdeath, said the Lover, can't I get out thro' the Parlour Window. No, no, replied the Girl, there are some Iron Bars there; but if you will run up three Pair of Stairs, you may jump out of the Garret Window easy enough.

354. Mr. Pope being at Dinner with a noble Duke, had his own Servant in Livery waiting on him: The Duke ask'd him, Why he, that eat mostly at other People's Tables, should be such a Fool as to keep a Fellow in Livery only to laugh at him? 'Tis true, the Poet answered, he kept but one to laugh at him; but his Grace

had the Honour to keep a Dozen.

355. An Irifo Fellow, vaunting of his Birth and Family, affirmed, That when he came first to England, he made such a Figure, that the Bells rang thro' all the Towns he passed to London: Ay, said a Gentleman in Company, I suppose that was because you came up in a Waggon with a Bell-Team.

356. One meeting an old Acquaintance, whom the World had frowned upon a little, asked him, Where he liv'd? Where I live, said he, I don't know; but I starte

down towards Wapping and that Way.

357. Two Country Attornies overtaking a Waggoner on the Road, and thinking to break a Joke upon him, ask'd him, Why his Fore-Horse was so fat, and the rest so lean? The Waggoner knowing them to be Limbs of the Law, answered them, That his Fore-Horse was

a Lawyer, and the rest were his Clients.

358. An old Bawd being carried before Justice M—sfor keeping a disorderly House, strongly denied all that was charged upon her: Housewise! Housewise! said the Justice, how have you the Assurance to deny it; you do keep a Bawdy-House, and I will maintain it. Will you? reply'd the old Lady, the Lord bless you! I always beard you were a kind-bearted Gentleman.

Witness was produced who had a very red Nose, and one of the Counsel, a good impudent Fellow, being desirous to put him out of Countenance, called out to him, after he was sworn, Well, let's hear what you have to say with your Copper-Nose: Wby, Sir, said he, by the Oath I bave taken, I would not exchange my

Copper-Nose for your Brazen-Face.

36d. A Gentleman in the Country who had three Daughters, discoursing one Evening on rural Affairs, and the Nature of Vegetation, ask'd one of his Daughters what Plant or Herb she thought grew the fastest? The young Lady replied, Afparagus; Then he alk'd the Second, she answered, A Pompion, or Gourd: And when the same Question was put to the Youngest, she reply'd, The Pommel of a Saddle; which very much furprizing the old Gentleman, he defired to know what she meant, and how she could make it out: Why, said she, when I was one Day riding behind our John, and the Ways being fo rough that I was afraid I should fall off, he cry'd, Miss, put your Hand about my Waist, and lay hold of the Pommel of the Saddle; and I am fure, Pappa, when I first took hold of it, it was not much bigger than my Finger; and, in less than a Minute, it was thicker than my Wrist.

361. A Gentleman having received some Abuse in passing through one of the Inns of Chancery, from some of the impudent Clerks, he was advised to complain to the Principal, which he did accordingly, and coming before him, accosted him in the following Manner; I have been grossy abused here by some of the Rascals of this House, and understanding you are the Principal, I am come

to acquaint you with it.

362. An old Roundhead in Oliver's Time, complaining of some heavy Rain that fell, said a Cavalier, standing by, What unreasonable Fellows you Roundheads are, who will neither be pleased when God rains, nor when the King reigns.

363. An old Cavalier told a great Rumper, that he faw his Master Oliver hang'd, and he stunk damnably.

Ay, said the last, no doubt but he stunk after he bad been

dead fo long, but he would have made you flink if he had been alive.

or Learning, being alk'd in Company, How he came to take it into his Head to enter into the Ministry of the Church? Because, said he, the Lord had Need of me. That may be, replied a Gentleman present, for I have

often read that the Lord had once Need of an Afs.

low, going into a Bookseller's Shop with a Relation, who went thither to buy something he wanted, seeing his Cousin look into a particular Book, and smile, ask'd him, What there was in that Book that made him smile? Why, answered the other, this Book is dedicated to you, Cousin Jack: Is it so, said he, pray let me see it, for I never knew before that I had such an Honour done to me: Upon which, taking it into his Hand, he found it to be Perkin's Catechism, dedicated to all ignorant Persons.

366. There was a short Time when Mr. Handel, not-withstanding his Merit, was deserted, and his Opera at the Hay Market neglected almost by every body but his M—y, for that of Porpora at Lincoln's-Inn Fields; at this Time another Nobleman asking the Earl of C—d if he would go one Night to the Opera? My Lord ask'd, Which? Oh, to that in the Hay-Market, answered the other. No, my Lord, said the Earl, I have no Occasion for a private Audience of bis M—y To-Night.

367. Some Scholars, on a Time, going to steal Coneys, by the Way they warned a Novice amongst them to make no Noise, for Fear of spoiling their Game: But he no sooner espied some, but he cried out aloud, Ecce Conniculi multi. Whereupon the Coneys ran with all Speed into their Burrows; upon which his Fellows chiding him; Who the Devil, says he, would have thought that the Coneys understood Latin?

368. A Fellow and a Wench being taken in comical Circumstances in a Pound, and brought before a Justice of Peace; but both averning their Innocence, the Justice called the Wench aside, and promised her, if she would confess, she should go free for that Fact; upon

which.

which, she owned the Truth, and the Fellow was sent to Prison: But upon taking her Leave, the Justice called the Wench back again, and asked her, What the Fellow gave her? If it please your Worship, said she, Helf a Crown. Truly Woman, answered he, that does not please me; and the for the Rass you have confessed, I have acquitted you, as I promised; yet I must commit you for such Extertion, as taking Half a Crown in the Pound.

long from his Wife upon the Circuit, laying, In his Absence she might want due Benevolence: I shall give her Use for that, answered the Lawyer, at my Return; and put the Case any one owed you you life! Bounds, would you not rather have it in a Lump, than Shilling by Shilling? It is true, replied the other, nost People would rather have their Money all together; but yet it would wex you if your Wife should want a Shilling in your Absence and be forced to borrow it.

370. A Drunken Fellow having fold all his Goods, to maintain himself at his Pot, except his Feather-Bed, at last made away with that too; when being reproved for it by some of his Friends; Why, said he, I am very well, thank God; and Why should I keep my Bed.

371. An old Lady meeting a Cambridge Man, ask'd him, How her Nephew behaved himself? Truly, Madam, says he, he's a brave Fellow, and sieks close to Catharine-Hall\*. I vow, said she, I fear'd as much, be was always bankering after the Wenches from a Boy.

372. A Boy driving a Sow and Pigs along the Road, was met by a Gentleman riding by, who observing they were fine ones, ask'd the Boy, Whose Pigs they were; The Sow's, reply'd the Boy.—Ay, says the Gentleman. But whose Sow is it? My Father's, says the Boy. And, pr'ythee, says the Gentleman, Who is thy Father's If you please to look after my Sow and Pigs, replies the Boy, I'll go and ask my Mother.

Sum of Money, fent to an Acquaintance, who had often

professed a great Friendship for him, to beg he would bail him; the other told him, That he had promifed never to be Bail for any body; but with much Kindness said, I'll tell you what you may do, you may get

fomebody elfe if you can.

374. In a Town where there had been a remarkable Slaughter of Maidenheads, and as great a Propagation of Horns, by a small Body of Red Coats, which had been quarter'd there; one was faying, That he wondered why the Women were fo fond of Soldiers! Phoo. fays another, I don't wonder at it; the Gentlemen in Red, and their Brethren in Black have, for many Ages, been in Possession of the Sex; the latter, upon Account of their Secrecy, and the other, from the heroic Performances they may expect from them. In fine, adds he, Women are like Mackarel, bait but a Hook with a Piece of Scarlet Cloth, and you infallibly take them.

375. When King Charles the First was in great Anxiety about figning the Warrant for the Earl of Strafford's Execution, faying, It was next to Death to part with fo able a Minister, and so loyal a Subject, a certain Favourite of the King's flanding by, foon refolved his Majesty, by telling him, That in fuch an Exigence, a Man bad better part with bis Crutch than bis

Leg.

376. A Complaint being made to the Court of Spain of a certain Viceroy of Mexico, the Secretary of State, who was his Friend, wrote him Word, That he was accused at Court of having extorted great Sums of Money from the People under his Government; Which, faid the Secretary, I bope in God is true, or else you are undone.

377. Some rattling young Fellows from London putting into a Country Inn, feeing a plain rough-hewn Farmer there; fays one of them, You shall see me dumbfound that Countryman: - So coming up to him, he gives his Hat a Twirl round, faying, There's Half a Crown for you, Countryman. The Farmer, after

73

recovering a little from his Surprize, rear'd his Oaken Towel, and furveying him very gravely, gave him two very handsome Drubs on the Shoulder, saying, I thank you for your Kindness, Friend, there's two Shillings of your

Money again.

378. One of the aforesaid rattling Blades having been once a little kick'd for his Impertinence, demanded of his Benefactor, with a bluff Face, Whether he was in Earnest, or not? Yes, Faith, said the other, in very good Earnest, laying his Hand on his Sword——Say ye so, reply'd he, I'm glad of that with all my Heart, for I don't like such Jests.

379. A Person being driven by a Shower of Rain, one Sunday Morning, into Chelsea-College Chapel, the Minister was furiously inveighing against Covetousness: The Gentleman afterwards meeting the Parson, I fancy Doctor, said he, before your Congregation, it would have been more edifying to have preach'd against pil-

fering, and robbing of Hen-roofts.

380. A Poet going over Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, one, who pretended to be a poor maim'd Soldier, begg'd his Charity. The Poet alk'd him by what Authority he went a Begging? I have a Licence for it, answered the Soldier. Licence, faid the Poet! Lice thou may'st have but Sense thou can'st have none, to beg of a Poet.

381. At the Masquerade in the Hay-Market, one appearing in the Habit of a Bishop, another, for the Jest's Sake, bow'd his Knee to ask Blessing, The former laying his Hand on his Head, very demurely said, Prythee

rife, there's nothing in't indeed, Friend.

382. A certain humorous old Knight, named Sir Sampson, thinking to recommend himself to the Favour of a fine young Lady, in the Way of Marriage, said in the Conclusion of his Compliments. —— Od, Madam, we Sampsons were strong Dogs from the Beginning. Take Care, Sir Sampson, replied the young Lady —— Remember the Strongest of your Name pull dan old House o'er his Head.

383. A Parson thinking to banter an honest Quaker, ask'd him, where his Religion was before George Fox's Time? where thine was, says the Quaker, before

Harry

## 24 JOE MILLER'S JESTS

Harry Tudor's Time. Now thou hast been free with me, added the Quaker, pr'ythee let me ask thee a Question.

Where was Jacob going when he was turned of Ten Years of Age; Can'st thou tell that? No, said the Parson, nor you neither, I believe. Yes I can, replies the Quaker, he was going into his Eleventh Year; was be not?

384. A Country Fellow that had served several Years in the Army Abroad, when the War was over, coming Home to his Friends, was receiv'd among them with great Rejoicing; who heard, with no small Pleasure, the miraculous Stories he related.—Well, said the old Father, and pr'ythee, Jack, what did'st learn there? Learn, Sir, why I learnt to know, That when I turned my Shirt, the Lice had a Day's March to my Skin

again.

386. Emilia, says one, give her her Due, has the best Reputation of any young Woman in Town, who has Beauty enough to provoke Detraction: I grant you, replies another, her Virtue and Discretion are sufficient to keep her from being corrupted by any Thing but a Husband. How! a Husband, says the former. Yes, a Husband, answered the other,—I bave known many a Woman make a Difficulty of losing a Maidenbead, who

bave made none afterwards of making a Cuckold.

387. A Person having been put to great Shifts to get Money to support his Credit; some of his Creditors at length sent him Word, that they would give him Trouble. Pox, says he, I have had Trouble enough to borrow the Money, and had not need be troubled to pay it again.

388. A Country Woman being sick, bequeath'd her Sow with Pig to the Parson, who thinking she would hardly recover, came soon after, and took the Sow away. The good Wife recovering, ask'd for her Sow, and being told the Parson she had left it to came, when she was very bad, and had taken her away: Blass w, says she, the Parson is worse than the Devil, for one may call upon him twenty Times to take one before he'll do it; but I did but once bid the Parson take my Sow, and he setch'd her immediately.

389. Queen Elizabeth seeing a Gentleman in her Garden, who had not felt the Effect of her Favours so soon as he expected, looking out of her Window said to him in Italian, What does a Man think of, Sir Edward, when he thinks of nothing? After a little Pause, he answer'd, He thinks, Madam, of a Woman's Promise. The Queen shrunk in her Head, but was heard to say, Well, Sir Edward, I must not consute you: Anger makes dull

Men witty, but it keeps them poor.

390. A Lady, whose Beauty was very much upon the Decline, having sent her Picture to a Gentleman that was to come a wooing to her, bid her Chambermaid, when she was going to dress her, take Care in repairing her Decays a little, or she should not look like her Picture. I awarrant you, Madam, says she, laying on the Bavarian Red, a little Art once made your Picture like you, now a little of the same Art shall make you like your Picture; Your Picture must sit to you.

391. A beautiful young Lady, but extremely fanciful and humorous, being on the Point of refigning herfelf into the Arms of her Lover, began to enter on Conditions, that she expected should be observed after the Articles were fign'd and executed.—Among the rest, says she, positively, I will lie in Bed as long as I please in a Morning: With all my Heart, Madam, says he are sided large set at the I bease.

he, provided I may get up ruben I please.

Fellow at his Lodgings, where he was terribly afraid to have his Landlady hear; she began to open her Quail Pipes at a great Rate; but was presently seiz'd with a Fit of Coughing. Lord, says she, I have got such a Cold I can hardly speak. Nay, as to that, says he, I don't care how softly you speak. Don't tell me of speaking softly, says she, let me have my Money, or I'll take the Law of you.——Do, says he, then you'll be forc'd to hold your Tongue, for the Law allows no Body to scold in their own Cause.

393. One who had married a light heel'd Wife, inflead of an innocent Country Girl, which he took her
for, was feverely rallied, upon the Discovery, by his
Acquaintance. Among the rest, a young Lady having
been very severe with him, he called to her Lover,
who was present, saying, Sir, take off your Wasp, I'll
have a Fly-slap esse: — You'll have Occasion for't, says

the, your Wife bas been blown upon.

394. Some Persons talking of a fine Lady that had many Suitors: Well, says one among them, you may talk of this great Man, and that great Man, of this Lord, and t'other Knight; but I know a Fellow without a Foot of Estate, that will carry her before them all. Phoo, damme, that's impossible, says another, unless you mean her Coachman.

395. A Woman may learn one useful Hint from the Game of Back-gammon, which is not to take up her Man 'till she is sure of binding him.——Had poor M——d thought of this, when she had once gain'd her Point, she would never afterwards have made such a

Blot in her Tables.

396. Count Gondemar, the Spanish Ambassador here, in Queen Elizabeth's Time, sent a Compliment to the Lord St. Albans, with whom he liv'd in no good Terms, wishing him a merry Easter. My Lord thank'd the Messenger, and said, he could not requite the Count better, than by wishing him a good PASS-OVER.

397. A certain Philosopher, when he saw Men in a hurry to finish any Matter, us'd to say, Stay a little, that

we may make an End the fooner.

398. Sir Francis Bacon was wont to fay of a passionate Man, who suppress'd his Anger, that be thought averse than he spoke; and of an angry Man, that would vent his Passion in Words, That be spoke worse than be thought.

399. The fame Gentleman us'd to fay, that Power in an ill Man, was like the Power of a Witch, he could do Harm, but no Good; as the Magicians, fays he, could turn Water into Blood, but could not turn Blood

into Water again.

400. He was likewise wont to commend much the Advice of a plain old Man at Buxton, who fold Brooms. A proud lazy young Fellow came to him for a Beefom upon Truft, to whom the old Man faid, Friend, baft thou no Money? borrow of thy Back and of thy Belly, they Il ne'er alk thee for't; I shall be dunning thee every Day.

401. When Recruits were raising for the late Wars. a Serjeant told his Captain that he had got him a very extraordinary Man: Ay, fays the Captain, prythee what's he? A Butcher, Sir, replies the Serjeant, and your Honour will have double Service of him, for we had

two Sheep-stealers in the Company before.

402. A harmless Country Fellow having commenced a Suit against a Gentleman that had beat down his Fences, and spoil'd his Corn; when the Affizes grew near, his Adversary brib'd his only Evidence to keep out of the Way: Well, fays the Fellow, I'm refolv'd I'll up to Town, and the King shall know it: The King know it, fays his Landlord, who was an Attorney, pr'ythee what Good will that do you, if the Man keeps out of the Way? Wby, Sir, Jays the poor Fellow, I have beard you say the King could make a Man A PEER at any Time.

403. One speaking of an agreeable young Fellow, faid, He had Wit enough to call his Good-nature in Question, and yet Good-nature enough to make his

Wit suspected.

404. To what an Ebb of Taste are Women fallen, that it should be in the Power of a lac'd Coat and a Feather to recommend a Gallant to them: Taylors and Perriwig-makers are become the Bawds of the Nation: That Fop that has not wherewithal, by Nature, to move move a Cookmaid, shall, by a little of their Assistance; be able to subdue a Countels.

405: A Lady feeing a tolerable pretty Fellow, who by the Help of his Taylor and Sempstress had transform'd himself into a Beau; said—What Pity'tis to see one; whom Nature has made no Fool; so industrious to pass for an Ass: Rather, says another, one should pity those whom Nature abuses than those who abuse Nature: Busides the Town would be robb'd of one half of its Diversion, if it should become a Crime to laugh at a Fool.

406: Of all Coxcombs, the most intolerable in Conversation is your fighting Fool, and your opinionated Wit; the one is always talking to shew his Parts; and the other always quarrelling to shew his Valour.

407. In Oliver's Time; when People were married by a Justice of Peace; one giving a Reason for it, said; That none was so fit to marry others; as he, that by Virtue of his Office, was impower'd to lay People by the Heels.

408. When the late Dauphin of France said to the facetious Duke of Roquelaure, Stand farther off, Roquelaure, for you stink; the Duke replied, I ask your Pardon, Sir, 'tis you that smell, not I.

409. One said of a fantastical Fellow, that he was

ther, and gilt about the Edges.

410. A decay'd Gentleman coming to one who had been a Servant, to borrow Money of him, received a very scurvy Answer, concluding in the following Words: Lord, Sir, what do you trouble me for? I've no Money to lend. I'm sure you lye, says the Gentleman, for If you

was not rich you durst not be so saucy.

A11. The Roman Catholicks make a Sacrament of Matrimony, and in Consequence of that Notion, pretend that it confers Grace: The Protestant Divines do not carry Matters so high, but say, This ought to be understood in a qualified Sense; and that Marriage so far confers Grace, as that, generally speaking, it brings Repentance, which every body knows is one Step towards Grace.

412. A Lady, who had a Mind, she told another, to quarrel with an impertinent teazing young Fellow she did not like, said, she could not tell how to provoke him, he was so very assiduous and submissive. 'Slife, said her Friend, I'd spit in his Face. Alas, reply'd she that won't do, when Men are fawning like Lap-Dogs, they'll take that for a Favour.

413. An extravagant young Gentleman, to whom the Title of Lord, and a good Estate, was just fallen, being a little harrass'd by Duns, bid his Steward tell them, That whilst he was a private Gentleman, he had Leisure to run in Debt, but being now advanc'd to a higher Rank,

be was too bufy to pay them.

414. A wild young Fellow that had spent his Fortune, being ask'd, What he intended to do with himself? faid, He design'd to go into the Army. How can that be, says one, you are a Jacobite, and can't take the Oaths. You may as well tell me, says he, that I can't take Orders, because I am an Atheist. I ask your Pardon, replied the other,—I did not know the Strength of your Conscience so well as I did the Weakness of your Purse.

At the next Meeting, he enquired, What Answer the Lady had sent him? Answer, said the Girl, why she has sent you this for a Token; (giving him a smart Slap in the Face) Ay, cry'd the old Fellow, rubbing his Chops, and you have lost none of it by the Way: I thank you.

416. A Gentleman complaining of a Misfortune, faid, it was long of that drunken Sot his Man, who could not keep himself sober.—With Respect to your Worship, said the Fellow, I know very few drunken Sots

that do keep themselves sober.

417. One said of a young Woman, whose Chastity was violently assaulted by a handsome young Fellow, That she was in as fair a Way to be ruined, as a Boy was to be a Rogue, when he was first put Clerk to an Attorney.

418. A Divine ought to calculate his Sermon, as an Aftrologer does his Almanack, to the Meridian of the Place and People where it is published. What Stuff it

is to preach against Usury towards St. James's, and Fornication in Limbard-street; no, invert the Tables, preach against Usury in the City, and Fornication at St. James's.

419. A certain Irishman making strong Love to a great Fortune told her; He could not sleep for dreaming of her.

420. A plain Country Yeoman bringing his Daughter to Town said, For all she was brought up altogether in the Country, she was a Girl of Sense. Yes, says a pert young Female in the Company, Country Sense. Why, Faith, Madam, says the Fellow, Country Sense is better sometimes than London Impudence.

421. A Thousand Actions pass in the World for virtuous, the they proceed from a quite different Principle. My Lord released Arsenyus out of Prison, and paid his Debts; this every one applauded as an Act of the highest and most disinterested Generosity. They little knew that his Lordship lay every Night with Arsennus's

Sifter.

422. Give me a Man without a Fortune, said a sensible young Lady, rather than a Fortune without a Man,

423. I'll swear, says a Gentleman to his Mistress, you are very handsome. Phoo, said she, so you'd say, tho' you did not think so. And so you'd think, answered he,

though I should not fay fo.

424. A Gentleman in King Charles the II'd Time, who had paid a tedious Attendance at Court for a Place. and had had a thousand Promises, at length resolved to fee the King himfelf; fo getting himfelf introduced, he told his Majesty what Pretensions he had to his Favour, and boldly ask'd him for the Place just then vacant. The King hearing his Story, told him, he had just given the Place away. Upon which, the Gentleman made a very low Obeisance to the King, and thank'd him extremely; which he repeated often. The King observing how over-thankful he was, called him again, and ask'd the Reason, Why he gave him such extraordinary Thanks, when he had denied his Suit? The rather an't please your Majesty, replied the Gentleman; your Courtiers have kept me waiting here thefe two Years. and gave me a thousand Put-offs; but your Majesty has fav'd me all that Trouble, and generously given

me my Answer at once. Gads fift, Man, says the King, thou halt have the Place for thy downright Honesty.

A25. A merry drolling Fellow, who lived with a Lady that was just on the Point of Matrimony, being fent with a How-d'ye to an Acquaintance of her's, who lived a few Miles off, was ask'd, How his Lady did? Ab. dear Madam, replied the Fellow, the can never live

long in this Condition. was and and the line of , 370 crest

426. 'Twas a beautiful Turn given by a great Lady, who being asked, Where her Husband was, when he lay concealed for having been deeply concerned in a Conspiracy? resolutely answered, She had hid him. This Confession drew her before the King, who told her, Nothing but her discovering where her Lord was concealed, could fave her from the Torture. And will that do, fays the Lady? Yes, fays the King, I give you my Word for it. Then, fays the, I have bid bim in my Heart; there you'll find bim. Which furprizing Anfwer charm'd her Enemies.

427. A Person advising a Lady in Town to marry a Country Gentleman, to recommend the Match in the stronger Terms, told her, it would be more convenient for her, because his Concerns in the Country join'd to her's. An fays the Lady, but his CONCERNS

shall never join to mine in the City.

428. An English Gentleman travelling to France had made Choice of an Abbot as wicked as himself, for the Companion of his Pleasures: One of his Countrymen told him, That though the Abbot and be differed about the Way to Heaven, they were in a fair Way of going to the Devil together. has and the particular the

429. Two Persons quarrelling at a Tavern; after the Heat was a little over, one of them being straiten'd for a Conveniency to make Water, by being hemm'd in, faid to his Antagonist. - How Shall I get by you? Get by me, faid the other, Wby, what a Pox did I ever get by you? and was at the house and us

430. A very grave Person being carried before 2 Magistrate, for having a little thing as big as a Baftard laid to him; one that was passing by, ask'd, What was the Matter? Only, fays another, an old Gentle-

man is apprehended upon Suspicion of Manhaed. Manhood, says the former, What has he committed Murder? Quite contrary, replied the other. He has committed Fornication, and get a Subject, not kill done.

131. A petulant felf-will'd Coxcomb was threatning, If his Humour was not gratified, to leave his Relations and Family, and go away to France. Let him alone, fays one, He will come back from France, before he gets

half Way to Dover with his Williams I was

432. A Countryman in the Street enquiring the Way to Newgate, an arch Fellow that heard him, faid, he'd flew him presently. Do but go cross the Way, faid he, to gon Goldsmith's Shop, and move off with one of those Silver Tankards, and it will bring you thither presently.

A Town Beggar was very importunate with a rich Mifer, whom he accosted in the following Phrase: Pray, Sir, bestow your Charity; good, dear Sir, bestow your Charity. Prythee, Friend, be quiet, replied old Gripus,

though it not. of my visite was none 14

being a Fisherman's Son, caused a Net to be spread every Day, on a Table in his Apartment, to put him in Mind of his Original. The Abbut dying, this differabled Humility procured him to be chosen Abbut; after which, the Net was used no more. Being asked the Reason, he answered, There is no Occasion for the

Net now this Fish is cought.

Country for his Dexterity in manly Exercises, such as Wrestling, Throwing the Bar, and the like, drew upon himself many Occasions to try his Skill, with such as came far and near to challenge him: Among the rest, a conceited Fellow rode a great Way to visit this Champion; and being told, that he was in his Ground behind the House, he alighted, and walked with his Horse in his Hand, 'till he came where he found him at Work; so hanging his Horse upon the Pails, he accossed him thus: That having heard much of his Fame, he was come forty Miles to try a Fall with him. The Champion, without more Words, came up to him, and closing

closing with him, toole him upon such an advantageous Lock, that he pitch'd him clear over the Pails; so, with a great deal of Unconcern, tools up his Spade, and fell to Work again. The Fellow getting upon his Legs again, as mimbly as he could, called to speak to him. Well, says the Champion, have you any more to say to me? No, no, replied the Fellow, only to defire you would be so kind as to throw my Horse after me.

Philosopher one Day with a tedious Discourse, and observing that he did not much regard him, made an Apology, That he was afraid he had interrupted him. No, really, replied the Philosopher, you ban't interrupted me at all, for I bave not minded one Word you said.

437. If your Wife has cuckolded you, 'tis in vain to grieve; e'en shake Hands with your Neighbours. One telling his Friend he was a Cuckold, ——If I had not known it, replies he, I should have been angry with you for telling me on't.

438. Two conceited Coxcombs wrangling and exposing one another before Company, one told them, That they had both done like Wits: For you Wits, says he, never give over 'till you prove one another Fools.

439. One feeing an affected Coxcomb buying Books, told him, His Bookfeller was properly his Upholsterer, for he furnished his Room rather than his Head.

440. A young Lady with a good Fortune having bestowed herself on a wild young Fellow: Well, says the old Lady her Aunt, For all you were so eager to bave bim, you'll have your Belly full of bim in a little Time, I'll awarrant you.

Bottle and a Beef Steak. Why, says he, Betty, you can't want, you had a good Bubble last Night; but I have heard, you Ladies love that Man best who beats you, and takes your Money from you again. Yes, says she, just as a Privateer loves to engage a Man of War.

142. A Taylor's Boy being at Church, heard it faid, That a Remnant only should be faved. Egad, fays the Boy, then my Master makes plaguy large Remnants.

## 84 JOELMILLERW JESTS.

one robbid him of his Money, and t'other of his Goods: His Neighbour coming to condol with him, told him, He might fue the County, for he had been robbid between Son and Son.

and at length suffered for his Robberies, was likewise as famous for gaining the Hearts of the Women, being a smart dapper Fellow: After his Death, he had this Epitaph bestow'd on him.

Here lies Du Val: Reader, if Male thou art,

Look to thy Purfe; if Female to thy Heart:

Much Havock he has made in both; for all

The Men he made to stand, the Women fall.

445. A Person speaking to the Earl of C—d, of the salse Taste of several People of Quality, and their Ignorance in many Things that they pretend to understand: Why, said my Lord, most of our People of Quality judge of every Thing by their Ears but the Opera, and

that they go to fee, and balled as assessed and make

446. Tom P——, a good honest Fellow, but with very little Manners, being one Day at Dinner at Lord L—'s, several Ladies being at Table, my Lord told him, that Mr. Such-a-one, naming a Gentleman in the Neighbourhood, had taken something very ill of him, and would take an Occasion, he heard, to resent it: Mr. Such-a-one, reply'd Tom, may kiss my A——: Upon such a coarse Expression, the Ladies all started, and my Lord cry'd, Fie, Tom, I thought you would not have used such a Word before Ladies. Why, my Lord, said Tom, A—— an't Bawdy, is it? No, said my Lord, but it is within half an Inch of it.

his Creditors Ears, Farewel, faid one, there is so much of mine gone with him: And he carried so much of mine said another: One hearing them make their several Complaints, said, Well, I see now, that though a

Man can carry nothing of his own out of the World, get he may carry a great deal of other Mens.

A48. A mad Crew went to a Tavern with a (devilifit) Resolution to be damnable drunk; one being more overpowered than the rest, spew'd perpetually; and seeing that he could no longer bear them Company, called for a Reckoning: Why, said one, cannot you tell that, that have so often cast up what you drank? No, marry, I cannot, said he, for I was so busy in casting up the Accompt, that I did not mind the Reckoning.

themselves, passing along the Road near Oxford, met a grave old Gentleman, with whom they had a Mind to be rudely merry; Good-Morrow, Father Abraham, said one: Good-Morrow, Father Isaac, said the next: Good-Morrow, Father Jacob, cry'd the last. I am neither Abraham, Isaac, nor Jacob, reply'd the old Gentleman, but Saul the Son of Kish, who went out to seek his Fa-

ther's Affes; and lo! here I have found them.

450. A young Maid coming fresh out of the Country, was courted by a Person of Quality, who she understood was infected by the foul Disease: My Lord paid his constant Devoirs to her, and promised her Marriage, which she refusing, some of her Friends ask'd her, Why she, who was meanly born, would not marry one that would not only enrich her, but ennoble her Blood; I will not, says she, corrupt my Flesh, to better my Blood;

for any Lord in Christendom. and today believed to

451. An ingenious young Gentleman at the University of Oxford, being appointed to preach before the Vice Chancellor, and the Heads of the Colleges, at St. Mary's, and having formerly observed the Drowsiness of the Vice-Chancellor, took this Place of Scripture for his Text, What! cannot ye watch one Hour? At every Division he concluded with his Text, which, by Reason of the Vice-Chancellor's sitting so near the Pulpit, often awak'd him: This was so noted among the Wits, that it was the Talk of the whole University, and withat it did so nettle the Vice-Chancellor, that he complain'd to the Archbishop of Canterbury, who, willing to redress him, sent for this Scholar up to London to defend

G a

him

himself against the Crime laid to his Charge; where coming, he gave so many Proofs of his extraordinary Wit, that the Archbishop enjoined him to preach before King James. After some Excuses, he at length condescended; and coming into the Pulpit, begins, James the First and the Sixth, Waver not; meaning the first King of England, and the fixth of Scorland; at first the King was fomething amazed at the Text, but in the End, was fo well pleafed with his Sermon, that he made him one of his Chaplains in ordinary: After this Advancement, the Archbishop sent him down to Oxford to make his Recantation to the Vice-Chancellor, and to take Leave of the University, which he accordingly did, and took the latter Part of the Verse of the former Text. Sleep on now and take your Reft: Concluding his Sermon, he made his Apology to the Vice-Chancellor, faying, Whereas I faid before, which gave Offence, What! Cannot you watch one Hour? I say now, Sleep on and take your Reft; and so left the University.

472. A plain Country Fellow born in Effex, coming to London, which Place he had never feen before, as he bialk'd in a certain Street, not a great Way from Mark Lane, 'spy'd a Rope hanging at a Merchant's Door, with a Handle to it, and wondering what it meant, he takes it in his Hand, play'd with it to and fro; at length, pulling it hard, he heard a Bell ring; it so happened that the Merchant being near the Door, went himself, and demanded what the Fellow would have. Nothing, Sin, faid he, I did but play with this pretty Thing which hangs at your Door. What Countryman are you, faid the Merchant? An Estexman an't please you, replied the other. I thought so, replied the Merchant, for I have often heard fay, That if a Man beat a Bush in Effex, there presently comes forth a Calf. It may be fe, replied the Countryman, and I think a Man can no former ring a Bell in London, but out pops a Cuckold.

453. A young Man married to an ill-temper'd Woman, who not contented, the he was very kind to her, made continual Complaints to her Father, to the great Grief of both Families; the Hulband being no longer able to endure this fourvy Humour, bang'd her foundly?

Here-

Hereupon the complain'd to her Father, who understanding well the Pervertencis of her Humour, took her to Task, and laced her Sides soundly too; saying, Go and commend me to your Husband, and tell him, I am now even with him, for I have endgelf d his Wife, as he hath beaten my Daughter.

454. A Fellow hearing one fay, according to the Italian Proverb, That three Women make a Market with their chatting: Nay, then, faid he, add my Wife to them, and

they will make a Fair.

455. A Gentlewoman delighting in Plurality of Lovers, chanced to admit to her Embraces two Gentlemen who loved one another intirely, but were unacquainted with each other's Intrigue; one of them having lain with this Gentlewoman one Night, loft his Ring in the Bed, which the other found in it the Morning after; the Day following the first sees it on his Friend's Finger; after a great many Arguings about it, they came to understand one another's Intrigue: The Man who lost it demands his Ring, the other refuses; at last, it was agreed, that it should be left to the next Comer-by, who should have the Ring; it chanced to be the Husband of the Woman, who, hearing the whole Matter, adjude'd the Ring should belong to him who own'd the Sheets: Marry then, faid they, for your excellent Judgment you shall have the Ring.

gether in the Evening, in returning Home, the Dog ran in a Doors first; Oh, Mother, says the Boy, Cuckeld's come; Nay, then, says the Mother, your Father is not

far off, I am fure,

457. A Scholar, in College-Hall, declaiming, having a bad Memory, was at a Stand, whereupon, in a low Voice, he defired one that stood close by, to help him out; No, says the other, methinks, you are out enough

already.

458. A Country Gentleman riding down Cornbill, his Horse stumbled, and threw him at a Shop Door; the Mistress whereof being a pleasant Woman, and seeing there was no Hurt done, ask'd him, Whether his Horse used to serve him so? Yes, said he, whenever he comes

G 4

o the Door of a Cuckold: Lord, Sir, faid she, I would advise you to go back again, for you will have a hundred Falls else, before you come to the Top of Cheapside.

459. A foolish Wench, meerly out of Revenge, complained to a Justice, that such a Man would have ravish'd her: What did he do? says he, He ty'd my Hands so fast I could not stir them; And what else? Why, Sir, said she, be would have ty'd my Legs too, but I had the

Wit to keep them far enough afunder.

460. A Gentleman riding near the Forest of Which-wood, in Oxfordshire, ask'd a Fellow, What that Wood was called? He said, Which-wood, Sir. Why that Wood, said the Gentleman. Which-wood, Sir: Why that Wood I tell thee; he still said, Which-wood. I think, said the Gentleman, thou art as senselless as the Wood that grows there: It may be so, replied the other, but you know not Which-wood.

461. A young bucksome Baggage, with a Candle in her Hand, was set upon by a Hot-spur, who by all Means must have a Bout with her; but she wowed, If he meddled with her, she would burn him; Will you so, says he, I'll try that, and thereupon blew out the Candle, thinking himself safe from the Threat; however, not long

after, be found she was as good as her Word.

462. A Physician was wont to say, when he met a Friend, I am glad to see you well. In Troth, Sir, said one, I think you do but dissemble, for the World always goes ill with you suben it goes well with your Friends.

463. A Gentleman fallen to decay, shifted where he could; among the rest, he visited an old Acquaintance, and stay'd with him seven or eight Days, in which Time, the Man began to be weary of his Guest, and to be rid of him, seign'd a falling out with his Wise, by which Means their Fare was very slender: The Gentleman, perceiving their Drist, but not knowing whither to go to better himself, told them, He had been there seven Days, and had not seen any falling out betwiest them before; and that he was resolved to stay seven Weeks longer, but he would see them Friends again.

as barren Wives do by their Lap Dogs, cram them with Sweetmeats, 'till they cloy their Stomachs.

465. A knavish Attorney asking a very worthy Gentleman, what was Honesty? What is that to you, said he,

meddle with those Things that concern you.

466. A simple Bumpkin, coming to London, was very much taken with the Sight of a Chair, or Sedan, and bargained with the Chairmen to carry him to a Place he named. The Chairmen, observing the Curiofity of the Clown to be unfuitable to the Meanness of his Habit, privately took out the Bottom of their Chair, and then put him into it, which, when they took up, the Countryman's Feet were upon the Ground, and as the Chairmon advanced fo did he; and to make the better Sport, if any Place was dirtier in the Way, than the rest, that they chose to go through; the Countryman not knowing but others used to be carried, or rather driven, in the fame Manner, coming to his Lodgings, gave them their Demand: Returning into the Country, he related what rare Things he had feen in London, and withal, that he had been carried in a Sedan : Sedan! quoth one, What is that? Why, faid he, like our Watch House, only it is covered with Leather; but were it not for the Name of a Sedan a Man might as well walk on Foot.

Verses in Praise of his Mistress, beginning first with her Head, and so proceeding upon every Member down to her Feet, missing no Part but the Neck; Ob, faid one, there is good Reason for that, he reserves the Neck Verse for himself, knowing he shall have Occasion for it hereafter.

468. An ignorant Clown, who had the Reputation of being a great Scholar in the Country, because he could write and read, coming to London, and enquiring into all the strange Things he saw, at last, read on a Sign-Post, Here are Herses to be let, 1745. Jesu, said he, if there are so many Herses in one Inn, how many are there in the whole City!

499. One reading a witty Preface before a dull Book, faid, He wondered how such a Preface come to be match'd

match'd so preposterously to such a Book. In Truth, Sir, said another, I see no Reason why they may not be

match'd, for I'm fure they are not at all a kin.

470. A very honest and prudent Gentleman had the ill Fortune to marry a Wife a Grain too light; one Day returning Home, he went up the Stairs, and found his Chamber-Door open, entering, he caught his Wife and the Adulterer, who were fo intent upon their Sport that they minded nothing elfe, in the very act; the Gentleman seemingly unmov'd, said, Wife, Wife, indeed you don't do well to expose your own and my Reputaeion thus to the Hazard of being loft by Carelesines ; fure in a Bufiness that so nearly concerns us both, you might have But the Door; I pray, consider, what if any one else had tome and caught you in this Posture? And so went and left them: The Mildness of this Reproof so effectually wrought upon this Woman, that she ever after abhorred the Thought of enjoying any other Man but her Hufband.

Horse in a Field thereunto appertaining; being warn'd of so doing, and he taking no Notice thereof, the Master of that College sent his Man to him, bidding him say, If he continued his Horse there, he would cut off his Tail. Say you so, said the Person? Go tell your Master, It he cuts off my Horse's Tail, I will cut off his Ears: The Servant returning, told his Master what he said; whereupon he was sent back to bring the Person to him; who appearing, said the Master, How dow, Sir, what mean you by that Menace you sent me? Sir, said the other; I threaten'd you not, for I only said, if you cut off my Horse's Tail, I would cut off his Ears.

172. One feeing a Scholar that look'd very much aquint, Sure, fays he, this Man must be more learned than the Fellows, for which one Cast of his Eyes, he can read both Sides of the Book at once.

Play, observing him to lote a great deal of Money, burk into Tears; his Father ask'd him, The Reason why he wept? Ob, Sir, I have beard that Alexander the

Great

Great wept when he heard his Father Phillip had conford a great many Towns, Cities, and Countries, fouring that he would leave him nothing to win; but I wept the contrary way, fearing you will leave me nothing to lofe.

thing confiderable to Christ's Hospital, but little or nothing to one of his extravagant Sons; at the Functial the Blue-coat Boys were order'd, in Acknowledgement of so great a Gift, to sing before the Corple to the Grave: As they march'd through Cheapside, this extravagant Son led his Mother, who observing the Boys make a Rest, he open'd his Pipes in such a Manner, that he was heard almost from one End of the Street to the other, and still leading his Mother, he continu'd that singing 'till a Kinsman came to him, and stopping his Mouth ask'd him his Reason for his irreverent and mide-cent Carriage: Why, Cousin, quoth this Ne'er-be-good, the Boys there at my Father's Death sing for something, and won't you let me sing for nothing.

475. The famous Mr. Amner going thro' a Street in Windfor, two Boys looked out of a one Pair of Street Window, and cry'd, there goes Mr. Amner that makes fo many Bulls. He hearing them, look'd up, faying, Tou Rascals, I know you well enough, and if I had you here,

I'd kick you down Stairs.

476. The same Gentlemen crossing the Water in a Ferry-Boat at Datchet, the good Man being from Home, his Wise did his Ossice, and not putting in the Boat just at the Landing-Place, Mr. Amner at his Landing studie into the Mud over his Shoes, and going a little farther he met with a Friend who ask'd, How he came so dirty? Fore Gad, reply'd Mr. Amner, no Man was ever so abused as I have been, for, coming over Datchet Ferry, a scurve Woman Waterman put over the Boat, and landed me clean in the Mire.

477. A Gentleman having invited feveral Friends to Supper, a Couple of Rabbits in a Diff being under his Hand, as he was carving, his Wife called to him, Hufband, pr'ythee give me a Flap of the Coney: The good Man, feeming abathed at her Words, answered her, How now Wife! not before all this Company.

. 478. A poor Woman in the Country, fent her Son to a Gentleman's House, upon some Errand or other: The loitering Lad staid somewhat too long, looking upon a Dog in the Wheel that turned the Spit; so that when he came Home, his Mother beat him foundly: Execution ended, the Boy told her, If the had been there The would have staid as long as he; and she demanding the Reason, he said, Oh, Mother, it would have done you Good to have feen how daintily a Dog in a Wheel fringed Roaft-Meat.

479. In Flanders, by Accident, a Flemish Tyler falling from the Top of a House, upon a Spaniard, killed him, tho' he escaped himself. The next of the Blood profecuted his Death with great Violence against the Tyler; and when he was offered pecuniary Recompence, nothing would ferve him but Lex Talionis. Whereupon the Judge faid unto him, That if he did urge that Kind of Sentence, it must be, That he should go up to the Top of the Same House, and from thence fall down upon the Tyler.

480. A. Bridegroom, the first Night he was in Bed with his Bride, faid unto her, When I follicited thy Chastity, had'st thou then condescended, I would never have made thee my Wife, for I did it only to try thee. Faith, faid she, I did imagine as much, but I had been coxened fo three or four Times before, and I was refolved

to be fooled fo no more.

481. A Merchant in London, having bought a pretty Estate in Surry, and afterwards two or three more Fields adjoining to it, a Person speaking of his Purchase to a Friend, said, He did not think Mr. Such-a-one, had been in Circumstances to make so large a Purchase. dear, faid the other, you don't know how confiderable 2 Man he is, why fince he bought that Estate in Surry he has bought Moor-Fields. That must be a great Purchase, indeed, replied the other.

482. A Lord intended to take in a great Part of the Common belonging to the Town, and he agreed with a Carpenter to have it rail'd in : My Lord, fays he, it shall be done, and I think I can fave you some Charges in the Business; For, says he, do you but get Posts, and I doubt not but all the Neighbours round about will find you Railing enough. 483.

93

1483. A young Italian Gentleman being led, by Curiofity, into Holland, where having lived some Time conversing with the most Ingenious, was one Day set upon by a Protestant Minister, who would needs engage him in a Controversy about Religion. The young Gentleman, knowing himself too weak for the Encounter, begg'd his Diversion, and endeavoured to wave the Discourse; but the more he avoided it, the more hotly was he press'd by the Minister; whereupon the young Italian, in a very great Passion, conjur'd him by all that is good, to let him alone in Peace with his Religion, For, said he, I cannot embrace your's, and if you make me lose my own, I will never make Choice of any other.

his Colonel, to go on a dangerous Exploit against the French, with Forces that were unlikely to atchieve the Enterprize, the Captain advis'd his Colonel to send but half so many Men: Why so, said the Colonel, to send but half so many Men? Because, replied the Captain,

they are enough to be knock'd on the Head.

Volunteers for France, in the Expedition against the Dutch, imagined himself valiant enough, and thereupon listed himself; returning again, he was ask'd, by his Friends, What Exploits he had done there? He said, That he had cut off one of the Enemy's Legs; and being told that it had been more honourable and manly to have cut off his Head: Oh, said he, you must know his Head was cut off before.

486. A Person of Quality coming in a Church to the Place where several of his Ancestors were buried, after he had said much in their Commendation, and prais'd them for worthy Men, Well, said he, I am, resolved, if I live, to be buried as near them as possible.

487. An Irishman having been obliged to live with his Master some Time in Scotland, when he came Home again some of his Companions ask'd him, How he liked Scotland? I will tell you now, said he, by Chrest I was fick all de While I was dare, and if I had lived dare till this Time, I had been dead a Year ago.

488.

488. A certain Duchess, in a late Reign, hearing that a Man in a high Office, which gave him an Opportunity of handling much Cash, had married his kept Mistress, Good Lord, said she, that old Fellow is always robbing the Public.

489. A Book being published in Queen Elizabeth's Time, that gave her Majesty much Offence, the ask'd Bacon if he could find no Treason in it. No. Madam, said he, but Abundance of Felony, for the Author has stole

bulf his Conceits out of Tacitus.

490. A young Lady being fick, a Physician was sent for to feel her Pulse; she being very coy, and loath he should touch her naked Skin, pull'd her Smock Sleeve over her Hand; the Doctor observing it, took a Corner of his Coat, and laid it upon her Smock Sleeve; at which a Lady that stood by wondered: O Madam, said he, a Linnen Pulse must always have a Woollen Physician.

491. Tom Clarke of St. John's defired a Feilow of the fame College to lend him Bishop Burnet's History of the Reformation; the other told him, He could not spare it out of his Chamber, but, if he pleas'd, he might come there and read in it all Day long: Some Time after the same Gentleman sends to Tom to borrow his Bellows, Tom sent him Word, That he could not possibly spare them out of his Chamber, but he might come there and use them all Day long if he would.

of keeping one Hand always in his Breeches, and being one Day to bring a Bill into the House of Peers relating to a Provision for Officers Widows, he came with the Papers in one Hand, and the other, as usual, in his Breeches; and beginning to speak, I have something in my Hand, my Lords, said he, for the Benefit of the Officers Widows—Upon which the Duke of Wb—n, immediately interrupting him, ask'd, In which

Hand, my Lord.

Vifit to Dr. Bufby, the Doctor is faid to have strutted thro' his School with his Hat upon his Head, while his Majesty walk'd complaisantly behind him with his Hat under his Arm; but, when he was taking his Leave

at the Door, the Doctor with great Humility thus ad drefs'd himself : Sir, I tope your Majefly will excuse Want of Refpet hitherto; but if my Boys were to in gine there was a greater Man in the Kingdom than myfelf,

I should never be able to rule them.

494. A Bithop of L-d-n having mifrepresented Dr. R-ndle to the King, and the Doctor being inform'd of it, told the Bishop he was an Incendiary, and had acted in a Manner very unbecoming his Character; which the Bishop complaining of to one of his Right Reverend Brethren, as they were walking in the Park, faid, fince they paid fo little Regard to his Representation ons, he would concern himself no more with Church-Affairs, but retire to F-m, and endeavour to make his Peace with God. O! my Lord, reply'd his mitted Brother, with great Emotion, never think of that I bee of

495. Dr. Hickringal, who was one of King Charles the Second's Chaplains, whenever he preached before his Majesty, was sure to tell him of his Faults, and to seeds him from the Pulpit very feverely. One Day his Majesty walking in the Mall, observed the Doctor before him, and fent to fpeak to him: When he came, Doctor, fays the King, what have I done to you that you are always quarreling with me? I hope your Majesty is not angry with me, quoth the Doctor, for telling the Truth. No, no, fays the King, but I would have us, for the future, be Friends. Well, well, quoth the Doctor, I'll make it up with your Majesty on these Terms, as you

mend I'll mend.

496. In a little Country Town, it happened that the Squire of the Parish's Lady came to Church after her Lying-in, to return Thanks to God, or, as it is commonly called, to be Churched: The Parson, aiming to be complaifant, and thinking plain Woman a little too familiar, instead of faying, O Lord fave this Woman, faid, O Lord fove this Lady. The Clerk refolving not to be behind hand with him, answered, Who jutteth her Lodyfrip's Truft in thee.

497. One of King James the First's Chaplains preaching before the Court at Whitehall, made use of the fol-

lowing

lowing Quibbles in his Discourse. Speaking of the Depravity of the Age, almost all Houses, he said, were made Ale-bouses; that Men made Matrimony a Matter of Money; and placed their Paradise in a Pair of Disc.

Was it so in the Days of Noab? Ab, no!

A98. The Rev. Mr. H—nl—y waiting one Day at Sir Robert's Levee, was ask'd by the Knight what brought him there? The Orator reply'd, I hear you want a good Pen. No, said Sir Robert, I don't. Then, said the Orator, I have a bad One, which perhaps you mayn't like. Well, said the Knight, if it is very bad, I must get our of the Secretaries of State to mend it.

a Gentleman how they liked the Place, and how it agreed with them; the first had been ill and found great Benefit from the Waters: But pray what did you go for, said he to the second. Wantonness, reply'd she. And pray;

Madam, said he; Did it cure you?

500. A very fine Lady who had the Gout asked Dr. What was the Occasion of the Gout. Whoring

and Drinking, Madam, faid he.

City and Suburbs: One of which giving Umbrage to a merry Punster, who had just staggered from a Tavern, into the Middle of them: He said pleasantly enough, God Bless his Majesty's Arms! But, as to the Supporters; they are Beasts.

King William, when he complained of the Shortness of his Sermon. Sir, said the Bishop, could I have bestowed

more Time on it, it would not have been fo long.

503. Mr. Prior, when Ambassador, being at one of the French Opera's at Paris, and seated in a Box with a Nobleman he was free with, who, as usual in France, sung louder than the Performer, burst into bitter Invectives against the last; upon which his Lordship gave over to enquire the Reason, adding, that the Person he exclaimed against so siercely, was one of the finest Voices they had. Yes, replies his Excellency, but he makes such a horrid Noise, that I can't have the Pleasure to hear your Lordship.

804. A Living of 500 l. per Annum falling in the Gift of the late Lord Chancellor T-b-t, Sir R-W-recommended one of his Friends as very deferving of the Benefice, whom his Lordship approv'd of. In the Interite, the Curate, who had ferv'd the last Incumbent many Years for poor 30 1. per Annum, came up with a Petition, fign'd by many of the Inhabitants, testifying his good Behaviour, setting forth, that he had a Wife and feven Children to maintain, and begging his Lordship would stand his Friend, that he might be continued in his Curacy; and, in Confideration of his large Family, if he could prevail with the next Incumbent to add 10 /. a Year; he should for ever pray. His Lordship, according to his usual Goodness, promised to use his utmost Endeavours to serve him; and the Reverend Gentleman for whom the Living was defign'd, coming foon after to pay his Respects, my Lord told him the Affair of the Curate, with this Difference only, that he should allow him 60 1. a Year instead of 30 1. The Parson, in some Confusion, reply'd, He was forry that he could not grant his Request, for that he had promis'd the Curacy to another, and could not go back from his Word. How! fays my Lord, have you promis'd the Curacy before you was posses'd of the Living? Well, to keep your Word with your Friend, if you please, Ill give him the Curacy, but the Living, I affure you, I'll give to another: And faying this he left him. The next Day the poor Curate coming to know his Destiny, my Lord told him. That he had used his Endeavours to serve him as to the Curacy, but with no Success, the Reverend Gentleman having dispos'd of it before. The Curate, with a deep Sigh, return'd his Lordship Thanks for his Goodness, and was going to withdraw, when my Lord calling him back, faid, with a Smile, Well, my Friend, 'tis true, I have it not in my Power to give you the Curacy; but if you will accept of the Living, 'tis at your Service. The Curate almost surprized to Death with Joy, in the most moving Expressions of Gratitude, return'd his Lordship Thanks, whose Goodness had in a Moment rais'd him and his Family from a necessitous Condition, to a comfortable State of Life.

Tuition of the Reverend—, who used to call him his little Chancellor, one Day reply'd, that when he was so, he would give him a good Living. One happening to fall soon after he was Chancellor, he recollected his Promise, and ordered the Presentation to be fill'd up for his old Master, who soon after came to his Lordship, to remind him of his Promise, and to ask for this Living. Why really, said my Lord, I wish you had come a Day sooner, but I have given it away already, and when you see to whom, I dare say you will not think me to blame; so putting the Presentation into his Hands, he convinced him that he had not forgot his Promise.

507. The Reverend Mr. Wh-n, the famous Astronomer, had made a Calculation that the World would be at an End in fifteen Years, and some Time asterwards offering to dispose of an Estate, he ask'd the Gentleman who was about it, at the Rate of thirty Years Purchase; upon which, the Gentleman, in a very great Surprize, demanded, How he could ask so many Years Purchase, when he very well knew the World would be at an End

in half the Time.

508. A Country Curate being one Friday in Lent to examine his young Catechumens, and the Bell tolling for Prayers, he was obliged to leave a Game of All-fours unfinish'd, in which he had the Advantage; but told his Antagonist he would foon dispatch his Audience, and see him out. Now for fear any Tricks should be play'd with the Cards in his Absence, he put them in his Caffock; and asking one of the Children how many Commandments there were, which the Boy not readily answering, by Accident one of the Cards dropp'd out of his Sleeve; he had the Presence of Mind to bid the Boy take it up, and tell him what Card it was, which he readily did: When turning to the Parents of the Child, Are you not asham'd, faid he, to pay so little Regard to the eternal Welfare of your Children, as not to teach them their Commandments? I suspected your Neglect, and brought this Card with me, to detect your Immorality, in teaching your Children to know their Cards before their Commandments.

with

gog. Dr. South being one Morning vifiting a Gentleman, he was ask'd to stay Dinner, which he accepting of, the Gentleman stepp'd into the next Room, and told his Wife he had invited the Doctor to Dinner, and desir'd her to provide something extraordinary. Hereupon she began to murmur and scold, and make a thousand Words, 'till at last her Husband, being very much provok'd at her Behaviour, protested, That if it was not for the Stranger in the next Room, he would kick her out of Doors. Upon which the Doctor, who had heard all that had pass'd, immediately stepp'd out, crying, I beg,

Sir, you'll make no Stranger of me.

510. A notorious Bawd of Clerkenwell, having left in her Will a handsome Sum of Money, to be given to the Rev. Doctor Lee, to preach her Funeral Sermon, but on Condition that he should say nothing but what was well of her. Her Executors accordingly waited on the Doctor, and acquainted him with the Conditions of the Will; who being very much furpriz'd at fuch a Request, defired them to call again, and he would consider of it; foon after they came, when he agreed that on the Money's being paid directly, he would preach it the following Sunday. The Doctor kept his Word, and taking the Text, Bleffed are they, &c. made an excellent Sermon on a well-spent Life, and the Reward they would have in the next World, concluding, Dear Friends, faid he, as for the Deceas'd, of whom I am now going to speak, [which caus'd great Attention from the Congregation all I shall say of her is, That she was born at Camberwell, lived great Part of her Time in Bridewell, and died at Clerkenwell, and at last bas done well; then let us pray that she may farewell, &c. &c.

511. The Reverend Mr. B--n coming from Holland with the K—g, a terrible Hurricane arising, the Sloop was in great Danger of being lost: the facetious Mr. B—d, of Albemarle-street, being in the Cabbin with him, and very willing to prepare himself for another World, defired him to take notice that if they were cast away, the Shirt he had on belonged to Mr. G—and that he might have it again; then falling on his Knees, attempted to rehearse the Lord's Prayer, but

## 100 JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

with fuch a Tone as frighted the Ship's Crew; on which the Captain running down, defir'd him to pray to him felf, and to his great Surprize found the Doctor firipping himself: Pray Doctor, said he, what do you defign to do? Ob, said he, let him pray, I defign to fwim for my

Life.

Bench in Ireland, being esteem'd a very able Lawyer, and Judge C—ed and B—t, but very indifferent ones; Well, said an Attorney of that Court, no Bench was ever supply'd like ours, for we have got an Hundred Judges upon it. An Hundred! said another, How can that be! Wby, reply'd the first, there is a Figure of One and two Cyphers.

Market thro' Shoreditch to London, observing a Wall, or Bank, lately made there of Horns, as is common in that Road, bid Rochester, who was in the Coach with him, take notice of it. Ay, Sir, said he, the Citizens seem to have been laying their Heads together to mend the

Way against your Majesty came by.

514. One Mr. Ash, who was himself a famous Punster in Ireland, coming into an Inn, desired the Landlord to lend him a Hand to pull off his Great Coat: Indeed, Sir, said he, I dare not.—Dare not? reply'd the other, What do you mean by that? You know, Sir, answered he, there is an Ast of Parliament against stripping of Ash.

515. A Cordelier waiting to close the Eyes of an Archbishop, as soon as he was dead, having fix'd his Eyes upon a rich Crucifix, slipp'd it into one of his

wide Sleeves, faying, He was crucify'd for us.

516. King Charles the Second, after the Refloration, told Waller the Poet, that he had made better Verles, and faid finer Things of Gromwell than of him. That may very well be, replied Waller, for Poets generally succeed better in imaginary Things than in real onts.

317. A Lawyer and a Physician having a Dispute about Precedence, referred it to Diogenes, who gave it in Favour of the Lawyer, in these Terms: Let the Thief

go before, and the Executioner follow.

518.

Court, and at last recalled to kis the King's Hand, the King said to him, Your Eminence's Hair is grown quite white. To which he replied, It would make a younger Man than I am look grey, to be so long in Disgrace with your Majesty as I have been.

519. Upon the Death of the famous Maliere, a Poet waiting with his Epitaph upon the Prince of Conde, the Prince told him, He should have been much better

pleased, if Moliere bad brought bim bis.

the Soop was exceeding hot, burnt his Mouth, and at the same Time breaking Wind backwards: It was well for you, said he, that you made your Escape, for I should have burnt you alive if you had staid.

521. A Bishop going in great Haste to Rome to be cardinalized, missed his Promotion, and returned; but got a violent Cold by the Way: It is no Wonder, said one who was told of it, fince be came so far without his

Hat.

522. Mr. Smith the Ordinary of Newgate, in the Reign of King William, one of the famous Scruple Drawers of his Time, had one impenitent Clipper once to deal with. Why, fays the Fellow, what harm have I done? A Parcel of over-grown Shillings fell into my Hands, and I only pared off their Superfluities. They would have bought but twelve Pennyworth of Beef and Turnips at first, and they will buy twelve Pennyworth of Beef and Turnips still. Ay, but heark you, my Friend, cries the Ordinary, what is it to clip a Thing but to pare it round, and what is paring round call'd in Scripture, but Circumcifion, and who under the Evangelical Dispensation dares practise Circumcision, but one that has actually renounced the Christian Religion, and is 2 Few, a most obstinate perverse Jew in his Heart? Upon this the poor Clipper threw himself at his Feet, own'd the Heinousness of his Sin, confess'd that Sabbathbreaking had brought him to't, and wept like a Churchipout.

523. A Gentleman being very drunk came to a Friend's House, and told him, he came three Miles

on Purpose to sup with him; to whom the other answer'd, He was greatly obliged to him, since he came so far to see

bim before be came to himself.

1524. A Scotch Parson in the Rump Time, in his babling Prayer, said, Laird bless the Grand Council, the Parliament, and grant they may all bang together. A Country Fellow standing by, said, Yes, yes, with all my Heart, and the sooner the better; and I am sure it is the Prayers of all good People. But, Friends, said Sawney, I don't mean as that Fellow means, but pray they may all hang together in Accord and Concord. No Matter what Cord, reply'd the other, so 'tis but a strong Cord,

525. An Honest Highlander, walking along Holbourn, heard a Voice cry, Rogue, Scot, Rogue, Scot; his Northern Blood, fir'd at the Insult, drew his broad Sword, looking round him on every Side, to discover the Object of his Indignation; at last he found that it came from a Parrot, perch'd in a Balcony within his Reach: But the Generous Scot, disdaining to stain his trusty Blade with such ignoble Blood, put up his Sword again, with a four Smile, saying, Gin ye were a Mon, as ye're a Green

Geuse, I would Split your Ween.

526. One of the Scotch Teachers preaching upon Drunkenness, told his Hearers, there were four Sorts of Drunkenness: 1. To be drunk like a Sow, tumbling in the Mire, like many of this Parish. 2. There is to be drunk like a Dog; the Dog fills the Stomach of him, and spues all out again; and thou John Jamison wast this Way drunk the other Day. 3. There is to be drunk like a Goofe, Of all Drunkenness, Sirs, beware of the Drunkenness of the Goose, for it never rests, but constantly dips the Gobb of it in the Water. You are all drunk this Way, Sirs, I need name none of you. 4. There is to be drunk like a Sheep. The Sheep feldom or never drinks, but sometimes wets the Mouth of it in the Water, and rises up as well as ever; and I myself use to be drunk thus, Sirs. But now, said he, I see two Gentlemen in the Kirk; and, Gentlemen, you are both Strangers to me, but I must vindicate myself at your Hands. I have here the curled'ft Parish that ever God put Breath in; for all my preaching against Drunk-

Drunkenness, they will gang into an Alehouse after Sermon, and get a mickle Cupfull of hot Ale, and they will fay, Would we had the Minister in the Midst of it ! Now, Gentlemen, judge ye how I am rewarded for my good Preaching!

527. Mr. James Kirkton preaching upon Jezebel, faid, That well-favour'd Whore, what became of her, Sirs? She fell from a Window Arfe over Head, and her black Bottom was discovered: You may all guess what the Beholders faw, Beloved, a black Sight you may be fure.

528. The fame Teacher preaching the Poverty of the People of God, gave this remarkable Instance; Brethren, fays he, Criticks with their Frim-frams, and Whitie-whaties, may imagine a hundred Reasons for Abraham's going out of the Land of Chaldea; but I will tell you what was always my Opinion, I believe Abraham, poor Man, was forc'd to run out of the Land of Chaldea for Debt.

529. Another Scotch Parson preaching upon these Words, Refift the Devil and he will fly from you, began thus: My Beloved you are all here to Day, but wot ye who is among ye? Even the mickel horned Devil. Ye cannot fee him; but by the Eye of Faith I fee him. But some of you will say, What shall we do with him now we have him here? How shall we destroy him? We will hang him. Alas, my Beloved, there are not fo many Tows in the Parish as will hang him, he is light as a Feather. Then some of you will say, we will drown him. Humph, my Beloved, there is too much Cork in his Arfe, he's as fouple as an Eel, he will not fink. Others of you will fay we will burn him. Na, na, Sirs, you may fcald your Sals, but ye canna burn him, for all the Fire in Hell could never yet singe a Hair of his Tail. Now, Sirs, ye canna find a Way among you all to kill him, but I will find it. What Way will this be, Sirs? We shall even shoot him, Wherewith shall we shoot him? We shall shoot him with the Bible. Now, Sirs, I shall shoot him presently. So, presenting the Bible as Soldiers do their Muskets, he cries out, Toott, toott, toott, Now he is shot; there lies the foul Thief as dead as a Haron.

at the Kirk in Edinburgh on Hell-Torments, represented them to be intolerable, by the extreme Cold they suffer'd there. And it being at that Time very cold Weather, one of his Congregation after Sermon took upon him to ask him the Reason of his so doing, when all the eminent Divines had preach'd it up to be the Reverse. O, Sir, said he, I had good Reason; for if I had told them it was hot, I should have had them all run away to Hell to warm themselves.

531. An Irishman having a Looking Glass in his Hand, shut his Eyes and placed it before his Face, another asking him, Why he did so? Upon my Shoul, faid

Teague, it is to fee bow I look when I am afleep.

Lady passed by them, said one, There goes the handfomest Woman I ever saw. She hearing him, turned
back, and seeing him very ugly, said, Sir, I wish I
tould, in Return, say as much by you. So you may, by
G——, Madam, said he, and lye as I did.

at by all who came in his Company, told some of his Acquaintance, That he had a happy Quality of laughing at all who laugh'd at him. Then, said one of them, you lead the merriest Life of any Man in Christendom.

Pasquin, to which, in the Night-Time, People affix the Libels which they dare not own. A Kind of dumb Satire on the Vices of the Grandees, not sparing even the Pope

himself, as may be seen by the following Story.

A late Pope being descended from a very mean Family, on his Advancement to the Holy See, bestowed great Preferments on most of his beggarly Relations; whereupon Pasquin, on the next great Festival, early in the Morning, was observed to have an extreme dirty Shirt on, with a Scroll of Paper in his Hand, wherein was written; How now, Pasquin, what so dirty on a Holiday! And under that his Answer: Alas! I can have no clean Linnen, because my Washer-Woman is made a Princess.

Pirate, who was brought Prisoner to him, Why he was so bold as to rob and plunder in his Seas? He answered, That he did it for his Profit, and as Alexander himself was used to do: But because I do it with one single Galley, I am called a Pirate; but you, Sir, subo do it with a great Army, are called a King. This bold Answer so pleased Alexander, that he set him at Liberty.

go by, attended by a great many Soldiers, laugh'd; the Archbishop pressed him to know the Reason: It is because I wonder, said the Ploughman, to see an Archbishop arm'd and followed, not by Churchmen, but by Soldiers, like a General of an Army. Friend, reply'd the Archbishop, in my Church I perform the Part of an Atchbishop with my Clergy; but in the Field, I march like a Duke, accompanied by my Soldiers. I understand you, my Lord, answered the Peasant, but pray tell me, when my Lord Duke goes to the Devil, what will then become of my Lord Archbishop?

537. The Duke of Guise, after a Battle fought between Francis I. and Charles V. reproach'd one Fillandry, that tho' he was in complete Armour, yet he had not been feen in the Fight. I'll make it out, answered Villandry, boldly, that I was there, and in a Place where you durst not be seen. The Duke, nettled at this Reproach, threatened to punish him severely; but he appealed him with these Words: I was, my Lord, with the Baggage, where your Courage would not

fuffer you to be.

538. Hermon was so covetous, according to the Testimony of Lucibius, that dreaming one Night he had spent some Money, hang'd himself in the Morning; but Dinarches Philo quitted the Design he had once taken to hang himself, because he grudged the Expence of a Rope.

139. A French Courtier who was a little suspected of Imbecility, one Day meeting the Poet Benseraud, who had often jeer'd him; Sir, said he, for all your filly Jests, my Wise was brought To-Bed of a Boy two Days

Days ago. Faith, reply'd Benseraud, I never question'd wour Wife.

being to be married to a strapping Fellow of about thirty, the young Lady's Mother was severely rallied at a Tea-Table Conversation, for consenting to such an unequal Match; the old Gentlewoman said, in her Defence, That she had much rather her Daughter should smart than itch.

541. Dr. M——d, coming out of Tom's Coffee-House, an impudent broken Apothecary met him at the Door, and accosted him with a Request to lend him sive Guineas; Sir, said the Doctor, I am surprized that you should apply to me for such a Favour, who do not know you! Oh, dear Sir, reply'd the Apothecary, it is for that very Reason; for those who do, won't lend me a Farthing.

542. A Gentlewoman cheapening a Close-Stool, bid too little for it; the Cabinet-Maker, to persuade her to give more, desired her to look on the Goodness of the Lock and Key. As for that, answered the Gentlewoman, I value it not, for I design to put nothing into it, but what

I care not who feals out ..

543. An old superstitious Roman, who had his Buskins Rat-eaten, consulted Cato, in a grave Manner, what such an Accident might portend. Cato bad him set his Mind at rest, for there would come no Mischief on't. But, said the Philosopher, if your Buskins bad eaten the Rats, it might have been dangerous.

544. Philip, King of Macedon, after the Battle of Cheronea, having generously set all his Athenian Prifoners free; upon their unconscionably demanding their Baggage, Sure, said he, these Men fancy we had but a

Mock-Fight.

2 1804

of the Scriptures, to prove that they favour'd more of the Politician than the Christian. I fee, said she, my Lord, you have read the Scriptures, but not the Book of Kings.

Lord Chancellor Bacon, at a small Country Seat, which he had built for himself, before his Preferment; the ask'd him, How it came that he had made himself for small a House? It is not I, Madam, answered he, who have made my House too small for myself, but your Majesty, who have made me too big for my House.

547. Some Persons praising a generous Prince for Virtues he had not; Well, said he, I'll do my utmost to

hinder your telling an Untruth.

548. King William III. being upon a March, for some secret Expedition, was intreated by a General to tell him what his Design was: The King, instead of answering him, ask'd him, Whether, in Case he should tell him, he could keep it a Secret, and would let it go no farther; the General promised it should not. Well, answered his Majesty, I know how to keep a Secret as well as you.

549. One faid Sir John Cutler looked very difinally when Night came on, not because it brought Darkness with it, but because Day-Light saved him a Candle.

one Day to his Father, begg'd him to let him have an Hundred Pounds, which would make him perfectly easy in his Affairs. Why, The', said the Father, it is very strange you can't live upon your Salary, your Benefit, and other Advantages; when I was of your Age, I never spent any of my Father's Money. I do not know that, answered the Son, but I am sure you bave spent a great

many Hundred Pounds of my Father's Money.

Evidence in a Court of Judicature, in a Cause where the Terms of Mortgager and Mortgagee were frequently used, the Judge ask'd the Countryman if he knew the Difference between the Mortgager and the Mortgagee: Yes, said he, it is the same as between the Nodder and the Noddee. How is that, reply'd the Judge. Why, you sit there, my Lord, said the Clown, and I nod at you; then I am the Nodder, and your Lordship is the Noddee.

Why he look'd so sad? I have a very good Reason for it, answered the other; poor Jack Such-a-one, the greatest Chroney and best Friend I had in the World, was hang'd but two Days ago. What had he done, said the First? Alas, reply'd the other, he did no more than you or I should have done on the like Occasion; he found a Bridle in the Road, and took it up. What, answered the other, hang a Man for taking a Bridle! That's hard, indeed. To tell the Truth of the Matter, said the other, there was a Horse ty'd to the other End of it.

was beheaded in the Reign of King Charles II. when on the Scaffold, he delivered his Watch to Dr. Gilbert Burnet, afterwards Bishop of Salisbury: Here, Sir, said he, take this, it shows Time; I am going into Eternity,

and shall have no longer any Need of it.

554. In the Days of Yore, said Winefrid, an English Bishop, the Priests were Gold Priests, and the Chalices were Wooden Ones: But now, O Tempora! O Mores! How are Things overturned; we have Golden

Chalices, and Wooden Priests.

Duke de Villa Medina's gallant Behaviour at a Tournament, told him one Day, That she would absolutely know who his Mistress was: Villa Medina excused himself a-while, but at last yielding to her Curiosity, he promised to send Her her Picture. The next Morning he sent her Majesty a Packet; wherein the Queen finding nothing but a small Looking-glass, presently understood the Spaniard's Meaning.

It must needs be confessed, that this was a very ingenious Contrivance; and there's no Question, but this great and witty Princess, who was so pleased to be counted beautiful, was well enough satisfy'd with this dumb De-

claration of Love.

556. A Dyer, in a Court of Justice, being order'd to hold up his Hand, that was all black; Take off your Glove, Friend, said the Judge to him. Put on your Speciacles, my Lord, answered the Dyer.

tag

Maid Servant about Work and Wages, ask'd her, among other Questions, What Religion she was of? A lack about the poor innocent Girl, I never troubled my Head about that, for Religion, I thought, was only for Gentlefolks.

tunate with a marry'd Lady, who was resolved no longer to suffer his Addresses, dismiss'd him with this modest Answer: Sir, whilft I was a Child I obey'd my Mother, when I was grown up I obey'd my Father; and now that I am marry'd I obey my Husband: So that if you

defire any Thing from me, you must get his Confent.

559. Admiral Chatillon being on a Holyday gone to hear Mass in the Dominican Friers Chapel, a poor Fellow begg'd his Charity, just as he was most intent on his Devotions. He felt in his Pocket, and gave him feveral Pieces of Gold, without counting them, or minding what they were. The confiderable Alms fo dazzled the Beggar's Eyes, that he was amaz'd at it. As M. Chatillon was going out of the Church Door, where the poor Man waited for him, Sir, faid he, flewing him, what he had given him, I cannot tell whether you intended to give me so large a Sum; if not, I am very ready to return it. The Admiral, wondering at the Honesty of the Man, said, I did not, indeed, bonest Man, intend to have given you so much; but, since you have the Generofity to offer to return it, I will have the Generosity to desire you to keep it.

Figure than his Fortune could well bear, and the Regiment not being paid as was expected, was forced to put off a great Part of his Equipage; a few Days after, as he was walking by the Road Side, he saw one of his Soldiers sitting lousing himself under an Hedge: What are you doing there, Tom, said the Officer. Why Faith, Sir, answered the Soldier, I am following your Example,

getting rid of Part of my Retinue.

561. One who had formerly been rich, but had fquandered away his Estate, and left himself no Furniture in his House but a sorry Bed, a little Table, a few broken

Chairs; and fome other odd Things; feeing a Parcel of Thieves, who knew not his Condition, breaking into his House in the Night, he cried out to them, Are not you a damn'd Pack of Fools to think to find any Thing here in the Dark, where I can find nothing by Day-Light

562. A Man of Quality in the Country, whose Wife had not the best Reputation in the World, and whose Children had been very short liv'd, looking earnestly one Day upon a Peafant fitting at his own Door, with five or fix lufty Boys about him. Pr'ythee, honest Fellow, faid my Lord; bow do you poor Folks do to get so many brave healthy Children? when I, who am rich, and able to maintain them bandscmely, can get none that will live. Wby, an't please your Lordship, answered the Bumpkin, we poor Folks e'en take Pains to get them ourselves.

563. A certain great Lord having, by his Extravagancies, run himself over Head and Ears in Debt; and feeming very little concern'd about it, one of his Friends told him, one Day, That he wondered how he could fleep quietly in his Bed, whilst he was so much in Debt. For my Part, faid my Lord, I fleet very well, but I

wonder how my Creditors can.

564. A Bishop of Cervia in Italy came in great Haste to the Pope, and told him, that it was generally reported, his Holiness had done him the Honour to make him Governor of Rome. How, faid the Pope, don't you know that Fame spreads a great many false Reports, and I dare

fay you'll find this one of them.

565. A Gascon, one Day reading, in Company, a Letter he had just received from his Father, who, therein, acquainted him that he was threatened with an Affessment, which would be very hard upon him, whose whole Estate was not above two hundred Livres per Annum. This Sum was written in Figures, thus (200.) But the Cascon reading two Thousand instead of two Hundred, a Lady that flood behind him, and read the Letter without uttering a Word, so that he could not perceive her, hearing him fay two Thousand; Hold, bold, Sir, faid the, there are but two Hundred. Let me Chicam may bed in a track have the common to be

A. Sarus y lates saves a decision has discussive

be hang'd, faid he, turning about to her, if the Coxcomb. meaning his Father, bas not forgot a Cypher adw asysta

566. Another Gascon Officer, who had served under Henry IV. King of France, and not having received any Pay for a confiderable Time, came to the King, and confidently faid to him; Sir, three Words with your Majesty, Money or Discharge, Four with you, answered his Majesty, neither one, nor t'other.

567. A certain Italian having wrote a Book upon the Art of making Gold, dedicated it to Pope Leo X, in Hopes of a good Reward. His Holiness finding the Man conflantly following him, at length gave him a large empty. Purse, faying, Sir, fince you know bow to make Gold, you can have no Need of any Thing but a Purse to put it in.

\$68. A Scotch Pedlar, being very much diffres'd for a Lodging, came at last to a Hut, where with some Difficulty he prevail'd on his Hoft to put him to Bed to a Couple of Countrymen, that were just got in before: They were fast a-sleep, and Sawney thrust in between them, in Hopes of warming himself; his Bedsellows being jolly Fellows, the Bed none of the largest, and the Night very cold, they endeavoured to keep as much in the Middle of it as possible, which made them squeeze the poor Scot extremely, who was very uneafy in his Post, and wanting to do what no body could do for him, and being unwilling to get up, left they should refuse him Entrance again, play'd his Water-Engine on him that was in the Front; at which the Fellow awakened, and ask'd the Pedlar what he was about. Hush, fays Sawney, you are well off, for I am doing t'other Thing upon t'other.

569. A Countryman seeing a Lady in the Street in a very odd Dress, as he thought, begg'd her to be pleas'd to tell him what she called it. The Lady, a little furprized at the Question, called him Impertinent Fellow. Nay, I hope no Offence, Madam, cry'd Hodge; I am a poor Countryman, just going out of Town, and my Wife always expects I should bring her an Account of the newest Fashion, which occasioned my enquiring what you call this that you wear. It is a Sack, faid she, in a great Pet. I have heard, replied

## m JOE MILLERS JESTA

Countryman, (heartily nettled at her Bellaviour) of Pig in a Poke, but nower fand a Sow in a Sack before.

sity in beating his Wife to severely as he often did. Go, you are a Fool, and ignorant of the Scriptures, says he, else you would know that it is a Proof of my Love for her, otherwise I would not be at the Trouble: But he that the Lord loveth he chastizeth; and to do I.

671. Of all the difinterested Professors I have ever heard of, I take the Boatswain of Dampier's Ship to be the most impudent, but the most excusable. You are to know, that in the wild Searches that Navigator was making, they happen'd to be out at Sea, far distant from any Shore, in Want of all the Necessaries of Life: infomuch that they began to look, not without Hunger, on each other. The Boatfwain was a fat, healthy, fresh Fellow; and attracted the Eyes of the whole Crew. In such an extreme Necessity, all Forms of Superiority were laid afide: The Captain and Lieutenant were fafe only by being Carrion; and the unhappy Boatfwain in Danger only by being worth eating. thort, the Company were unanimous, and the Boatfwain must be ent up. He saw their Intention, and defired he might speak a few Words before they proceed. ed; which being permitted, he delivered himself as follows:

Gentlemen Sailors,

Far be it that I should speak it for any private Interest of my own; but I take it, that I should not die with a good Conscience, if I did not consess to you that I am not sound. I say, Gentlemen, Justice, and the Testimony of a good Conscience, as well as Love of my Country, to which I hope you will all return, obliges me to own, that Black Kate of Deptsord has made me very unsit to eat; and, I speak it with Shame, I am asraid, Gentlemen, I shall poison you.

This Speech had a good Effect in the Boatfwain's Favour; but the Surgeon of the Ship protested he had cured him very well and offered to eat the first Steak

himfelf.

11

tl

a

D

th

 $T_i$ 

K

W

M

Bu

The Bostovain replied, (like an Orator, with Notion of the People, and in Hopes to gain Time he was heartily glad if he could be for their Service thanked the Surgeon for his Information. However, he I must information to the service of the servi he, I must inform you for your own good, that I have ever fince my Cure been very Thirty and Dropfical; therefore I prefime it would be much better to tap me, and drink me off, than eat me at once, and have no Man in the Ship fit to be drank. As he was going on with his Harangue, a fresh Gale arose, and gave the Crew Hopes of a better Repail at the nearest Shore, to which they arrived next Morning of State 1 2000 700 has need from next

572. A proud Parfon, and his Man, riding over 2: Common, law a Shepherd tending his Flock, and having a new Coat on the Parson asked him, in a haughty Tone, who gave him that Coat; the fame, faid the Shepherd, that cloathed you, the Parish. The Parion nettled at this, rode on, murmuring, a little Way, and then be his Man go back, and ask the Shepherd if he'd come and live with Him, for he wanted a Fool. The Man going accordingly to the Shepherd, delivered his Mafter's Message, and concluded, as he was ordered, that his Mafter wanted a Fool; why are You going away then, faid the Shepherd; no, answered the Other; then you may tell your Master, reply'd the Shepherd, his Living can't maintain Three of us.

573. An Old Woman, who had a very handsome Daughter, had a great Jealoufy and Fear, that one Mr. John Turner, a young Fellow in the Neighbourhood, had a great Mind to be too buly with her; and as the apprehended, watching them pretty narrowly, she caught them in the very Fact upon the Bed in the Garret, upon which she hollow'd out, with a dismal Groan, O! John Turner ! John Turner ! No, I think, Mother, faid he.

She lyes very well already.

574. An idle young Lad, being lounging about in the Kitchen, in a Gentleman's House, one Sunday Morning, when all the Family were at Church, but the Gook. Maid and a Groom, who had a Mind to be about a little Business by themselves; the Wench asked him why he did not go to Church as the reft of the Family did? The

Boy faid, he never was at Church in his Life, and did not know what to do when he came there, and knew no one that was there. O, faid the, you are to do Nothing yourfelf, but mind what other People do and fay, and as for Acquaintance there, you'll find enough, and those that have the most Business there. You know Mr. Johnson, said she, the Parson; yes, very well, answered the Boy: And Mr. Adams the Clerk, faid she; Ay, to be fure, replied the Boy, what will they be there? Well they're very civil People, I shall come to no harm in their Company; and so away he marched. But in less than Half an Hour, the Boy came running home again in a terrible Fright: Why, what's the Matter, Tom, cry'd the Cook Maid, is Church done already ? Nay, faid the Boy, I know not whether or no the Church be done, but I am fure there's a great deal of Mischief done by this Time. How for faid the Maid. It's all owing to that Rogne Adams, faid the Boy, I shall never have a good Opinion of him again, as long as I live. Mr. Jabnfon and he have had a lamentable Battle. Mr. Johnson got up into a Place and spoke very mildly and very civilly, I thought, to Mr. Adams, and to be fure he gave him two Words for one, and I don't know how many People joined with him, then Mr. Johnson spoke again to pacify them, but Adams and all his Gang were immediately at him again, and so they went on for a long Time, Nobody taking poor Mr. Johnfon's Part; however he talked fo, that he made them quiet for a good while; but upon some Word, I suppose, that was taken amis, up started Adams, and called for two Staves at once, and then all the People fell into fuch a Haloboloo, and I ran out of the Church, and I wish they have not killed poor Mr. Johnson by this Time.

575. As the last mentioned Lad seemed to know very little of what belonged to the Care of his Soul, so that Lad had as little Regard to his Body, who running along the Gunnel of a Ship, with a Can of Flip in his Hand, of which he was to have a Part himself, when a Cannon Ball came fuddenly, and took off one of his Legs, Look you there now, Damn it, faid he, all the Flip's Spilt.

576. Lord Falkland, the Author of the Play called The Marriage Night, was chose very young to fit in Parlia-

ment

h

ment; and when he was first elected, some of the Mem ters opposed his Admission, urging, That be had not forwed bis wild Oats; then, reply'd he, it will be the beff Way to fow them in the House, where there are so many Geese to

pickthem up.

577. The Duke of \_\_\_\_\_ afked a Friend, who he thought had undertaken the most difficult Talk, Mr. Wbifton, in his Attempt to discover the Longitude, or Mr. Lifte, to find the Philosopher's Stone; the Friend answered, that he could not tell which was the most arduous Task of the two, which those Gentlemen had undertaken, but he was fure that he had himfelf engaged in a much more difficult Work than either of them; what is that faid his Grace? I have been these fix Years endeavouring to prevail on you to pay your Debts, reply'd the Friend.

578. When Mrs. W nhirst acted Sir Harry Wildair. at Drury-Lane Play-bouse, coming off the Stage into the Green-Room, I believe, faid she, that one Half of the House take me really for a Man: To which faid Mrs. Clive, but the other Half, Madam, know to the contrary.

579. A School-Mafter asking one of his Boys, in a fharp wintry Morning, what was Latin for Cold, the Boy hesitating a little, what Sirrah, said he, can't you tell? Yes, yes, replied the Boy, I have it at my Fingers Ends.

580. When the Gate, which joined to Whitehall, was ordered, by the House of Commons, to be pulled down, to make the Coach-way more open and commodious; a Member made a Motion, that the other, which was contiguous to it, might be taken down at the same Time; which was opposed by a Gentleman, who told the House that he had a very high Veneration for that ancient Fabric, that he looked upon it as a Noble Piece of Antiquity, that he had the Honour to have lived by it many Years; and therefore humbly begg'd the House would continue the Honour to him, which would really make him unhappy to be deprived of it now. Counsellor Hungerford seconded the Gentleman, and said, Twould be a thousand Pities, but he sould be indule'd to live fill by his Gate, for he was fure he could never live by his Style.

581. Two Persons, Male and Female, having at once met with three irrefutible Temptations, Time, Place and Confent, made use of the Occasion, and were very wicked by bufy, but the Wench being more troubled about her Credit than Conscience, crys to him, If this bould come out I am utterly widone; to which, he answered, If it do

not I am fure I shall be utterly undone.

582. A Nobleman having presented King Charles II. with a fine Horse, his Majesty hade Killigrew, who was present, tell him his Age, whereupon Killigrew goes and examines the Tail: What are you doing, said the King I that is not the Place to find out his Age. O! Sir, said Killigrew, Your Majesty knows one should never look a Gift Horse in the Mouth.

one Day as he passed along the Road near Naples, a Man standing up to the Chin in a Puddle of dirty Water; not able to guess at the Meaning of it, he cry'd out to him, What are you catching there, Friend? Cold, reply'd the other, for I am to sing the Base Part in the Operato Night; but suppose, said the Gentleman, you catch your Death, why then said the other, the Opera may be damn'd.

Play of his own Writing, was explaining the Plot and Defign of it to a Courtier. The Scene of it, faid he, is in Cappadocia; and to judge rightly of the Play, a Man must transport himself into the Country, and get acquainted with the Genius of the People. You say right, answered the Courtier, and I think it would be best to have it about there.

585. A young Man, who was a very great Talker, making a Bargain with Isocrates to be taught by him, Isocrates asked double the Price that his other Scholars gave him; and the Reason, said he, is, that I must teach the two Sciences, one to Speak, and the other to hold thy

Jongue.

amorous Design upon his Landlady, a comely young Milliner, to give her a Hint of what he'd be at, clap'd a Guinea on one of his Eyes, and stared her in the Face with the other. The Doxy, presently taking his Meaning, Sir, said she, Love, I have been told, is not blind of one only, but both Eyes.

587.

fi

tz T

0

ch

## POE MILLER MILLER A

Flitch of Bacon, which is to be given to every married Pair, who can Iwear they have had no Dispute, nor once repented their Bargain in a Year and a Day; the Steward ready to deliver it, ask d where they would put it; the Husband produced a Sack, and told him in that. That, answer d the Steward, is not near big enough to hold it. So I told my Wife, reply d the goodMan; and I believe we have had an hundred Words about it. Ay, said the Steward, but they were not such as will butter any Cabbage to be eat with this Bacon; and so hangs the Flitch up again.

### MORAL SENTENCES.

THE furest Way of Governing, both in a private Family and a Kingdom, is, for a Husband and a Prince sometimes to drop their Prorogative.

The greatest Men may sometimes over-shoot the felves; but their very Mistakes are so many Lessons of

Instruction.

Not only Religion and Law, but even Gold and Sil-

ver, are falfify'd to procure Gold and Silver.

Vern, where you treat yourself as well as him, and entail a Thirst and Head ach upon him next Morning. Treating a poor Wretch with a Bottle of Burgundy, or filling his Snuff-Box, is like giving a Pair of lac'd Ruffles to a Man that has never a Shirt to his Back. Put somewhat in his Pocket.

Profeerity, as it is not every one's Fortune, so every one

cannot bear it, commit our page

A beautiful Face is a filent Commendation—as a good Outfide is the best Sir Clement Cotterel in a strange Place.

A Pen in a conceited Man's Hand is like a Sword in a Madman's, with this Difference only, that the Law lays hold of the former and acquits the latter.

A Woman never repents of a Fool fo heartily, as in

the Arms of a Man of Sense.

Were we to believe nothing but what we can compre-

### 118 JOH MILLERWINGS

hend, every Man upon the Face of the Earth would be an Atheist.

A Fool, like a Coward, is more to be fear'd behind a Man's Back, than a witty Man. For as a Coward is more bloody than a brave Man, a Fool is more malicious than a Man of Wit.

Beauty foon obtains Pardon for the Pain it gives, when it applies the Balfam of Compassion to the Wound: But a fine Face, and a hard Heart is almost as bad as unugly Face, and a fost one; both very troublesome to many poor Gentlemen.

Death only has the Key of a Miser's Chest, and the Devil unlocks it.

As 'tis a black Crime to forget the Favours we have receiv'd from others, so we should not be too mindful of the Favours which others have receiv'd from us.

He who laughs at Mischief, tells us he is pleas'd that it is done, tho' he is forry that he had no Hand in it.

Collectors for the Poor provide usually for themselves first, imagining as they say, that Charity begins at Home.

The World is truly compared to a State-Play, by Reafon there is so much Dissimulation in it, whereing like Players, most Persons act the Part of others, and not their own, and as the part of others, and not

Tis very hard to know the Worth of Persons, by the common Characters which are given of them, Interest and Conceit, are loud and talkative, and Ignorance always go along with the Stream.

The Success of Gamesters, like the Sea, has its Ebbs. and Flowings, and Fortune is the only coy Mistress that ever shunn'd her Admirers after Enjoyment.

What are Vices in some, are Virtues in others, according to the Circumstances and Constitutions of Mankind.

This Life is short and miserable at the best, it is no continuing City for the wisest and most virtuous of Men ? Tis but a Pilgrimage, we are all Travellers, the whole World is but one large Inn, every Inhabitant of which is a Steward to God,

Princes, as they are faid to be the Fountain of Ho.

nour, flould never be dry, by being worfe than their Words.

If we go empty handed to Court for Preferment, we must expect to come empty back too. a nada , was a new

A Gamester, the greatest Master he is in his Art, the worse Man he is.

If Vices were upon the whole Matter profitable, the virtuous Man would be the Sinner, made to the selection of

In taking Revenge, the very Hafte we make is cri-Fore and a falt unth get h yane troublelerse to man tanim

He that injures one threatens an Hundred.

That fick Man does ill for himfelf, who makes his Physician his Heir. Devil unlocky lives:

"Tis Part of the Gift, if you deny handsomely what is alked of you.

The Coward calls himself a wary Man, the Miser fays he is frugal, and the Fool cries up his own Wit.

'Tis a strange Defire which Men have, to seek Power

and lose Liberty.

Great Numbers import not much in Armies where Courage is wanting; for, as Virgil says, It never troubles the Wolf bow many the Sheep be.

'Tis fafer fleeping in a good Conscience than a whole

The fenfible Man, and the filent Woman, are the best Conversation. The first seek of the bear seek was

The best Company makes the Upper End of the Ta-

ble, not the Salt.

The Epicure puts his Money in his Belly, and the Mifer his Belly in his Purse. An envious Man keeps his Knife in his Hand, and swallows his Meat whole.

He that lets his Tongue run before his Wit, cuts other

Men's Meat, and his own Fingers.

He who fins that he may repent, furfeits that he may take Physic.

A young Fellow who falls in love with a Whore,

may be faid to fall asleep in a Hog-stye.

A covetous rich Man may be faid to freeze before the Fire; to be a mere Dog in a Wheel, that toils to roaft Meat for other Men's eating.

Where Vice is a State Commodity, as in some Popish I 4 Countries.

### TO JOE MILLER'S JIST'S.

Those are aptest to domineer over others who by suf-

fering Indignities have learn'd to offer them.

The Wounds of an ancient Entity leave their Scars behind, which feldom are healed to well to the Sight, but they lie open to the Memory.

It is the wholfomest getting a Stomach by walking on one's own Ground; and the thristiest Way of as-

fwaging it, at another's Table. had admin bhismall

Nothing is more amiable than true Modesty: and nothing more contemptible than that which is false; the one guards Virtue; the other betrays it. True Modesty is asham'd to do any thing that is repugnant to right Reason; salse Modesty is asham'd to do any thing that is opposite to the Humour of those with whom the Party converses: True Modesty avoids every thing that is criminal; salse Modesty every thing that is unfashionable. The latter is only a general, undetermin'd Instinct; the former is that Instinct limited and circumscrib'd by the Rules of Prudence and Religion.

Good-Nature is more agreeable in Conversation than Wit, and gives a certain Air to the Countenance, which is more amiable than Beauty. It shews Virtue in the fairest Light; takes off, in some Measure, from the Deformity of Vice, and makes even Folly and Imperti-

nence supportable.

Cardinal Wolsey, who was the most absolute and wealthy Minister of State that England ever had; who seem'd to govern all Europe, as well as the Kingdom wherein he liv'd; when he came to the Period of his Life, left the World with his stinging Reslection on his own ill Conduct. Had I been as diligent, said he, to serve my God, as I was to please my King, he wouldn't bave abandon'd me thus in my grey Hairs.—A melancholy Reslection for all worldly-minded Men, who have the Power and Means of doing good in the World, and have not Resolution enough to do it.

Every Virtue gives a Man a Degree of Felicity in some Kind; Honesty gives him a good Report; Justice, Estimation; Prudence, Respect; Courtesy and Muniscence

universal

#### POE MELLERE HESTS. OF

universal Affection : Tiemperance confers on him Health of Body, and Fortitude fuch a steady and quiet Mind, as not to be thould whatever happens.

Every State and Condition of Life, if attended with

Virtue, is undisturb'd, and perfectly delightful.

The Madness of Liove is to be fick of one Part, and cur'd by another. The Madness of Jealousy to feek diligently, yet hope to lofe one's Labour. bear some fi

The Means of begetting a Man, has more increased

Mankind than the End. Now of indicates a line in the

Use makes every Posture familiar to the Body, and

The Pleasure which Coxcombs afford, is like that of Drinking, only good when 'tis thar'd; and a Fool like a Bottle, which makes one merry in Company, makes one dull alone. first or an action to the

Railing is now grown fo common, that itis more the Fashion than Malice; and the Absent think they are no more the worse for being rail'd at, than the Present think

they are the better for being flattered.

A Woman may appear the greater Fortune, but not the greater Beauty, for her Drefs: And as Fools are never more provoking, than when they are endeavouring at Wit, fo ugly Women are never more nauseous, than when they would be Beauties. tendiction of the att

A long Preface to a short Book is like a large Porch Court nutre (18 har 28

to a little House.

A handsome Wife and a fine House is a Country Parfon's Coat of Arms: A Tithe Capon and a Tithe Pig

are the two Supporters.

to accept all furnity Five of the most agreeable Things on a Journey, are Money in one's Pocket, a good Road, a wholfome Bed, Fine Weather, and a kind Landlady; if the be handfome too, 'tis fo much the better.

We may reasonably compare the Gifts of Fortune to an Eel, which we no fooner have in our Hands, but the

flips thro' our Fingers. The said to said had sowed

Courage without Conduct in a General, is like Fancy in a Poet without Judgment; but how admirable is it when they meet in both.

One speaking of an old fashioned Country-House, faid.

#### 122 JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

faid, It look d like Noab's Ark, as if it had been made for the Beaks of the Field and the Fowls of the Air.

A Man and his Wife, faid one, are like the Sign of the Spread-Eagle, one looks one Way and tother the other.

A painted Woman is like a gilded Pill; Fools admire the Former, and Children the Latter for the Diffusite.

An insufficient old Man, marrying a young Wife, is like the Vanity of taking a fine House, and yet be forc'd to let Lodgings to help to pay the Rent.

A rich Fool among the Wife, is like a gilt empty Bowl

among the Thirsty.

Beauty in a virtuous Woman, is like the Bellows, whose Breath is cold, yet makes others burn.

Wit and a Woman are two frail Things, and both the

frailer by concurring.

In a mixt Monarchy Salaries should not be so great as

When Salaries run high, and that for little or no Service, we ever think No-body deserves them but our selves.

Debauching a Member of the House of Commons from his Principles, and creating him a Peer is not much better than making a Woman a Whore, and afterwards

marrying her.

Men naturally love their Princes, as appears by the Court made to them in the Beginning of their Reigns; yet it feldom lasts long, by Reason Princes often mistake their true Interest, and enrich their Courtiers at the Expence of their People: Preferring, as it were, the Paraquet and Mankey, that are of no folid Use to them, to the Sheep and Oxen that seed and cloath them.

A Prince, 'tis certain, ought to be religious; but it is absolutely necessary he seem so: For the People will never promise themselves any Felicity under him, if they do not think God on his Side; and on the contrary, will be art to impute the Disappointments of every Year to

his Want of Devotion.

An unquiet Life between Man and Wife leffens both in the Efteem of their Neighbours.

Beafts of Pleasure are seldom Beafts of Burthen; but

## JOE MILLER'S JESTS 123

of the two, a Prince had much better make a Favourite of his Minister, than a Minister of his Fayourite.

Familiarity, it is true, may breed Contempt, but Love is not to be gain'd without some Degree of it.

A Prince who parts with his Friends to please his Ene-

mies cools the one and enflames the other, see the

A Prince's Word ought to be equal to the Oath of a private Person: He should consider well before he gives it, but no Confideration can excuse the Breach of it,

When the People press for a new Ministry, they do not

mean a new Set, but a new Sort of Men.

A Man ought to be deaf to all Infinuations of Liberality, 'till he has fatisfy'd the Clamours of Right and Tuffice. Loo sie ikorio are not are to pen

Want of Good Laws is a very great Defect, but want of due Execution of them corrupts the very Vitals of Does necryheir own I hyfic.

Government.

What fignifies a King's Prerogative of chusing Officers Military and Civil, while his Courtiers have that of disposing of their Places?

A Prince who fells his Pardons, fells the innocent Blood of his Subjects, and is in some Measure, guilty of

the shedding of it.

Brains and Heads, not Powder and Perukes, must support a Government.

If a Courtier be discontented the worse for him; but

when a People is fo the worse for the Prince.

If a Player undertakes a Part above him, he will foon be his'd off the Stage: But if a Courtier does so, the Dignity of the Office covers him for a While; yet sooner or later it turns to his Difgrace.

Moderate Counsels are fafest both for him who takes

and for him who give them.

Adventures are like Leaps in Hunting, they bring you into the Chace sooner, but may chance to cost you a Falloris in the on

Great Men care not to converse with any but such as

are inferior to them in Parts.

A tall Tree feems yet taller among Shrubs, as some Men's Friendship shews their Contempt,

# ma JOE MILLERS MESTON

A Man of Sense and some Fortune thinks he have dear enough for an Employment, if he parts with the Liberty by giving his honest and diligent Attendance: therefore fuch feldom get into any.

Obstinacy is more a manly Fault than too much Basi ness; the one perhaps is too great Stiffness, but the other

is commonly a Weakness of Mind to brow a search

Warlike Princes feldom look well into their Accompts or Expendes; they have a fuperior Genius which makes them leave that groveling Part of Wildom to the Care and Pains of fuch as may be hired for those Ends but nevertheless Faith and Honesty are not to be is a half achas later of the Clamours of P. shquod

Tho' the People are not apt to perceive their Difeate. when shew'd them, yet they seldom fail of finding a of Kur Lxecution of them corrects the very webins

Dogs know their own Physic.

A Prince that exalts a Favourite, degrades himself.

He that procures the Benefit will fometimes be thought the Benefactor.

That Prince who has the Love of his Subjects may eafily fatisfy all Parties; but courting them is endless.

We are fometimes mistaken for Men of Pleasure, becanse we are Men of Business; and for Men of Businels, because we are not Men of Pleasure: A discreet Man finds Leifure for both, an inferior Genius for token a Beeme is to the world for neither.

It is a Reproach to the Nobility and Gentry of England, that for the most Part Men of no Birth fight their Battles, fill their Pulpits, and plead their Caufes; and also that Tradesmen, Vintners, and Stewards run away with their Estates.

An Officer should be continued in his Employment if he does his Duty; but great Rewards and high Preferments are only due to extraordinary Services. The state of

One Courtier speaks for another; so all of them ob-

tain what none of them deferve.

A King of England, if he pleases, may ride his Ministers, and spur them too; otherwise they will be apt to ride him.

### IOE MILLER'S JESOS 125

When Ministers refuse to serve but upon their own Terms, they are no longer Servants but Masters.

Ministers that are allow'd to put in and out when they please, make themselves Friends, but their Prince Enemies.

A Prince had better govern amis than impotently.

Twas aptly faid. That a Courtier out of Favour was

like a Lanthorn without a Candle."

A Court is many Times as heavy in a Monarchy, as Armies and Fleets in a Commonwealth; 'tis not so useful, and therefore ought to be retrench'd: Superfluous Offices are to be extinguish'd, and the rest lessen'd.

It is harder to find an bonest Man than an able one; Business which improves the one, corrupts the other.

Men as well as Women are debauch'd by Opportu-

nity.

Men should be employ'd in what they are fit for: A good Coachman should not be made your Cook, only because it is a better Place, and he has a Mind for it.

An English Discontent is like a Dog shut out of Doors

in a cold Night, who only howls to be let in.

A dull Fellow is presumed sincere: A Man that knows Tricks is thought to use them; so that we are upon our Guard with the one, and lie open to the other.

When a wife Man feems covetous, 'tis not that he loves Money more, but that he values the World and

Mankind less.

Tho' the Dead may not be concern'd in what happens after them, the Dying are, and ought to be; 'tis a Debt charg'd upon them, which in Honour and Conscience they ought to pay to their Posterity.

Much Reading begets more Doubts than it clears.

Learning makes a good Man better, an ill one worse.

The World grows older, but not wiser: Women and
Parliaments still trust the same Sort of Men who have

constantly deceived them.

Not this, or that Man, but Mankind in general is the Rogue: He that makes the Exception does it at his own Peril.

To undertake for what is not in our Power to perform,

## 126 JOE MILLERS JAPS,

is to mortgage an entail'd Estate, which is downright Knavery in a private Person.

'Tis great Impotence in a Prince not to be able to keep

his Word: Not to be willing is somewhat worse.

War is a Calamity, for which there is no Comfort, but that it is as bad for one Side as the other.

The defensive Weapons of Peace ought to be first try'd, such as Embassies and Treaties, in order to a Reconciliation.

If War must ensue, let it be rather a Raging than a Hectic Fever.

The Romans and other Heroes of Antiquity made War by wholesale; they conquer'd Kingdoms: We by Retale: Four or five Battles won, some on one Side, some on the other: Three or four Towns taken, ten Years War, fifty Millions paid and to pay on both Sides, and you are welcome Gentlemen to a very indifferent, and perhaps a short, Peace.

We should not measure Men by Sundays, without re-

garding what they do all the Week after.

Honour and Honesty are profess'd every where, yet

are very scarce to be found.

A Prince should never employ a Man who has no Reputation to lose: He brings nothing into his Service, and cares not what he carries out.

If a Man walks lame he is pity'd; if he dances lame he is laugh'd at: The one is unavoidable, the other is not.

The Man who fears neither Horse, Foot, nor Cannon,

will never stand in Awe of Pen, Ink, and Paper.

He who writes one Book out of an Hundred may be rather faid to be a Collector, than an Author; and flourishes like Covent-Garden Market, with Fruit, not growing, but withering upon his Hands.

No Man knows himself. Phalaris did not think he was a Tyrant, nor Julius Cæsar reckon himself an

Ufurper.

Pride, Infolence, and Arrogance, are the Bladders that keep Men above Water.

Modesty is a Kind of Fear that finks a good Man to the Bottom.

There

## JOE MILLER'S JESTS 127

There are Tyrants in Conversation as well as on the Throne; and are oftentimes not Men of half the Merit of those they insult.

Machiavel calls all Princes weak who are not war-

like; Solomon not excepted.

Greater Things might and would be done, were we

not so severe upon Miscarriages.

A Roman Conful had the Thanks of the Senate, tho he was beaten, that he did not despair; when if we lose one Ship we are presently for changing the Admiralty.

Old Men, fay they, are weary of the World, but the

World is first weary of them.

A Moderate Man may be a Friend to his Country, when the Furious and Violent are generally factious.

Fancy and Wisdom seldom go together; nor are they

Fruits of the same Soil or Season.

A fublime Fancy may by Age and Experience cool into Wisdom: Out of such the great Men of the World have been ever formed.

The Diseases of Wisdom are Covetousness and Ambition, those of Fancy are Lewdness and Luxury; the Former injure the World, the Latter only the Person that is infected with them.

The Great Vulgar are more to be despis'd than the Small. The one brutally neglect Learning, the other

want Means to obtain it.

Such as best deserve Friends are least industrious in pro-

curing them.

There are few great Men who have not facrific'd in the Temple of the Muses: King David wrote his Pfolms; Julius Casar a Poem in Praise of Hercules; Augustus Casar, his Ajax; Seneca his Tragedies; Our Oliver Cromwell made an extempore Distich, when he dissolv'd the Long Parliament, which for its Oddness I set down.

Magna Charta. Magna Farta,

The Law of God is but the Law of Reason reveal'd, and establish'd under those high Rewards and Punishments of Heaven and Hell.

A Wo.

### 128 JOE MILLERS JESSE

A Woman had rather lose her Gallant or Tylera than to a Rival.

The Reason why Women have a greater Share in the Government of France, than they have in that of England, is, because France is a Government of Men, and England a Government of Laws, the Former they know how to manage, the Latter they are not bred to understand.

Witty Men commit the most fatal Errors, as the strongest Horses make the most dangerous Stumbles.

A moderate Genius goes fair and foftly, and advances

flowly but more certainly to a Defign.

Men are commonly cheated when they first enter upon Play; and Women in their first Intrigue.

He who speaks against Religion deserves to be torn in Pieces by the Mob whom he endeavours to unchain.

The Clergy should let fall some of their Hypocrify, and the Gentry should take it up, that they may think the better of one another.

Fear may keep a Man out of Danger, but Courage

only can support him in it.

The Earl of Boswell fell out with Mary Queen of Scots, because she would not poison her Son, James I. to make

Way for his Isue by her to the Crown.

The Temper of the Mind is no more in our Power, than the Health of the Body; and we can't insure ourfelves from being angry To-morrow, any more than from having a Fit of the Cholic.

A Gentleman is judg'd of by his Company; a Work-

man, by his Tools; and a Prince by his Ministers.

Men venerate ancient Virtue, and envy the present;

while we look upon 'em thro' such different Glasses the

Former must carry it.

If a Man be powerful, 'tis ten to one if I be the hetter for him; if he be agreeable, 'tis the same Odds but I am: Yet the one is courted, the other is not.

Men are wanting to Opportunity, but Opportunity to

more.

There is never a Day passes wherein a Man may not be made miserable, yet there is no Day in which he is not proud, insolent and conceited.

The

# LOE MILLERY JETTE 129

The good Opinion we have of ourfelves is the Egun-

dation of what we have of others

It is Pity that the Justice of a Man's Cause cannot always early it against the Subtilty of his Adversary's Counsel.

The Fair Sex would be an agreeable Amusement to Mankind if they did not make to deep an Impression.

No Man has a particular Fault, which he does not

think he finds in all Mankind.

Reasons of State are so very intricate, that a good Minister can hardly be a good Man.

Interest that makes some Men blind, makes others very

fharp-fighted.

The Affability of some great Men is to make us believe, that their Goodness is greater than their Fortune.

Some Generals are prouder of a Scratch, than a pri-

Courage is not always innate; and a Man may learn

to be brave, as well as to exercise a Battalion.

Jealoufy is a pardonable Passion; it is only a Desire of keeping what is our own, or what, at least, we think so.

If we had not Faults of our own, we should not be

so glad to observe them in other People.

Some Persons preach and pray themselves into Reli-

gion, as Hobbs disputed himself out of it.

We tell others of their Faults more out of Pride, than a Defire they should mend, and call them to Account out of Ossentation, as if we ourselves were innocent.

The Lives of the Clergy second their Doctrines so ill, that they make Atheists of those that might prove ho-

nourable Converts.

The Papists would fain have the Doctrines of the Protestants thought new Inventions. One ask'd a Protestant, Where his Religion was before the Time of Luther? Did you wash your Face this Morning, replied he? Yes, answered the other. Then where was your Face, cry'd the other, before it was washed?

K

# 130 JOE MILLERISJES ON

Love is easier to counterfeit than conceal, yet if We's men did not flatter themselves we could not so much imper pose on them. I selled the themselves are could not so much imper pose on them.

It is the Nature of the Creature makes the Honey

fuckle Poison to the Spider, and not to the Bee. 10 an election

A Prince's Negligence or Fear, or fometimes a Word from a Favourite, or Importunity from fomebody elfe, makes a Pardon pass for an Act of Mercy when his Clemency had nothing to do in it.

To be often in Love shews Levity of Mind, but to be

never fo Stupidity.

He that forswears being in Love, proclaims himself a

He who marries for an Estate is happier than he expect-

ed, if he meets with a good Wife.

Matrimony is not fo heavy a Yoke as Batchelors pretend, nor fo eafy as the Husbands give out; yet would be a much more happy State than it is generally found, if it were entered upon as it ought.

Who thinks a Woman has no Merit but her Money,

ought to be a Cuckold.

A violent Paffion hardly ever brought two together, but

it made them miserable.

Many great Actions owe their Success to Chance, tho' the General and Statesman run away with the Applause.

'Tis not always Courage that makes a Man fight, nor

Chastity that keeps Women from being Whores.

A young Wench oftentimes loves a chargeable Bully better than a kind Keeper.

Some Men have been thought brave, because in the

hir

on

tha

Heat of the Battle they were afraid to run away.

Most Men are shocked when any one is very much commended. We think every body slattered but our-selves.

Reputation is a greater Tye upon Women than Nature, or they would not commit Murder to prevent Infamy.

There is a great deal of Hypocrify in fick Men; the Convulsions of their Eyes, and Contorsions of their Faces.

## IOE MILLERPMJEGE 12

are not always an Effect of Pain; they fpeak low to make ns believe them faint a they figh and thrield out to force our Compassion, then suddenly recollect themselves to Calm: By all these Grimaces of Pain they would preposfess us of the Greatness of their Sufferings; and by their Refignation persuade us of their Piety.

When a Woman has granted one Thing, the can aftermakes a Perconocia summanact of

wards deny nothing.

An unexpected Turn of Affairs has frequently given a

Luftre to an indifferent State man. 13 to 18 18 18 18 18 18

The Satisfaction we take in a Friend's good Fortune, is not from a Principle of Good-Nature but Interest; we expect to rife in our Turns, or to be the better for them that are rifen. Stratement adward 0

'Tis easier to ridicule than commend; a very little Understanding ferves for the First, but a Man must have a good deal of Judgment to do the Latter properly. SHORT AND IN I

Nothing makes us so easy in the unequal Distribution of the Goods of Fortune, as the Opinion we have of our

own Defert.

It was not Probity made the Philosophers contemn Riches, but their Vanity turned their Despair into a leeming Virtue.

Virtue is but a poor Reward to itself, yet very rarely

has any other.

If Kings had not gilded the Profession of Arms with Honour and Advantage, no reasonable Man would be a Sacrifice to their Ambition and Injustice, and profess himself an open Enemy to those who never did him any Harm.

The Diadem is not so soft lined, but that it fits heavy

on every Monarch's Brow.

It is a fad Truth, though Women won't believe it, that our Passion ends where theirs begins.

There must be a Concurrence of Chance to make a

great Man; Merit alone will never do it.

It is the Misfortune of Kings that the Grandeur of their Rank will not permit them to taste the Felicities of a private Life.

Some

sir y an arl hi than

### JOE MILLERINGERS

Some People pretend to be zealous Patriots only to cloak their Malice and Ambition ; therefore are allowy railing at Governments if they can have no Hand in

Wit often exposes a Woman to Danger, as Mettle does Sion perfunde us of their Platy.

a blind Horse.

Ladies will easily pardon a Man's Want of Sense but rarely his Want of Manners.

The weaken Judgments have the formed Pations

A Golden Shield is of great Defence Miles Marthan I

It gives us but an ill Impression of the Capacity of the Gentlemen of the Faculty, to see Medicines have their Fashions like Hats and Wigs: Nothing is cured now without Jesuits Powder, Opium and Steel.

Nothing fometimes stoops lower than Pride

A Fool nor a Coward can never be a real Friend

There is fomewhat that borders upon Madness in every exalted Wit.

That People which constitutes the Hohour and Safety

of a Prince should at least partake of his Smiles. A Prince may be familiar with his Subjects without de-

rogating from his Majesty, but not supércilious without 17 Y 13 17 17 19 19 Danger.

Ambassadors that Princes send are oftentimes looked upon as the Model of the Court they come from

It would be more for the Honour and Interest of 2 Prince to buy Men, than to fell Places.

A wife Prince should suit his Gifts to Mens Capacities,

not their Cravings.

A Game

Princes think it necessary to promise sometimes, when they know it would not be Wisdom to perform.

Pity is oftener Flattery than Affection.

He will never be thought a difinterested Member, who receives a Penfion from the Crown!

A Place at Court is a continual Bribe

Those will never value how much Money they give the King, who are to divide it after it is given.

We charge Nature with all our Faults, but make our Virtues pass for the Effect of our Reason and Choice, and both unjuffly.

Women

# JOE MILLERS JEST .

Women are those that do more Mischief by their Love, than their Hatred

We ought not to flatter ourselves, that we please in all Things, fince it would be fufficient if we could please their own Beauty, and the last that quit it. in some.

A Critic, in the modern Acceptation, rarely rifes in the World; his Profession keeps him under, when a candid Judge of Things gains every body's Effeem.

To have neither Menit nor Fortune is the greatest Unhappiness that can befalla Man; but the Gift of either re-

compenses the Want of one.

Either decline being truffed with a Secret, or endeavour to render yourfelf capable of keeping it.

He that affects always shewing his Wit, seldom fails of

letting the World know he has little or none.

The only Way to be revenged on a Perfor thattalkstoo

much is not to give him the Hearing.

Some People would please more in Conversation, if they did not endeavour to tell all in a Moment that they had been learning many Years.

Always apprehend the Vifits of those whose Memories, or Pockets, may furnish them with Means to disturb arely considerable Advantage a rich Man hauty

Pride does not become a rich Man; but it is insupport-

A Woman's Chastity is not to be endured when she expects an uncontroulable Liberty as the Reward of it.

A Woman's Virtue is commendable, provided the does

not value herself too much upon it.

A reasonable Gradation of Employments and Dignities is equally honourable to both Prince and People: But to have Mushrooms of State in a Day's Time over-top even the Cedars is monstrous as well as invidious.

There is no Woman but will be civil to her Husband when the has a Mind to conceal her Lover from him.

What ridiculous Oeconomy is there between a rampant

Wife and a couchant Husband.

Widows shed the more Tears out of Hopes of encouraging another Husband to expect the same Favour.

# JOE MILLER'S JESTS

A Gameffer's Goods are to often in the Broker's Hands, that they, in a Manner, become Proprietors of them.

Women are the first that are possessed of an Opinion of their own Beauty, and the last that quit it.

Gaming is only fit for thole who have great Effates, or those who have none.

If Women could be perfwaded that nothing but Knowledge can entitle them to talk, they would blush with Shame at being for ever obliged to hold their Tongues.

A Man that is capable of other Things, feldom understands Play; for what incapacitates him for that, makes

others good Gamefters.

Some Men read Polemic Divinity, not to confirm them in their own Religion, but to out-talk those of another.

Some have more Regard to the Floridness of a Preacher, than the Matter he handles: Thus we value the Beauty of a Flower beyond its Medicinal Virtues. A Haral

Courting Virtue for her own Sake, was but a haughty

Dogma of the Stoicks, to conceal their Hypochity

The most considerable Advantage a rich Man has, is that he may more fafely transgress the Law, because he has wherewithal to bribe the Judges. and hose to une odd

There is a great deal of Difference between Dying

and talking of Death.

Many Men's Virtues feem calculated for their present Stations; if they are exalted, they are diffraced like Pictures that hang in a wrong Light:

Continual shifting of Officers is the Ruin of Affairs; by that Time they have learned to be serviceable, their LICK STREET THOSE FEEL OF MALE

Commission must expire.

A Traitor that impeaches is twice a Villain; yet we fee fome dignify'd, all rewarded, while Men of real good Service want Bread.

The Thoughts of Freedom makes People cafy in a Republic, the' they fuffer more than under an arbitrary Managara Photo Mich and South

He that would rife at Court must have a large Throat

# JOE MILLER'S JESTS. 136

to fwallow Indignities, and a good frong Stomach to digeft them afterwards. and a good frong Stomach to di-

He that earries Merit to Court will quickly be crowd-

ed out of the Ring. not are tach find edrage der

Why should we wonder that Commodus is exalted fince

Scum will be always uppermost as well as Cream:

Every one defires a Friend, and yet very few can suffer Friendship: To tell a Man his Failings does not reform him, but incur his Hatred, and it may be, bring you to a Duel.

He that is truly Great will never be proud; as always

the most generous Wines carry the least Head.

A great Army in Time of Peace may be thought too expensive; but a small one in Time of War, may prove

a dangerous Parfimony.

Old Folks love young Bedfellows, not so much out of Tenderness as Policy: "Tis a Sort of applying Pigeons to their Feet; it gives a vital Warmth to decaying Nature.

Taking up Money at Interest, is like drinking in a Fever; it may gratify the Palate a little, but generally

does a great deal of Mischief to the Patient.

Where the Means of growing rich are not visible, the Person's Integrity will be suspected who has heaped up too much Wealth.

Some Men are so over-cautious, that they will hazard nothing; but a true Sportsman will hook a Gudgeon to

catch a Jack.

He who defires to live merely for living's Sake, has not a worthy Notion of his Being: He only puts a right Value upon Life, who defires it barely that he may do Good.

We may more reasonably expect great Actions from those that fight for Sasety than those that contend for Dominion. This is evident by the Battles of Thermopyle, Salamis, Platea, and Mycale; in all which Xerxes always lost more Men than he attack'd.

"Tis much more honourable to govern than to conquer; as a wife Head is better than a strong Arm.

'Tis not Chastity to be insensible of Youth and Beauty; nor Sobriety not to love Wine: 'Tis the not abusing K 4

# 36 STOR MILLERY JOES.

the Creatures that is a Virtue, not the omitting the Use of them.

The Affectation of the Stricks made Virtue feem very fevere; they frighten'd many from the Practice of it, to enhance their own Characters.

Duels are the Effects either of want of good Sense, a peevish Courage, or the Infusiciency of the Laws; and therefore are a Resection upon the Government, and no

Honour to the Parties that engage in them.

When our Actions run counter to our Pretentions, we find out different Terms for the same Fact; so think to evade the Scandal of Falshood and Hypocrify. Cromwell set up for Liberty and a free People, would not be King, yet would be a Protector, but that not without the Regalia.

Virtue in Retirement and Obscurity, is like a Coal under the Ashes, wasting away itself, and profiting no

body.

Patience under Misfortunes, is like Opiates in a Fever; toffing and tumbling only irritate the Distemper.

Continual Apologies for every Thing at Table are a thousand Times more troublesome than the Faults they would excuse.

He that is in the Wrong oftentimes deserves our Pity, but he that is unwilling to be in the Right, should have nothing but our Contempt.

He that judges of Virtue by Success will do Honour

to a great many Knaves.

Every little Club thinks Wit confin'd to it, as ev'ry

fmall Sect to monopolize Salvation.

Many that carry the Liberty of the People highest, ferve them as they do Trouts, tickle them 'till they catch them.

A moderate Degree of Pride has this Advantage, that it prepossesses several in our favour; while the Bashful are

too often thought to deserve nothing.

Wit is the Nimbleness of the Understanding, Wisdom the Strength. A witty Man seldom says a stoolish Thing, a wise Man never does one. They are commendable a part, but admirable together.

# JOE MILLERS JEETS. 27

but then it is but for a Time.

The best sewellers we the least Silver, and he that will fee his Thoughts to Advantage, must not overload them with Words.

Compliments and Ceremonies were invented to conceal the Hatred which Men naturally bear to one anootherisms.

Meddle with your Match is a Saying among Boys, a Rule of Honour among Men, and a wife one among Princes.

He that takes up Arms against his Prince, can never lay them down with Safety: 'Tis equally Folly for the one to expect a Pardon, and the other to grant it.

A Prince that turns out his Ministers upon every Complaint of the People, will not have a capable, or an honest Man long about him.

Great Men are like Wolves, we must not strike at them, unless we are secure of our Blow, for if we miss they will be sure to tear us to Pieces.

Tis a Mortification to a Prince to see an old Minister torn from him, but Self-Preservation is the first Law of Nature; and any Man in his Senses would sooner submit to part with his Crutch than his Leg.

Examples make a greater Impression upon us than Precepts: The Sight of Sir Edward B——b running after a Coach for Six-pence, will sooner reclaim a Prodigal than a Sermon.

A Change is not always for the best. We have sometimes seen the Ministry discarded, and a new set of Men brought in their Room ten Times worse than their Predecessors; like the Devil in the Gospel, that less the possess'd Man's Body, and came afterwards seventy strong.

All Parties blame Persecution when they feel the Smart on't, and all practise it when they have the Rod in their Hands. For all his pretended Meekness, Calvin made Roaltmeat of Structus at Geneva, for his Unorthodoxy.

When Moliere's Tartuff was acted in France, all the Churchmen complain d of it. The Festin de Saint Pierre, tho' a lewd beastly Piece, went down without the least

### 138 JOE MILLERPAJEST.

wry Face. At so much an easier Rate may a Man ex-

pose Religion, than Hypocrify!

It is very much to be questioned, whether Mr. Collier would have condescended to lash the Vices of the Stage, if the Poets had not been guilty of the abominable Sin of making familiar now and then with the Backshidings of the Cassock.

Affiduity is one of the best Qualities in a Courtier to recommend him to his Master. As Prince Maurice was once at Dinner, in came a huge Mastiss, and took Sanctuary under the Table. The Pages beat him out of the Room, and kick'd him, but for all that Monsieur le Chein came punctually at the same Hour next Day, and so continued his Visits, tho' they still continued the same Treatment to him. At last the Prince ordered them to beat him no more, and made much of him. From that Time the Mastiss commenc'd a perfect Courtier, sollow'd the Prince wherever he went, lay all Night at his Chamber Door, ran by his Coach Side as duly as one of his Lacqueys: In short, so infinuated himself into his Master's Favour, that when he died he settled a Pension upon him for Life.

'Tis a Sign of the last Necessity in an Author when he is forc'd to steal from himself. 'Tis worse than rob-

bing the Spital.

Mr. Shadwell, in one his Plays, is so honest as to own that he had stole a few Hints out of a French Comedy, but pretends it was rather out of Laziness than Want. This Confession, instead of mending Matters, would have hang'd him at the Old Baily, and why it should

fave him in Parnassus I can't tell.

Melissa looks as demure as a Nun, goes twice a Day to Church, abhors the Play-house and Players, has always a Catalogue of the Lent Preachers by Heart, rails at Patches and large Hoops, and yet is a Fury incarnate in a Corner. I went to pay Melissa a Sum, says a Gentleman, last Night, and she was so fond of my Money, that I thought in my Conscience she would have run away with the Purse.

We can't properly call that Man unhappy who knows nothing of his Misfortunes. Lifander's Wife is the most infatiable

infatiable Strumpet that ever liv'd; yet Lifander joggs on merrily, inores contentedly, and believes her honest. Tother Day he made a Visit to Charephon, whose Wife denies herself no innocent Freedoms, but is as chaste as a Vestal. Lord 1 cries Lifander, what an unlucky Wretch is poor Charephon, to have such a Viper in his Bosom.

He who makes a Jest of the Frailties of Nature, upbraids the God of Nature.

Such Persons as are in Haste to shew their Wit, lose the Grace of it, and offend in Conversation, as importunate Beggars do while they hang about your Coach.

The Man who is covetous when he is to make any extraordinary Expence, will stand in Need of a Dozen Friends to comfort him when he has done it.

False Devotion consists in this, that you defire to be thought Good and Pious; and true Devotion, that you are really fo.

It is very unjust to take Pains to aggravate what others have done amiss by Weakness or Surprize, and to bury in Oblivion, and never speak of, the Good they have done with any Kindness.

It is a wife Refolve never to liften to any Ill spoken of a Friend; but to declare that your Ears will be always open to hear any Good of him.

Charles V. was wont to fay, That the Clemency of a Prince is like the Heat of the Sun which hardened Dirt, whilst it softned Wax.

Recommend the good Actions of your Friends, ra-

ther than publish their bad Ones.

A Man ought to think one true Friend a Treasure, that he ought to keep with Care; for, when that is gone he must have good Luck indeed to find such another; it would be like having two of the highest Prizes in one Lottery.

A prudent and discreet Silence will be oftentimes of Advantage to a Man: We often repent of what we have faid, but feldom repent that we have held our

renedice nel-Alterialist vincere ric

Tongue.

# 140 JOE MILLER'S JESTS.

A Man should not value himself that he talks much in Company, but that he talks only when he ought, and

what he ought.

A Woman's Knowledge of her Duty to her Hushand, should appear so perfect, that it should seem like a Cement, which joins Obedience so well with Command, that it can hardly be distinguish'd who commands and who obeys.

Sugariericus as are m state 'o ficer thair Win, 'ofe the Grace of it and of and in Conversions, an imparatunate/Seggars do walle they hang about your Coston.

The Man who is downed which he late make any extraordinary Expérice, will final in Need of a Doctor state to an extraordinary for the conference of the first position in this, that you define to be

Inition of the Nature.



All and Plans; and arm Des 2006, that you

EPIGRAMS.

Sold of an all abort of

payanted bit forton upper

beiseger was a naver lode and hims rast to

ru ero kaid or tospo danh for

## EDUSCA TO THE EDUCAT

# EPIGRAMS

# On MILTON. By Mr. DRYDEN.

THREE Poets, in three distant Ages born,

Greece, Italy, and England did adorn:

The first in Lostiness of Thought surpast;

The next in Majesty; in both the last.

The Force of Nature could no farther go;

To make a Third, she join'd the former Two.

# ARECEIPT to make an EPIGRAM.

By the Right Hon. the late Lord HERVEY.

Pleasing Subject first with Care provide;
Your Matter must by Nature be supply'd;
Nervous your Diction, be your Measure long,
Nor sear your Verse too stiff if Sense be strong:
In proper Places proper Numbers use,
And now the Quicker, now the Slower chuse:
Too soon the Dactyl the Performance ends,
But the slow Spondee coming Thoughts suspends;
Your last Attention on the Sting bestow,
To that your good or ill Success you'll owe;
For there not Wit alone must shine, but Humour slow.
Observing these your Epigram's completed;
Nor sear 'twill tire, tho' seven Times repeated.

### 142: JOE: MITTERIMETER

On QUIN's comparing GARRICK to WHITEFIELD, and saying the People that were madding it after him, would return to the Old Church (meaning himself.)

### By G-CK.

OPE Quin, who damns all Churches but his own Complains that Herefy misleads the Town, That Whit field-Garrick does corrupt the Age, And taints the found Religion of the Stage. -Thou great Infallible! forbear to roar; Thy Bulls and Errors are rever'd no more: Where Doctrines meet with gen'ral Approbation, It is not HERESY, but REFORMATION.

#### To Miss W with the ATALANTIS.

TERE view, from Manley's Pen, the moving Tale. 1 Manley! who could e'en Nature's Self unveil: Her Wit, her Sense, eonjoined with Truth, impart Pleasure to Youth, and warm the Female Heart. Taught thus by her, no more shall brutal Fire Possess my Soul; and nought but fost Defire, Such as she wrote, and such as you inspire.

On a Monument intended to be erected for Mr. ROWE, Written before Mr. Dryden's was by his Widow. fet up. By Mr. PopE. social and property and the property

HY Reliques, Rowe, to this fair Shrine we truff, And, facred, place by Dryden's awful Duft. Beneath a rude and nameless Stone he lies, To which thy Tomb shall guide enquiring Eyes: Peace to thy gentle Shade, and endless Rest, Blest in thy Genius, in thy Love too blest; One grateful Woman to thy Fame fupply'd What a whole thankless Land to his deny'd.

# Wyolomo ve Dad aid has : Its an Exim we of an end of the Poet, Second C

By the late Dr. S. E. W. E. L. and an armen

PARENT of Dulness! genuine Son of Night!
Total Eclipse! without one Ray of Light:
Born when dull Midnight Bells for Fun'rals chime,
Just at the closing of the Bellman's Rhime.

#### By Dean Swift.

A S Thomas was cudgelled one Day by his Wife,
He took to his Heels and ran for his Life:
Tom's three dearest Friends came by in the Squable,
And skreen'd him at once from the Shrew and the Rabble;
Then ventur'd to give him some wholesome Advice:
But Tom is a Fellow of Humour so nice,
Too proud to take Counsel, too wife to take Warning,
He sent to all Three a Challenge next Morning:
He fought with all three, thrice ventur'd his Life,
Then went home again and was thrash'd by his Wife.

#### On Miss BIDDY FLOYD.

By Dean Swift.

WHEN Cupid did his Grandsire Jove intreat,
To form some Beauty by a new Receipt;
Jove sent and sound, far in a Country Scene,
Truth, Innocence, Good-Nature, Looks serene;
From which Ingredients first the dextrous Boy
Pick'd the Demure, the Awkward, and the Coy;
The Graces from the Court did next provide
Breeding, and Wit, and Air, and decent Pride;
These Venus cleans'd from every spurious Grain
Of Nice, Coquet, Affected, Pert, and Vain:

Fore

Jove mix'd up all; and his best Clay employ'd, Then call'd the happy Composition, File xo.

W HILE Bunters attending the Archbishop's Door, Accosted eachother with Cheat, Bieth, and Whore, I noted the Drahs, and considering the Place, Concluded 'twas plain that they wanted his Grace.

### The Scotch-Weather-Wife.

Scotland, thy Weather's like a modish Wife;
Thy Winds and Rains maintain perpetual Strife;
So Termagant, a-while, her Thunder ties;
And when she can no longer Scold—she Cries.

On the Grave Stone of a Blacksmith, buried in CHES-TER Church-Yard.

My Sledge and Hammer lie reclin'd,
My Bellows too have lost their Wind;
My Fire's extinct, my Forge decay'd,
And in the Dust my Vice is laid;
My Coal is spent, my Iron's gone,
My Nails are drove, my Work is done.

### Virtus in medio confistit.

Gallant courting of a gamesome Maid,
Said, Dearest, let me kiss your Hands and Feet,
In Sign of humblest Love: Good, Sir, she said,
Both those for your sweet Lips are most unmeet;
But Virtue's in the midst, then Virtue there
If you will kiss you may, if not, forbear.

3/5

### The L A U R E A T.

W E L L, faid Apollo, still 'tis mine To give the real Laurel:
For that, my Pope, my Son divine,
Of Rivals ends the Quarrel:

But, gueffing who would have the Luck
To be the Birth-Day Fibber;
I thought of Dennis, Tibbald, Duck,
But never dreamt of Cibber.

#### Translated from Buchanan.

Beginning, Pauper eram juvenis, &c.

POOR, when in Youth, now worn with feeble Age
I'm rich; but wretched still in either Stage:
When Wealth I could enjoy I then had none;
Now Plenty's come, all Power of Use is gone.

#### On C R ASSUS, a covetous PARSON.

By the late Mr. AMHURST.

Nform'd in Nature's Shop while Crassus lay,
A cumbrous Heap of coarse neglected Clay,
Pray, Madam, says the Foreman of the Trade,
What of you paultry Rubbish must be made?
For it's too gross, said he, and unresin'd,
To be the Carcass of a thinking Mind;
Then it's too lumpish, and too stiff, to make
A Fop, a Beau, a Wittling, or a Rake;
Nor is it for a Lady's Footman sit,
For Ladies Footmen must have Sense and Wit:

A Warrior must be vigilant and bold,
And therefore claims a brisk and active Mould;
A Statesman must be skill'd in various Arts,
A Mistress must have Charms, a Pimp have Parts.
A Lawyer without Craft will get no Fees,
This Matter, therefore, will make none of these;
In short, I plainly think it good for nought,
But, Madam, I desire your better Thought.
Why, Tom, said she, in a disdainful Tone,
Amongst the Sweepings let it then be thrown.
Or make —— a Parson of the useless Stuff,
'Twill serve a preaching Blockhead well enough.

#### MENS MULIEBRIS.

ATURE to all does due Provision make, And what Men want in Head they have in Back:

Then who can disapprove the Fair One's Rules, Who talk with Men of Sense, but kiss with Fools.

The LUCKY MAN.

By Mr. WELSTED.

I Owe, says Metius, much to Colon's Care; Once only seen, he chose me for his Heir; True, Metius; hence your Fortunes take their Rise; His Heir you were not, had he seen you Twice.

On a Company of bad Dancers to good Mufiek.

By Mr. BUDGELL.

HOW ill the Motion with the Musick suits! So Orpheus siddled, and so danc'd the Brutes.

W

Fo

At

In Wl

To

To Mr. —, on bis complimenting Mr. C— on bis POETRY.

You pawn your Word for him; — he'll vouch for you:

So two poor Knaves, when once their Credit fail,
To cheat the World, become each other's Bail.

### The LOVER'S LEGACY.

UNhappy Strephon, dead and cold,
His Heart was from his Bosom rent,
Embalm'd, and in a Box of Gold,
To his beloved Kitty sent.
Some Ladies might, perhaps, have fainted,
But Kitty smil'd upon the Bauble;
A Pin-cushion, said she, I wanted,
Go put in on the Dressing-Table.

### Writ in Mifs F's Pew at I \_\_\_ Church.

WITH Awe, with Pleasure, and Surprize, I view the Lightning of your Eyes; Lightning! that wounds me as it flies.

What Prayer? What Vow! to Heav'n can go? For all Devotion you subdue; At least, 'tis all transferr'd to you.

<sup>\*</sup> The Minister.

On BEN JOHNSON's Buft, set up in Westminster-Abbey, with the Buttons on the wrong Side of bis Coat.

By the late Rev. Mr. SAMUEL WESLEY.

Rare Ben Johnson! What, a Turn-Coat grown!
Thou ne'er wert such, till thou wert clad in Stone.
When Time thy Coat, thy only Coat, impairs,
Thou'lt find a Patron in an hundred Years:
Then let not this Mistake disturb thy Sprite,
Another Age shall set thy Buttons right.

On a handsome Woman, with a fine Voice, but very covetous and proud.

S O bright is thy Beauty, so charming thy Song,
As had drawn both the Beasts, and their Orpheus
along;
But such is thy Avarice, and such is thy Pride,
That the Beasts must have starv'd, and the Poet have
dy'd.

EPITAPH on Mr. HARCOURT's Tomb.

By Mr. POPE.

O this sad Shrine, whoe'er thou art, draw near,
Here lies the Friend most wept, the Son most dear.
Who ne'er knew Joy but Friendship might divide,
Nor gave his Father Grief—— but when he dy'd.
How vain is Reason! Eloquence how weak!
When Pope must tell what Harcourt cannot speak.
Yet let thy once love Friend inscribe the Stone,
And with a Father's Sorrows mix his own.

Y

Fo

An

Yel

Dir

Th

Ah no! 'tis vain to strive — it will not be; No Grief that can be told is felt for Thee.

On a Papist's praying to the Statue of a Saint.

From BUCHANAN.

WHEN you before an Image kneeling down, Cry, with grave Face, Our Father, to the Stone:

Forgive me if I say you seem to me,

More senseless than the Thing to which you pray;

As you yourself by this Expression own,

For he's a Block whose Father is —— a Stone.

### To the PAPISTS and QUAKERS.

HEY in an unknown Tongue their Prayers do fay:
Ye in an unknown Sense your Prayers convey.
Betwixt ye both this Difference must ensue:
Fools understand not them, nor wise Men you.

Written in the Leaves of a Fan, by Dr. ATTERBURY, late Bishop of Rochester.

Can with refistless Art employ;
This Fan in meaner Hands would prove
An Engine of small Force in Love;
Yet she, with graceful Air and Mien,
Not to be told, or fairly seen;
Directs its wanton Motion so,
That it wounds more than Cupid's Bow:

L 3

Gives Coolness to the matchless Dame, To every other Breast a Flame.

To Mr. DANDRIDGE, going to paint Miss ATHERTON'S Picture, soon after she came out of Tothill-Fields.

As when Affliction forces gentle Tears;
The Charmer then not only pleases Sight,
But melts our Passions 'till they all unite.
If Atherton you'd paint in all her Charms,
Give not a Lover to her willing Arms;
But in Affliction, with her Eyes Brim-full,
Her lovely Image take when Milling Doll.

PROMOTHEUS ill painted. By Mr. COWLEY.

HOW wretched does Promotheus' State appear, Whilst he his second Mis'ry suffers here. Draw him no more, lest, as he tortur'd stands, He blame great Jove's less than the Painter's Hands. It would the Vulture's Cruelty out-go, If once again his Liver thus should grow. Pity him, Jove, and his bold Thest allow; The Flames he once sole from thee grant him now.

On a LADY who pretended to tell Fortunes.

S O M E Oracles of old, to cause more Wonder, Were, when pronounc'd, accompany'd with Thunder:

But thy Predictions come not in a Storm,
They are deliver'd by the brightest Form:
If when you speak, Jove does not pierce the Sky,
Yet still you've all his Lightning in your Eye.

VENUS mistaken. By Mr. PRIOR.

W H E N Chloe's Picture was to Venus shown; Surpriz'd, the Goddess took it for her own; And what, said she, does this bold Painter mean? When was I bathing thus, and naked seen? Pleas'd Cupid heard, and check'd his Mother's Pride; And who's blind now, Mamma, the Urchin cry'd. 'Tis Chloe's Eye, and Cheek, and Lip, and Breast, Friend Howard's Genius fancy'd all the rest.

#### Lingua potentior Armis.

THAT Speech surpasses Force is no new Whim: Jove caus'd the Heavens to tremble; Juno him.

THAT Ignorance makes devout, if right the Notion,
Troth, Rufus, thou're a Man of great Devotion.

#### The Cure of LovE.

W HEN, Chloe, I confess my Pain, In gentle Words you Pity show, But gentle Words are all in vain, Such Gales my Flame but higher blow:

Ah, Chloe, would you cure the Smart, Your conqu'ring Eyes have keenly made, Yourself, upon my bleeding Heart, Yourself, fair Chloe, must be laid.

Thus for the Viper's Sting we know,
No furer Remedy is found,
Than to apply the tort'ring Foe,
And fqueeze his Venom on the Wound.

L 4

#### EPITAPH.

HERE lies a Lady, who, if not bely'd,
Took wife St. Paul's Advice, and all Things
try'd:
Nor stopt she here; but follow'd thro' the rest,

And always fluck the Longest to the Best.

EPITAPH on an unknown Person.

WIthout a Name, for ever senseles, dumb, Dust, Ashes, nought else, lies within this Tomb.

Where-e'er I liv'd, or dy'd, it matters not; To whom related, or by whom begot; I was, but am not, ask no more of me; It's all I am, and all that thou shalt be.

EPITAPH design'd for Mr. M-n the Player.

HERE lies the Jew That Shakespeare drew.

In a Window of a Room in the Tower of London is wrote,

R. W A L P O L E, 1712.

Underneath that are the following Lines:

GOOD unexpected, Evil unforeseen,
Appear by Turns, as Fortune shifts the Scene;
Some, rais'd alost, come tumbling down amain,
And fall so hard, they bound and rise again.

Lansdown, Sept. 24, 1716.

The Disappointed Husband.

Mulieri nè crede, nè mortuæ quidem.

Scolding Wife so long a Sleep posses'd,. Her Spouse presum'd her Soul was now at Rest. Sable was call'd to hang the Room with Black; And all their Cheer was Sugar-Rolls and Sack. Two Mourning Staffs flood Centry at the Door; And Silence reign'd, who ne'er was there before. The Cloaks, and Tears, and Handkerchiefs prepar'd, They march'd in woeful Pomp to Abchurch-Yard: When see of narrow Streets what Mischief come! The very Dead can't pass in Quiet Home: By some rude Jolt, the Cossin-Lid was broke, And Madam, from her Dream of Death awoke. Now all was spoil'd: The Undertaker's Pay, Sour Faces, Cakes, and Wine, quite thrown away. But some Years after, when the former Scene Was acted, and the Coffin nail'd again, The tender Husband took especial Care, To keep the Passage from Disturbance clear; Charging the Bearers that they tread aright, Nor put his Dear in such another Fright.

#### To C H L O E.

From MARTIAL, Book III. Epig. liii.

By Mr. MOTTLEY.

HY Eyes and Eyebrows I could spare;
Nor for thy Nose do I much care;
I could dispense too with thy Teeth;
And with thy Lips, and with thy Breath;
And with thy Breasts, and with thy Belly,
And with that which I wont tell ye;
And, to be short — hark, in thy Ear,
Faith I could spare thee All, my Dear.

AMON G

A MONG the Fair that Hyde-Park Circus grace, Canidia seeks Admirers of her Face; In vain her Airs, her Arts she tries, Among those Beauties that engage all Eyes: Bright Rays, like Diamonds, they around em sling, Whilstshe is but the Cypher of the Ring.

#### The ARTIST. By Mr. CONCANNEN.

VERY nicely thou lay'ft on thy Colours, dear Nan,
And no Painter in Skill can o'er-top ye;
When to Ellys you fat, he dully brush'd on,
'Till he thought he had an Original drawn,
Which you prov'd to be only a Copy.

#### EPITAPH on a talkative old Maid.

BEneath this silent Stone is laid
A noisy antiquated Maid,
Who, from her Cradle, talk'd 'till Death,
And ne'er before was out of Breath.
Whither she's gone we cannot tell,
For if she talks not she's in Hell:
If she's in Heaven she's there unblest,
Because she hates a Place of Rest.

#### On GILES and JOAN.

WHO says that Giles and Joan at Discord be,
The observing Neighbours no such Mood can
see;
Indeed poor Giles repents he married ever

Indeed poor Giles repents he married ever, But that his Joan doth too; and Giles would never, By his free Will, be in Joan's Company; No more would Joan he should: Giles riseth early;

And

And having got him out of Doors is glad;
The like is Joan: But turning Home is fad;
And so is Joan: Oft-times when Giles doth find
Harsh Sights at Home, Giles wishes he were blind:
All this doth Joan: Or, that his long-earn'd Life
Were quite out-spun: The like Wish hath his Wife.
The Children that he keeps Giles swears are none
Of his begetting; and so swears his Joan.
In all Affections she concurreth still;
If now with Man and Wife to will and nill
The Self-same Things, a Note of Concord be,
I know no Couple better can agree.

#### PHILLIS.

A Ncient Phillis has young Graces;
'Tis a strange Thing, but a true one:
Shall I tell you how,
She herself makes her own Faces,
And each Morning wears a new one;
Where's the Wonder now.

THAIS, her Teeth are black and naught,
Lucania's white are grown;
But what's the Reason? These are bought,
The other wears her own.

#### On a ROBBERY.

R IDW AY robb'd Duncote of three hundred Pound;
Ridway was taken and condemn'd to die:
But for his Money was a Courtier found
Begg'd Ridway's Pardon: Duncote now doth cry,
Robb'd both of Money and the Law's Relief,
The Courtier is become the greater Thief.

On a Pipe of Tobacco, in the Jaws of Th-

SEE lost at once in Thought and Smoke,
How Dromo doubly puffs a Joke!
And like the Sun, which all refines,
Drives Clouds before him when he shines:
While Friends, who still his Wit admire,
Allow some Smoke to such a Fire;
And think that they are well repaid,
With so much Light to so much Shade.

To a Painter drawing a Lady's Picture. By Mr. DENNIS.

HE \* who great Jove's Artillery ap'd so well, By real Thunder and true Lightning sell; How then durst thou, with equal Danger try To counterseit the Lightning of her Eye? Painter, desist; or soon th'Event will prove, That Love's as jealous of his Arms as Jove.

Advice to the Rev. Dr. Trapp, on his Translation of VIRGIL.

IN D but thy preaching, Trapp, translate no further:
Is it not written, Thou shalt do no Murther?

To Mr. POPE, on his Translation of HOMER.

S O much, dear Pope, thy English Iliad charms, Where Pity melts us, or where Passion warms; That After-Ages shall, with Wonder seek, Who 'twas translated Homer into Greek.

<sup>\*</sup> Salmoneus.

A DIALOGUE between two very bad Poets.

By Mr. Concannen.

SAYS Richard \* to Joe † thou'rt a very sad Dog, And thou can'st write Verses no more than a Log. Says Joseph to Dick, Prithee Ring-Rhime get hence, Sure my Verse, at least, is as good as thy Sense. Was e'er such a Contest recorded in Song? The one's in the Right, and t'other's not wrong.

On SUICIDE: From MARTIAL. By Mr. SEWEL.

WHEN all the Blandishments of Life are gone, The Coward creeps to Death, the Brave lives on.

#### On the late SALLY SALISBURY.

HERE flat on her Back, but unactive at last, Poor Sally lies under grim Death; Thro' the Course of her Vices she gallop'd so fast, No Wonder she's now out of Breath.

To the Goal of her Pleasures she drove very hard,
But was tripp'd up e'er half Way she ran;
And tho' every Body fancied her Life was a Yard,
Yet it prov'd to be less than a Span.

#### ASIMILE.

OMEN to Cards may be compar'd: We play
A Round or two; when us'd, we throw away,
Take a fresh Pack; nor is it worth our grieving,
Who cuts and shuffles with the dirty Leaving.

### On a Flower painted by VARELST.

WHEN fam'd Varelst this little Wonder drew, Flora vouchsaf'd the growing Work to view; Finding the Painter's Science at a Stand, The Goddess snatch'd the Pencil from his Hand, And snishing the Piece, she, smiling, said, Bebold one Work of mine which ne'er shall fade.

#### On a certain Writer.

HALF of your Book is to an Index grown;
You give your Book Contents, your Readers none.

Wrote on the Door of the ANGEL INN, on the Road to Newmarket, which was kept by two Sisters, but just then shut up, and the Sign taken down.

CHRISTIAN and GRACE
Liv'd in this Place,
An Angel kept the Door:
But CHRISTIAN's dead,
The Angel's fled,
And GRACE is turn'd a Whore.

#### The CHOICE.

To O conscious of her Worth, a noble Maid, Baulk'd many a Lover, and her Mind out-stray'd, While yet a Peer, less doubting than the rest, Defy'd her Coldness, and attack'd her Breast. A Spaniel Whelp, and Spaniel Lord declare Their Vows to serve, and Hopes to please the Fair; The cautious Nymph, still fearing a Trepan, Their Fortune, Wit, and Worth did nicely scan; Then,

Then, as the Reason of the Case is clear, Embrac'd the Puppy, and dismis'd the Peer.

An EPITAPH on little STEPHEN, a noted Fidler in the County of Suffolk.

STEPHEN and Time
Are now both even;
Stephen beat Time,
Now Time beats Stephen.

On a LADY who was very bandsome and very kind.

CHLOE's the Wonder of her Sex,
'Tis well her Heart is tender:
How might fuch killing Eyes perplex,
With Virtue to defend her.

But Nature, graciously inclin'd,

Not bent to vex, but please us,

Has to her boundless Beauty join'd

A boundless Will to ease us.

On feeing a M I s E R at Spring-Gardens.

And he vent Siche, thee driver

MUSIC has Charms to footh a Savage Breaft,
To calm the Tyrant, and relieve th' Opprest:
But Vauxball's Concerts more attracting Pow'r,
Unlock'd Sir Richard's Pocket at Threescore:
Oh! strange Effect of Music's matchless Force,
T' extract a Shilling from a Miser's Purse!

On a certain Poet.

THY Verses are eternal, O my Friend!
For he who reads them, reads them to no End.

### ato JOE MILLER's JESTE

A D I S T I C H, written under the Sign of the King's Head and Bell in D U B L I N, at the Hoff's Request.

By Dean S W 1 F T.

M AY the King live long; Dong, ding, dong.

To a Lady who had very bad Teeth.

HLOE's the Wonder of her Sex

OVID, who bid the Ladies laugh,
Spoke only to the Young and Fair;
For thee his Council were not fafe,
Who of found Teeth have scarce a Pair.

If thou the Glass, or me believe,
Shun Mirth, as Foplings do the Wind;
At Pinkey's Face affect to grieve,
And let thy Eyes alone be kind.

Speak not, tho' twere to give Consent,

For he that sees those rotten Bones,

Will dread their monumental Scent,

And sly your Sighs, like dying Groans.

If thou art wife see dismal Plays,
And to sad Stories lend thy Ear;
With the Afflicted spend thy Days,
And laugh not above once a Year.

#### On MARY CRESWELL.

Whom many Times I've lain upon;
I've kis'd her setting, standing, lying,
When she rises again, have at her slying.

the who reads there, reads them to no End.

Under the Picture of a Beau.

THIS vain Thing fet up for a Man, But fee what Fate attends him; The powd'ring Barber first began, The Barber-Surgeon ends him.

On a Gentleman drinking the Health of an unkind Mistress.

Whose living Beauties make thee grieve:
Thou would'st more wisely wish her kind,
That she may change her cruel Mind;
Thy present Wish but this can gain,
That she may live, and thou complain.

Wrote at the Time of the Dispute between the present Bishop of Winchester, then Bishop of Bangor, and Dr. Snape, Anno 1727.

GOOD Christians all compose the Scrape
'Twixt Bangor calm, and fervent Snape,
To ease the Church your Mother:
Between them both 'tis best, I say,
In Summer Time with one to pray,
In Winter with the other.

EPITAPH on a Country Sexton.

HERE lies old Hare,
Worn out with Care,
Who whilome toll'd a Bell;
Could dig a Grave,
Or fet a Stave,
And fay Amen full well.

For facred Song,
He'd Hopkins Tongue,
And Sternhold's eke also;
With Cough and Hem,
He stood by them,
As far's his Word would go.

The Worms have loft
Their good old Host,
Who them full often fed;
For he is gone,
With Skin and Bone,
To starve them now he's dead.

Here take his Spade,
And use his Trade,
Since he is out of Breath;
Cover the Bones
Of him, who once
Wrought Journey-work with Death.

#### The PENANCE.

W H E N Phillis confess'd her the Father was rash,
And so, without farther Restlection,
Her delicate Skin he condemn'd to the Lash,
While himself would bestow the Correction:
Her Husband, who heard this, oppos'd it by urging,
That he, in Regard to her Weakness,
And to save her soft Back, would himself bear the
Scourging,
With humble Submission and Meekness.
She piously cry'd, when the Priest gave Accord,
To shew what Devotion was in her,

He's able and lusty, pray cheat not the Lord,
For alas! I'm a very great Sinner.

#### To a SEMPSTRESS.

O H, what Bosom but must yield,
When, like Pallas, you advance,
With a Thimble for your Shield,
And a Needle for your Lance.
Fairest of the Stitching Train,
Ease my Passion by your Art;
And in Pity to my Pain,
Mend the Hole that's in my Heart.

#### On an old Maid's Marriage.

Manager to the state of the National State of the State o

CELIA, a Coquet in her Prime, The vainest ficklest Thing alive; Behold the strange Effects of Time! Marries and doats at Forty five.

Thus Weather-Cocks, who, for a while,
Have turn'd about with every Blast;
Grown old, and destitute of Oil,
Rust to a Point, and fix at last.

#### On a WELCHMAN.

A Welchman coming late into an Inn,
Ask'd the Maid what Meat there was within?
Cow-Heels, she answer'd, and a Breast of Mutton;
But, quoth the Welchman, since I am no Glutton,
Either of these shall serve; To-Night the Breast,
The Heels i'th' Morning, then light Meat is best;
At Night he took the Breast, and did not pay,
I'th' Morning took his Heels, and ran away.

#### A Cure for Love.

O F two Reliefs to cure a Love-sick Mind, Flavia prescribes Despair; I urge be kind; Flavia be kind: The Remedy's as sure; 'Tis the most pleasant, and the quickest Cure.

### On WARD.

POOR Ward! What no Physician take thy Part? But all against thee with a hardened Heart: Thou art for Saul, they're David's valiant Men; For to thy Thousand, they've slain Thousands ten.

#### On a PRIZE-FIGHTER.

HIS Thrusts like Lightning slew, yet subtle Death Parried them all, and beat him out of Breath.

### The Children of ISRAEL's Passage out of Egypt.

WHEN Ifrael's Flock th' Egyptian King pursu'd, In Christal Walls the wand'ring Waters stood: When thro' the dreary Waste they took their Way, The Rocks grew liquid, and pour'd forth a Sea. What Limits can Almighty Goodness know, Since Seas can harden,—and since Rocks can flow!

### EPITAPH on his Wife.

HERE lies my poor Wife, without Bed or Blanket, But dead as any Door-Nail, God be thanked. A French Gentleman dining with some Company on a Fast-Day, called for some Bacon and Eggs; the rest were wery angry, and reproved him for so beinous a Sin: Whereupon be writ the following Lines extempore, which are here translated.

P E U I on croire avec bon sons
Qu'un lardon le mit en colere;
Ou, que manger un barang
C'est un secret pour luy plair?
En sa gloire envelopé
Songe t'il bien de nos soupé.

In English: By Dean Swift.

W H O can believe, with common Sense,
A Bacon-Slice gives God Offence!
Or, how a Herring hath a Charm
Almighty-Anger to disarm?
Wrapt up in Majesty divine,
Does he regard on what we dine!

Pinn'd to a Sheet, in which a Woman flood to do Penance in the Church.

HERE stand I, for Whores as great
To cast a scornful Eye on;
Should each Whore here be doom'd a Sheet,
You'd soon want one to lie on.

SEVEN wealthy Towns contend for Homer dead, Thro' which the Living Homer begg'd his Bread.

On an old Woman with false Hair.

THE Golden Hair that Galla wears,
Is her's: Who would have thought it?
She fwears 'tis her's, — and true she swears;
For I know where she bought it.

# On another old Woman.

ROM her own native France, as old Alison past,
She reproached English Nell, with Neglect, or with
Malice;
That the Slattern had left in the Hurry and Haste

That the Slattern had left, in the Hurry and Haste, Her Lady's Complexion and Eye-Brows at Calais.

On a Gentleman who died the Day after his Lady.

SHE first departed; he for one Day try'd To live without her; lik'd it not, and dy'd.

occurred dia spelled as

#### An EPITAPH.

HERE lies honest Strephon, with Mary his Bride,
Who merrily liv'd, and cheerfully dy'd;
They laugh'd and they lov'd, and drank while they
were able,
But now they are forc'd to knock under the Table.
This Marble, which formerly serv'd them to drink on,

Now covers their Bodies; a fad Thing to think on. That do what one can to moisten our Clay, 'Twill one Day be Ashes, and moulder away.

Upon one flealing a Pound of Candles.

I Ight-finger'd Catch, to keep his Hand in Ure,
Stole any Thing; of this you may be fure,
That he thinks all his own which once he handles,
For Practice-Sake did steal a Pound of Candles;
Was taken in the Fact: Oh, foolish Wight!
To steal such Things as needs must come to Light.

On a beautiful and ingenious young Lady.

we so Promoter to

doubt it,
Rid an Airing from Oxford fix Miles, or about it,
Where she 'spy'd a young Damsel so blooming and fair,
That, ah, Venus, she cry'd, is your Ladyship there?
Pray is not you Oxford? and lately you sware,
Neither you, nor aught like you, should ever come
there:

Do you thus keep your Promise? And am I defy'd?

The Virgin drew near her, and, smiling, reply'd,

My Goddess! What have you your Pupil forgot?

Your Pardon, my Dear, — Is it you, Molly

Scot?

#### To bis False Mistress.

And that for me thou would'st abandon Jove.

I lov'd thee then; not with a Love defil'd,
But as a Father loves his only Child.

I know thee now; and, tho' I sercer burn,
Thou art become the Object of my Scorn.

See what thy Falshood get! I must confess,
I love thee more, but I esteem thee less.

On an ugly old Woman in the Dark. From MARTIAL.

What Flames, what Darks, what Anguish I endur'd;
But, when the Candle enter'd, I was cur'd.

On meeting Tom Southern, coming from Shakespeare's Tomb, and going to Prayers in the Abbey.

The O' a whole People to thy Merit just,
Next Shakespeare shall erect thy laurell'd Bust;
Tho' future Bards, illumin'd by thy Page,
Shall learn from thee to melt a future Age:
Be this thy fairer Fame: The holy Sigh,
The Knee low bended, and uplifted Eye;
The humble Prayer, and not the losty Wit;
The Life well spent, and not the Play well writ:
'Twas great to move the Passions and the Heart,
The Passions conquer'd shew thy greater Art.

#### The RAPTURE.

CRY'D Strephon, panting in Cosmelia's Arms,
I die, bright Nymph, I die amidst your Charms!
Chear up, dear Youth, reply'd the Maid,
Dissolv'd in am'rous Pain,
All Men must die (bright Boy, you know)
E'er they can rise again.

Man makes false Money, Money makes Man so.

#### On a WELCHMAN.

A Man of Wales betwixt St. David's Day and Easter,
Ran in his Hostes' Score, for Cheese great Store,
a Tester;
His Hostes chalk'd it up behind the Door;
And says, for Cheese, come, Sir, discharge this Score:
Cot Zounds, quoth he, what meaneth these?
D'ye think hur knows not Chalk from Cheese?

To a Lady who married her Footman. By Colonel P-

DE AR Cousin, think it no Reproach;
(Thy Virtue shines the more)
To take Black John into the Coach,
He rode behind before.

Ou Monticelli, the Eunuch.

IF Febria's Judgment you rely on, Enraptur'd Febria's fure to tell ye, That neither Orpheus, nor Amphion, Could charm like warbling Monticelli.

But if Effects most wond'rous prove,
A Title to the greatest Art and Fame;
Those old Musicians Stones could move:
Can Monticelli do the same?

On Dr. HOLLAND's translating SUETONIUS.

PHILE MON with Translations so doth fill us, He will not let Suetonius be Tranquillus.

To a Lady, with OVID's Epiftles.

By the late Mr. BECKINGHAM.

A DAM, whilst here th' Intrigues of antient Dames. And fad Effects of ill-requited Flames, The Love recording Ovid's Numbers show, In all the lively Grace of Tuneful Woe; Think not too rude the Poet's Art appears. That draws deserted Toasts and Beauty's Tears: How perjur'd Men the easy Fair disdain, And too complying Nymphs are kind in vain; Think not your Sex traduc'd thro' Spleen or Rage, His Belles were copy'd from a former Age; Their Charms too languid, and too faint to move, But thro' an Ovid's Skill the Heroes love; Now had he liv'd, that Praise had all been cross'd, And half the Genius of the Poet lost; The pleasing Anguish that his Lines impart, Ne'er touch'd with Female Griefs the Reader's Heart; Once had he seen Originals like You, His Ladies must have charm'd, his Men been true.

On a certain gouty POET, with his Feet wrapp'd up in Ivy-Leaves, and Flannel, or Bays.

POET and Critic both would S—— be;
But to such Poets who did e'er decree?
Chaplets of Bays from Phæbus' sacred Tree?
Nor will the Critic's Ivy deign to spread
On that hard saples Clod, miscall'd his Head.
His gouty Numbers bid to both Desiance,
With both his gouty Feet have sought Alliance;
So on his burning Toes alone he lays
The Critic's Ivy, and the Poet's Bays.

### To Dr. SWIFT.

By a Gentleman who imitated his Manner and Style in Writing.

True Humour, dress'd in beauteous Stile, Apollo's Substitute, most sit,
To raise and cultivate our Wit,
In this we have our different View,
You rival him, we copy you;
And copy too, with great Mistake,
Those noble Draughts you often make;
So when the Buckler, dropt by Fate,
From Heaven, to save a Roman State:
Others were made a common Crew,
To guard, but not eclipse the True.
Our whole Pretence to pass for Wits,
Is that we are your Counterseits.

### 100

### To L \_\_\_\_, the MISER.

W HEN thou art ask'd to sup Abroad,
Thou swear'st thou hast but newly din'd;
That eating late does overload
The Stomach and the Mind.

But if Appicius makes a Treat,

The slender'st Summons thou obey'st;

No Child is greedier of the Teat,

Than thou art of the bounteous Feast.

There thou wilt drink 'till every Star

Be swallow'd by the Rising Sun:

Such Charms hath Wine we pay not for;

And Mirth at others Charge begun.

Who shuns his Club, yet slies to every Treat, Does not a Supper, but a Reck'ning hate.

EPITAPH on a certain Nobleman, who died by taking Cantharides.

HERE old Grubbinol lies,
Upon very odd Terms;
First a Prey to the Flies,
Now a Prey to the Worms.
Let those that grieve for him not wonder he's flown.

For the Carcass must rot when the Flesh is Fly-blown.

Yet this may be said in his Praise,

Tho' Death, cruel Death, from us tore him,

He died, endeavouring to raise

His Friend who was dead long before him.

#### On CHLOE.

HERE Chloe lies
Whose once bright Eyes
Set all the World on Fire?
And not to be
Ungrateful, she
Did all the World admire.

On FARANELLI's coming to fing in the Opera.

A MPHION strikes the vocal Lyre,
And ready at his Call,
Harmonious Brick and Stone conspire
To raise the Theban Wall.

In Emulation of his Praise,

A Latian Hero's come,

The Opera Theatre to raise,

And new erect its Dome:

But how this last should come to pass,
Is strange, all Men must own;
Since this poor Gentleman, alas!
Brings neither Brick nor Stone.

### TO ZELINDA.

THE Poet and the Painter safely dare,
To form an Image of the proudest Fair:
Your brighter Charms, by lavish Nature wrought,
Transcend the Painter's Skill, and Poet's Thought.

On the Clare-Market, and other ORATORS.

O wonder now at Balaam's As is weak, Is there a Day that Asses do not speak?

To a Lady who defired to know in what the Goodness of an EPIGRAM consists.

A N Epigram's good, when like you, Mistress Frail, 'Tis pretty and short, with a Sting in its Tail.

On a Riding-House turn'd into a Chapel.

A Chapel of the Riding-House is made,
Thus we once more see Christ in Manger laid,
Where still we find the Jockey Trade supply'd,
The Laymen bridled, and the Clergy ride.

### On JEALOUSY. By a Lady.

OH! shield me from his Rage, celestial Powers,
This Tyrant that imbitters all my Hours.
Ah Love, you've poorly play'd the Monarch's Part,
You conquer'd, but you can't defend my Heart.
So bless'd was I, throughout the happy Reign,
I thought this Monster banish'd from thy Train;

But you would raise him to support your Throne, And now he claims your Empire as his own: Or tell me, Tyrants, have you both agreed, There where one reigns, the other shall succeed.

On a very humble LADY, that patch'd much.

YOUR homely Face, Flippanta, you disguise With Patches, numerous as Argus' Eyes; I own that Patching's requisite for you, For more we are pleas'd, if less your Face we view: Yet I advise, if my Advice you'd ask, Wear but one Patch; but be that Patch a Mask.

#### On JULIA's throwing a Snow-Ball.

JULIA, young, wanton, flung the gather'd Snow,
Nor fear'd I burning from the wat'ry Blow:
'Tis cold I cry'd, but, ah! too foon I found,
Sent by that Hand, it dealt a fcorching Wound.
Refiftles Fair! we fly thy Pow'r in vain,
Who turn'st to fiery Darts the frozen Rain.
Burn, Julia, burn like me, and that Desire,
With Water which thou kindlest, quench with Fire.

Occasioned by seeing some Verses on C Æ L I A, wrote on a Pane of Glass.

WELL hast thou drawn, fond Youth, in properest Place,

The short-liv'd Beauties of salse Calia's Face.

When Words Obscurities thy Sense o'ershade,

The Place gives Light to what thou would'st have said.

Bright as this lucid Glass her Eyes now seem,

Like this, breath'd on, by fell Disease grow dim.

Like

Like Glass is every strongest Vow she makes,
Brittle as that, as easily she breaks;
Such is her Honour: Short her Fame, we find,
Which crack'd, must perish by the first high Wind.

On a DUMB BOY, very beautiful, and of great Quickness of Parts. Written by a Lady.

Sing the Boy, who, gagg'd and bound, Has been, by Nature, robb'd of Sound; Yet has the found a gen'rous Way, One Loss by many Gifts to pay. His Voice, indeed, she close confin'd, But bleft him with a speaking Mind; And ev'ry Muscle of his Face, Discourses with peculiar Grace: The Ladies tattling o'er their Tea. Might learn to charm by copying thee: If Silence thus can Man become. All Women Beauties should be dumb. Then, happy Boy, no more complain, Nor think thy Loss of Speech a Pain: Nature has us'd thee like good Liquor, And cork'd thee, but to make thee quicker.

On a PAINTER, who stabb'd a Man fasten'd to a Cross, that he might draw the Picture of the Crucifixion more naturally.

WHILE his Redeemer on his Canvas dies,
Stabb'd at his Feet his Brother welt'ring lies:
The daring Artift, cruelly ferene,
Views the pale Cheek, and the difforted Mien;
He drains off Life by Drops, and deaf to Cries,
Examines every Spirit as it flies:
He studies Torment, dives in mortal Woe;
To rouze up every Pang, repeats his Blow;

Each rifing Agony, each dreadful Grace,
Yet warm transplanting to his Saviour's Face.
Oh glorious Thest! Oh nobly wicked Draught!
With its full Charge of Death each Feature fraught!
Such wond'rous Force the magick Colours boast,
From his own Skill he starts, in Horror lost.

#### The DART.

Whene'er I look, I may descry
A little Face peep through that Eye:
Sure that's the Boy, who wisely chose
His Throne among such Beams as those,
Which, if his Quiver chance to fall,
May serve for Darts to kill withal.

#### On a R A K E.

TACK he knows the World: Most dreadful News!

That all the World haunt Taverns and the Stews.

#### SYLVIA

SYLVIA makes a fad Complaint she has lost her Lover.

Why nothing strange I in that News discover.

Nay, then thou'rt dull; for here the Wonder lies.

She had a Lover once! — don't that surprize?

#### On a bandsome IDIOT.

With Eyes so bright, and with that awful Air,
I thought my Heart, which durft so high aspire,
As bold as his, who snatch'd cælestial Fire;
But soon as e'er the beauteous Idiot spoke,
Forth from her coral Lips such Folly broke;
Like Balm the trickling Nonsense heal'd my Wound,
And what her Eyes enthrall'd, her Tongue unbound.

Wrote

WWW HEN-Locality married Lady Yenry,
WW Whole Beauty was the made Tenny.

Worthink it strange, that You's Almghty Power, was grind in two bar with the Windows in Nothing. A Latrengte lets agree solfie.

YE Heavensh if Innocence deserves your Care, but A Why have ye made it fatal to be Fair; find on W Base Man, the Ruin of our Sex was born, The Beauteous are his Prey, the Rest his Scorn; Alike unfortunate, our Fate is such, We please too little, or we please too much.

## Not for the balliot, and the Pleasure of

MY Heart is proud your Chains to wear,
But Reason will not stoop:
I love that Angel's Face, but fear
The Serpent in your Hoop.

That Circle is a Magick Spell,

To make the Wisest fall,

Its Centre black and deep, like Hell,

Contains the Devil and all.

Your Eyes discharge the Darts of Love;
But, oh, what Pain succeed!
When Darts shall Pins and Needles prove;
And Love a Fire indeed.

## The HUSBAND. By a Lady.

HY Ivage, the leaned Things blive

In various Shapes perform'd the Feats of Love.
Chang'd to a Swan, he rifled Leda's Charms,
And with a rival Whiteness fill'd her Arms.
On Danae's Lap he fell a Golden Shower:
(Gold is the furest Friend in an Amour.)
Now in a Bull's or Satyr's grifly Shape,
He on some Beauty makes a welcome Rape.

N

Nor

Nor think it strange, that Jove's Almghty Power,
Thro' these base Forms, taught Females to adore:
A Likeness less agreeable he try'd,
He came a Husband to Amphitrion's Bride;
And in a Husband's Shape could welcome prove,
Who must not own the Omnipotence of Jove.

## Solid Worth in a W Frequentielau salid A

Rafe, Man, the Ruin of our Sex was born,

Whose Beauty was the ready Penny; I chose her, says he, like ald Plate, Not for the Fashion, but the Weight.

### On WEDLOCK, The svol

YY Heart is proud your Chains to wear,
Set Realon will not floop:

IN Marriage are two happy Things allow'd,
A Wife in Wedding Sheets, and in a Shroud:
How can a Marriage State then be accurs'd
Since the last Day's as happy as the first.

To a young Gentleman who loved to drive hard with a forry Pair of Horses.

THY Nags, the leanest Things alive,
So very hard thou lov'st to drive,
I heard thy anxious Coachman say,
It costs thee more in Whips than Hay.

#### On Sin RICHARD BLACKMORE.

ET Blackmere still in good King Arthur's Vein,
To Flecknoe's Empire his just Right maintain;
Let him his own to common Sense oppose,
With Praise and Slander maul both Friends and Foes;

Let him great Dryden's awful Name prophane,
And learned Garth with envious Pride diffain;
Codron's bright Genius with vile Puns lampoon,
And run a Muck at all the Wits in Town;
Let the Quack scribble any Thing but Bills,
His Satyr wounds not, but his Physick kills.

#### To a jealous Husband.

TELL me, Sileno, why you fill
With fancy'd Woes your Life?
Why's all your Time expended fill,
In thinking, or in talking ill,
Of your too virtuous Wife?

For, Faith, I can't fee to what End
You keep her up to close;
Nor how you could yourself offend,
That like a Snail, my glooming Friend,
You never leave your House.

Ah, were the but advis'd by me,

Her many Taunts and Scorns,

With Int'rest should refunded be;

She'd make a perfect Snail of thee,

By decking thee with Horns.

TEN Months after Florimel happen'd to wed,
And was brought in a laudable Manner to Bed,
She warbled her Groans with so charming a Voice,
That one half of the Parish was stunn'd with the
Noise;

She's first, and needs must be confess'd

But when Florimel chose to he privately in,
Twelve Months before she and her Spouse were a-kin,
She chose with such Prudence her Pangs to conceal,
That her Nurse, nay, her Midwife, scarce heard her
once squeal.

Nz

Learn.

Learn, Husbands, from hence, for the Peace of your Lives,
That Maids make not half such a Tumult as Wives.

#### A Sary would be to the A start and all

theck feritois any lines out it is, the

and runs Wheels as wildling Was at Tours as

#### A TALE:

From Monsieur de la Fountain.

## By Mr. MOTTLEY.

Will behands smill anov lis evely THEN Alice was fick, and like to die, Her Friends advised her to confess; What ! mind you not your Soul, they cry; Alas! faid she, I mean no less. To Father Andrew fend away, For he's the Man in such a Case, Who always hears what I've to fay, said and And stores me with new Seeds of Grace. A Messenger's dispatch'd with Speed, To fetch this Crone her Ghoftly Guide, Who, ever, in her Time of Need, Fit Aids of Comfort could provide. He at the Convent-Door does knock; Who is it you Want? cries out a Brother: 'Tis Father Andrew, of your Flock, For Alice has Dealings with no other: She's fick, and needs must be confess'd; Her Conscience with the World set even: By Father Andrew, fure you jest, He's been thefe dozen Years in Heaven.

#### But when Floring . so I A M nO it sie, in .

Twelve Migeria Selece the and her Spouke

Mo S T Maids resemble Eve, now in their Lives, Who are no sooner Women, but they're Wives

Difterb sheir Sleep, and poslon ev'ry Dife,

Written on the Chamber-Door of King CHARLES II.

By the Earl of ROCHESTER.

HERE lies the Mutton-eating King,
Whose Word no Man relies on;
Who never said a foolish Thing,
Nor ever did a wise one.

#### Stored road boo THOM As's Wife. on total

till he draws from every I riend a

WHEN Thomas calls his Wife his Half,
I like the Fellow's Whim;
For why? she horns him; so the Jilt
Belongs but half to him.

## ATURES and Family sees had be sprice,

On a W I F E.

BEneath lies my Wife, Whose Death is my Life.

#### MANKIND punished.

That how to punish justly puzzled Fate;
Heav'n sigh'd at last, that to his Sons so dear
A Punishment's decreed, and so severe:
Go, says Eternal Justice, Hell-Hounds, go,
And execute my dread Commands below;
Fix your rapacious Claws on e'ery Door,
Despoil the Rich, and poorer make the Poor;
Pity not Age, add to his Weight of Years,
And fill the wretched Widow's Eyes with Tears;

N 3

Difturb

Disturb their Sleep, and poison ev'ry Dish, Nor let them taste, without a Doubt, a Wish: The Judge supreme, who each Effect foresaw, Cry'd, Havock, and let loose the Dogs of Law.

## On TIMOTHY MUM, a Tapfer.

HERE Tim the Tapster lies, who drew good Beer, But now, drawn to his End, he draws no more; Yes, still he draws from every Friend a Tear, Water he draws, who draw good Beer before.

On feeing a Copper-Plate of Dr. CHEYNE ill done.

By Dr. WINTER.

ATURE and Vandergutch in this agree, Unfinished she has left him, so has he.

### On a crooked Woman.

SHE's bent like a Nine-pence, and would have been broken,
Had not Nature intended the Devil a Token.

Maskin verifici.

#### On another crooked Woman.

and to grow lo great,

da hia

ATURE in Pity has deny'd you Shape,
Else how should Mortals Flavia's Chain escape?
Your radiant Aspect, and your rosy Bloom,
Without this Form, would bring a gen'ral Doom:
At once our Ruin and Relief we see,
At Sight are Captives, and at Sight are free.

### JOEMILLER'S JESPS. L. 1831

To CHARINUS, an ugly Woman's Husband.

CHARINUS, 'twas my Hap of late,
To have a Sight of thy dear Mate;
So white, so flourishing so fair,
So trim, so modest, debonair;
That if great Yove would grant to me
A Leash of Beauties, such as she,
I'd give the Devil, at one Word,
Two, if he would take the Third.

## Against an ATHEIST.

der Parches, Parat, and Jewels on;

WHILST in his double Elbow-Chair,
Young Alcider does loll and fwear,
No Wonder if a Wretch like me,
An Object's of his Raillery;
Why should not I a Blockhead seem
To one that does his God Blaspheme?
But no Man thinks (whate'er he saith)
His Words are Articles of Faith.

### By W. WALSH, Efq;

O, faid old Lyce, fenfeless Lover, go,
And with fost Verses court the Fair; but know,
With all thy Verses, thou can'st get no more
Than Fools, without one Verse, have had before.
Enrag'd at this, upon the Bawd I slew;
But that which most enrag'd me was, 'twas true.

## To a bad Fidler.

O LD Orpheus play'd fo well he mov'dold Nick,
While thou mov'st nothing but thy Fiddle-stick.
N 4 PHIL-

### To CHALLIS'S Mge. I AM H O

To have a Sight of thy dear Mate;

I'd give the Devil, at one Word

HOW old may Phillis be, you ask, of andwe? Whose Beauty thus all Hearts engages and an answer is no easy Task; a beauty that The for she really has two Ages.

Stiff in Brocade, and pinch'd in Stays,

Her Patches, Paint, and Jewels on;

All Day let Envy view her Face,

And Phillis is but Twenty one.

Paint, Patches, Jewels laid afide, At Night Astronomers agree, The Evening has the Day bely'd, And Phillis is full Forty-three.

## To one that does his God Blafpheme? But no Man (Sint) (Shater Ne 6th)

His Words are Articles of Paith.

· EPIGRAM IXXVIII. of the Fourth Book of MARTIAL.

### By Mr. MOTTLEY.

With Plate and Glass his Friends to dine,
With Plate and Glass his Side Boards shine;
But that, alas! is poor Relief
To Stomachs sharply set on Beef:
For tho' his Plate may feast the Eye,
'Tis neither fit to roast nor fry.

#### On a famous Toast at Oxford.

O N E Stone now keeps Kitty down, Who, when alive, mov'd half the Stones in Town.

On the Death of MARY Counters of Pembroke.

By BENJOHNSON.

Lies the Subject of all Verse, Sidney's Sister, Pembroke's Mother: Death, e'er thou hast kill'd another, Fair, and learned, good as she, Time shall throw his Dart at thee.

On an ancient LADY who painted very much.

By JAMES MOORE SMITH, Efg.

Cosmelia's Charms inspire my Lays,
Who, fair in Nature's Scorn,
Blooms in the Winter of her Days,
Like Glassonbury Thorn.

Cosmelia, cruel at Threescore;
Like Bards in murd'ring Plays,
Four Acts of Life pass guiltless o'er,
But in the Fifth she slays.

If e'er impatient of the Bliss,
Into her Arms I fall,
The plaister'd Fair returns the Kiss,
Like Thisbe, thro' a Wall.

Santa Sil

### A Cafe to the CIVILIANS.

OKES went, he thought, to Stiles's Wife to Bed,
Nor knew his own was lain there in her Stead,
Civilians, is the Child he then begot,
To be allow'd legitimate, or not?

## 186 JOE MILLERS JES PSI

On the late Duke of ARGYLL.

Sidned Stifter, Fundrate's Mechen:

their, and litting, good as the

A RGYLL, they fay, has Wit, for what? For Writing? — No, for Writing not.

#### The Real Affliction.

DORIS, a Widow, past her Prime,
Her Spouse long dead, her Wailing doubles;
Her real Griefs increase by Time,
And what abates, improves her Troubles.
Those Pangs her prudent Hopes suppress'd,
Impatient now she cannot smother:
How should the helpless Woman rest?
One's gone; —— nor can she get another-

## On a CUCKOLDE said

Colmeha, cruel at Threescore;

CORNUTUS call'd his Wife both Whore and Slut;

Quoth she, you'll never leave your Brawling; but—
But what, quoth he — Your Post or Door,

For you have Horns to butt, if I am a Whore.

On a Physician and Parson who had both abused him.

By Mr. DRYDEN.

Would'st thou be damn'd at once, and perish whole,

Trust Blackmore with thy Health, and Milbourne with thy Soul.

Mutual

### JOE MILLER'S JESTS. 187.

### Mutual LOVE. A A MANUEL

HOW faint a Joy the Maid imparts,
Reluctant, who refigns her Charms!
She damps the Transport of our Hearts,
And Beauty of her Force disarms.

How great the Pleasure, how refin'd,
And even in Reflection sweet;
When Lovers are but one in Mind,
And Souls together seem to meet!

#### On CHLOE.

PRithee is not Miss Chloe's a comical Case?

She lends out her Tail, and she borrows her Face.

#### EPITAPH on a MISER.

READER, beware immoderate Love of Pelf:
Here lies the worst of Thieves, who robb'd i
himself.

### Lady VAINLOVE's Servants.

I N their rich Liveries, starving, they repine, And wish to sell the Lace, that they may dine.

### ROMAN FORTITUDE.

B RUTUS unmov'd, heard how his Portia fell; Should C—ke's Wife die, he would behave as well.

Written

Written on a Glass with the Earl of Chestersield's Diamond Pencil. By Mr. Pope.

A CCEPT a Miracle, instead of Wit; See two dull Lines by Stanbope's Pencil writ.

#### The SCHOLAR.

ASTER of Arts! spent Seven Years at College
In his own Room! he must have wond'rous Knowledge.

### On a Hafty M ARRIAGE.

Arry'd! 'tis well! a mighty Bleffing!
But poor's the Joy no Coin possessing:
In antient Times, when Folk did wed,
'Twas to be one at Board and Bed;
But hard's his Case, who can't afford
His Charmer either Bed or Board.

### TO OLIVER CROMWELL.

By the famous Mr. LOCKE.

A Peaceful Sway the great Augustus bore,
O'er what great Julius gain'd by Arms before;
Julius was all with martial Trophies crown'd;
Augustus for his peaceful Arts renown'd;
Rome calls 'em great, and makes 'em Deities;
That, for his Valour; this, his Policies,
You, mighty Prince, than both are greater far,
Who rule in Peace that World you gain'd by War;
You sure from Heaven a finish'd Hero fell,
Who thus alone two Pagan Gods excel.

To one married to an Old Man. By Mr. WALLER.

OINCE thou would'st needs, bewitch'd with some ill Charms Be bury'd in those monumental Arms: 3 II H All we can wish is, may that Earth lie light On thy tender Limbs, and fo good Night: A drive His? But thou her Pride forbad her Eyes to flow, there are

On a Picture of Mrs. ARABELLA HUNT. Drawn playing on a Lute after ber Death. By Mr. CongREVET STATE

J.E R E there on Earth another Voice like thine, Another Hand so bles'd with Skill divine, The late afflicted World some Hopes might have, And Harmony retrieve thee from the Grave.

For that Road leads directly to the literat.

To an old Woman who used Art.

the collect Postor, to remove the Represelt,

EAVE off thy Paint, Perfames, and youthful Drefs. And Nature's Failing honeftly confess; Double we see those Faults which Art would mend, Plain downright Ugliness would less offend.

#### To FLIRTILLA.

I N Church the Pray'r-Book and the Fan display'd, And solemn Curt'sies, shew the wiley Maid; At Plays, the leering Looks, and wanton Airs, And Nods, and Smiles, are fondly meant for Snares. Alas! vain Charmer, you no Lovers get; There you feem Hypocrite, and here Coquet. But being one, we cannot make they no

On a Lady who shed Water at seeing the Tragedy of CATO. By Mr. POPE.

HILST Maudlin Whigs deplore their Cato's
Fate,
Still with dry Eyes the Tory Celia fat:
But tho' her Pride forbad her Eyes to flow,
The gushing Waters found a Vent below.
Tho' secret, yet with copious Streams she mourns,
Like twenty River-Gods, with all their Urns!
Let others screw an hypocritic Face,
She shews her Grief in a sincerer Place:
Here Nature reigns, and Passion, void of Art;
For that Road leads directly to the Heart.

#### The STRATAGEM.

Jests,
As Enthusiast was censured by Bigots and Priests;
The politic Doctor, to remove the Reproach,
Was seen with a Parson six Months in his Coach.
When C—den saw this Device had Success,
He thought, in some Sort, it would suit his own Case;
And to take an unlucky d—mn'd Censure away,
He contriv'd to be seen with a Wit ev'ry Day;
Then with Pope by his Side, in the Pride of his Soul,
Now, d—m me, said he,—Now d'ye think I'm
a Fool?

The Cuckold's Complaint. By Mr. WALSH.

OR NUS proclaims aloud his Wife's a Whore,
Alas, good Cornus, what can we do more?
Wert thou no Cuckold, we might make thee one;
But being one, we cannot make thee none.

### JOE MILLERIS JESTS, 191

On a BURSER of a certain College in Oxford, cutting down the Trees near the faid College for his own Use.

A fecret Instinct to discern its Foes:
The Goose, a filly Bird, avoids the Fox;
Lambs fly from Wolves, and Sailors steer from Rocks;
The Thief the Gallows, as his Fate foresees,
And bears the like Antipathy to Trees.

#### The Ferlorn D AMSEL.

Nor were the Coldesis from Possissis Incident

7 HILST each dear Nymph is happy with her You truffed --- yet excertes o dries can. The poor Dorinda fighs and fighs in vain; Forlorn sh'has liv'd thrice ten revolving Years, But now, at length, a dying Slave appears: The Youth raps humbly at her Chamber-Door, And freaks such Words she never heard before. In Bed, surpriz'd, she starts, her Curtain drew, And ask'd his Will - Madam, I dye for you. For me! A Man! What does he fay? He dies! She whisks from Bed, and to the Toilet flies: In Haste she dress'd, but did it with an Air; And to Advantage patch'd, and comb'd her Hair. Her dying Slave to rap once more prefumes, Whilst sweet Dorinda Washes and Persumes; But that he might not at the Door expire She let him in, and farther did enquire. With Cap in Hand, and with submissive Look, He bow'd, and then these killing Words he spoke; Madam, I've dy'd your Sattin, and fee bere, The Black's entire no colour'd Stripes appear.

### By W. W A L S H, Efq;

C HLOE, new married, looks at Men no more, Why then 'tis plain for what she look'd before.

### 192 JOE MILLER'S JEGG.

On the Death of Mrs. B ..... , who died foon after ber Marriage. By Lady MARY W-M

TAIL, happy Bride! for thou art truly blefs'd. Three Months of Rapture crown'd with endless

Merit, like your's, was Heaven's peculiar Care. and You lov'd, - yet tafted Happiness fincere. Vil adma I To you the Sweets of Love were only thown; dr The fure fucceeding bitter Dregs unknown; aread bala. You had not yet the fatal Change deplor'd. The tender Lover for th' imperious Lord: Nor felt the Pains that jealous Fondness brings, Nor wept the Coldness from Possession springs: Above your Sex diffinguish'd in your Fate: You trusted - yet experienc'd no Deceit. Soft were your Hours, and wing'd with Pleasure flew, No vain Repentance gave a Sigh to you; And if superior Blis Heaven can bestow, With Fellow Angels you enjoy it now.

### Occasion'd by the Foregoing? and hides batA

Words the never heard before.

HO' all the World knows The Fate of poor B-Yet Writers about it do vary; Some Folks make a Face, And pity her Case, 'Tis the Envy of the good Lady Mary. She fays, the don't know, How Heaven can bestow Any Joy like the Death of that Bride; Whence some People say, Could she chuse her own Way, E'er now she had certainly dy'd. But here's the Mistake, If her Mind she would speak, The Meaning appears very plain; She would ever be trying, m. wan, 201H But to B leave the Dying, as a value Her Choice is to live in the Pain.

Oz

On the Death of Mrs. Oldfield and little Norris.

OURN all ye Nymphs and Swains of Drury-Lane,
Since Mirth itself's with little Dicky's slain.
True Wit and Humour forc'd at length to yield
To Harlequin, and \* Flame resign the Field:
What needs, when Ribaldry can please the Age,
An Oldfield, or a Norris on the Stage?
When such they saw came daily to perplex it,
They judg'd it Time for them to make their Exit.

#### On Sir RICHARD BLACKMORE.

I F Wit, as we are told, be a Disease; And if Physicians cure by Contraries, Blackmore alone the healing Secret knows; 'Tis from his Pen the Grand Elixir flows.

On the Expulsion of a Member of the House of Commons for an Attempt to bribe a Member of the Secret Committee.

O raise a Lady's Expectation high,
With Hopes of some approaching Bliss that's
nigh;
To tempt her to her Chamber; shut the Door;
Then make Acknowledgments, and do no more.
Has she not Reason loudly to complain
Of —— the corrupt Intention of the Swain?

<sup>\*</sup> Hurlotbrumbo.

On Sir RICHARD BLACKMORE, first a School-Master, then a Physician, and afterwards a Poetaster.

By Nature meant, by Want a Pedant made,
Blackmore at first profess'd the Whipping Trade;
Grown fond of Buttocks, he would lash no more,
But kindly cur'd the Arse he gall'd before:
So Quack commenc'd; Then, sierce with Pride, he swore

That Tooth-Ach, Gripes, and Corns should be no more;

In vain his Drugs, as well as Birch, he try'd, His Boys grew Blockheads, and his Patients dy'd: Next he turn'd Bard, and mounted on a Cart, Whose hideous Rumbling made Apollo start; Burlesqu'd the bravest, wisest Son of Mars, In Ballad Rhimes, and all the Pomps of Farce: Still he chang'd Callings, and, at length, has hit On Bus'ness for his matchless Talent sit, To give us Drenches for the Plague of Wit.

On Sir RICHARD BLACKMORE's Paraphrase upon JOB.

WHEN Job contending with the Devil I saw,
It did my Wonder, but not Pity draw;
For I concluded, that without some Trick,
A Saint at any Time could match Old Nick.
Next came a siercer Fiend upon his Back,
I mean his Spouse; stunning him with her Clack;
But still I could not pity him, as knowing
A Crab Tree Cudgel soon would send her going:
But when the Quack engag'd with Job I spy'd,
The Lord have Mercy on poor Job I cry'd.
With impious Doggrel he'll pollute his Theme,
And make the Saint, against his Will, blaspheme:
What

What Spouse and Satan did attempt in vain, The Quack will compass with his murd'ring Pen, And on a Dunghill leave poor Job again. 3

# On B L O O D's stealing the Crown.

WHEN daring Blood, his Rent to have regain'd, Upon the English Diadem distrain'd; He chose the Cassock, Sursingle, and Gown, The fittest Mark for one who robs the Crown: But his Lay-Pity underneath prevail'd, And, while he sav'd the Keeper's Life, he fail'd. With the Priest's Vestment, had he but put on The Prelate's Cruelty, the Crown had gone.

On a Fan, in which was painted the Story of CEPHA-LUS and PROCRIS, with this Motto:

AURA VENI.

By Mr. POPE.

OME, gentle Air, th' Æolian Shepherd said,
While Procris panted in the sacred Shade;
Come, gentle Air, the sairer Delia cries,
While at her Feet her Swain expiring lies:
Lo! the glad Gales o'er all her Beauties stray,
Breathe on her Lips, and in her Bosom play;
In Delia's Hand this Toy is fatal sound,
Nor could that sabled Dart more surely wound;
Both Gifts destructive to the Givers prove,
Alike both Lovers sall, by those they love:
Yet guiltless too this bright Destroyer lives,
At random wounds, nor knows the Wound she gives:
She views the Story with attentive Eyes,
And pities Procris, while her Lover dies.

The EMPEROR ADRIAN'S Death-Bed Verses to

bis Soul, Imitated.

By Mr. PRIOR.

POOR little, pretty, fluttering Thing, Must we no longer live together? And do'st thou prune thy trembling Wing To take thy Flight the Lord knows whither;

Thy hum'rous Vein, thy pleafing Folly,
Lie all neglected, all forgot;
And pensive, wav'ring, melancholly,
Thou dread'st and hop'st thou know'st not what.

### ULYSSES's Dog ARGUS.

By Mr. POPE.

WHEN wise Ulysses from his native Coast, Long kept by Wars, and long by Tempest tos'd,

Arriv'd at last, poor, old, disguis'd, alone, To all his Friends, and e'en his Queen unknown; Chang'd as he was with Age, and Toils and Cares, Furrow'd his reverend Face, and grey his Hairs; In his own Palace forc'd to ask his Bread, Scorn'd by those Slaves his former Bounty fed; Forgot of all his own domestic Crew, His faithful Dog, his rightful Master knew; Unfed, unhous'd, neglected, on the Clay, Like an old Servant now cashier'd he lay; And tho' e'en then expiring on the Plain, Touch'd with Resentment of ungrateful Man, And longing to behold his antient Lord again. Him when he faw ---- he rose, and crawl'd to meet, ('Twas all he could) and fawn'd, and kiss'd his Feet; Seiz'd with returning Joy, then falling by his Side, Own'd his returning Lord—look'd up—and dy'd.

Upon SomeTHING.

Written under the Picture of DAPHNIS and CHLOR.

HUS blooming Youth in rip'ning Years, Just as this amorous Boy appears, And as this Girl the Fair Ones prove, In Years just opening into Love: Something they feel, yet can't explain This Something made of Joy and Pain; Something they want, yet know not what, Or how this Something's to be got: Absent they pine, yet when they meet, They still find Something incomplete; By little Toys he'd fain obtain This Something, to affwage his Pain: As fain wou'd she this Something grant, Did either know what Something meant; Unknown this Something, here's the Task, How she should grant, or he should ask.

### A Declaration of LOVE.

More than Ivy does the Oak;
More than Fishes do the Flood;
More than Savage Beasts the Wood;
More than Merchants do their Gain;
More than Misers to complain;
More than Widows do their Weeds;
More than Friars do their Beads;
More than Cynthia to be prais'd;
More than Courtiers to be rais'd;
More than Brides the Wedding Night;
More than Soldiers do a Fight;
More than Lawyers do the Bar;
More than 'Prentice-Boys a Fair;
O 2

More

More than Topers t'other Bottle; More than Women Tittle-tattle; More than Rakes a willing Lady; More than Nancy does her Baby; More than Jaylors do a Fee; More than all Things I love thee.

Verses to be bung up in the Belfry at BATH.

Translated from the Menagiana.

Y E Rogues, who perfecute the Sick With your remorfeless Ringing; Oh, that a Bell-Rope round each Neck Would set ye all a Swinging.

On Mr. CORNELIUS MARTEN, a contented Cuckold.

Not with his own, but's Neighbour's Wife: Cornelius knows it to be thus;
But he's Cornelius Tacitus.

#### The FEATHER.

I'll kiss thee, my Charmer, I'll kiss thee to Death; Cry'd Thyrsis, in Rapture — but soon on her Breast, He sunk down his Head, and compos'd him to Rest; Not long had they laid thus unactive together, Ere the Wanton pluck'd forth from the Bolster a Feather, And grasping him hard, till he open'd his Eyes, In a Tone of Derision the Witty-One cries, — To prevent being kill'd in the Manner you said, I resolve, with this Feather, to chop off your Head.

### TRUTH told at laft.

S A Y S Colin, in Rage, contradicting his Wife,
"You never yet told me one Truth in your Life."
Vext Fanny no Way could this Thesis allow,
Your'e a Cuckold, says she, do I tell you Truth now?

### WO M A N, by Mr. FARQUHAR.

ATURE's chief Gifts unequally are carv'd,
They surfeit some, while many more are starv'd;
Her Bread, her Wine, her Gold, and what before
Was common Good, is now made private Store;
Nothing that's Good we have among us common,
But all enjoy that common Ill—— a Woman.

### The BILBOQUET.

A S Celia with her Catcher play'd, Young Damon standing by, With am'rous Looks the wanton Maid Gave Damon it to try.

He toss'd the Ball the picked Way, But could not stick it on; Fumbler, cry'd she, I'll better play With two than you with one.

#### The Way to come at it.

A S Charlotte thro' the Window leant, Young William, glad to see her bent, Seizes behind the Virgin Store, Which she had long deny'd before: Pho! says her Dad, when she complain'd, Your Honour is by no Means stain'd;

You cannot help, fo hold your Clack, What's done, or faid, behind your Back.

An Inscription for the blank Scroll on Shakespeare's Monument, before it was fill'd up.

THUS learned M—d to H—er spoke,
"This empty Scroll is but a Joke;
"There should be something thought on for't,

" Extremely deep, extremely fort;

" But very apt, and very pat,

" And fit for Shakespeare to point at."

Thus faid the White-Glov'd Knight to M-d,

The Doctor and his Cane agreed:

A Boy who heard them hit upon't,

Took out some Charcoal, and wrote .

Spoken extempore, by Allan Ramsay, on two young Ladies who ask'd him to make Verses upon them.

O N that Cheek fits blooming Youth,
Heaven sparkles in that Eye;
There's something sweet about each Mouth,
Dear Ladies let me try.

#### On a CHASTE MAID.

HERE lies the Body of a beauteous Maid, Whose secret Parts no Man did e'er invade; Scarce her own Hand she would admit to touch That Virgin-Spring, altho' it itch'd so much: She dy'd at eighteen Years of Age, and then She gave to Worms what she deny'd to Men; But 'twas her last Request, with dying Groans, To have no Tomb at all if built with Stones; Such vig'rous Things she always us'd to wave, And sear'd they would disturb her in her Grave.

#### On the Picture of Susanna.

SUSANNA's Fate with Pity we behold, Condemn'd to Letchers, impotent and old: With wond'rous Art the Pencil shews she fears The faint Addresses—not the Force of Years.

### MARTIAL, Lib. II. Epig. xx.

By Mr. COOKE.

PAUL so fond of the Name of a Poet is grown, With Gold he buys Verses, and calls them his own; Go on, Master Paul, nor mind what the World says, They are surely his own for which a Man pays.

The forbidden FRUIT, or LOVE to a married LADY.

SSIST me, Cupid, lend me Wings, To fly from Cbloe's Sight; Her Voice, as when a Syren fings, My longer Stay invites. O melt her Heart, and make her kind, That she may feel Love's Pain; Nor leave her loose, whilst me you bind, But hold us with one Chain. If Love's a Crime, who can be free From Guilt, by Nature made? Who can the Charms of Chloe fee, And fay he's not afraid? Since for one Apple Heaven's Blis Was forfeited by Ewe: For Chloe's sweet forbidden Kiss, What is't I cou'dn't leave?

#### A MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE.

#### By Dean S W. I F T.

UNDER this Hedge, in stormy Weather,
I join'd this \* Whore and Rogue together;
And none but him who made the Thunder,
Can put this Whore and Rogue asunder.

#### A TRUE MAID.

O, no, for my Virginity,
When I lose that, says Rose, I'll die:
Behind the Elms, last Night, cry'd Dick,
Rose, were you not — extremely sick?

A T U R E a Thousand Ways complains, A Thousand Words express her Pains; But for her Laughter has but Three, And very small ones, Ha, ha, he.

Inscription for a Fountain, adorn'd with Queen ANNE's and the late Duke of MARLBOROUGH's Images, and the chief Rivers of the World round the Work.

#### By Mr. PRIOR.

Y E active Streams; where-e'er your Waters flow, Let distant Climes, and farthest Nations know, What ye from Thames and Danube have been taught, How Anne commanded, and how Marlbro' fought.

Writ

<sup>\*</sup> She was big with Child when the Ceremony pass'd.

Writ extempore, on the Duke of DEVONSHIRE'S House at CHATSWORTH.

QUALITER in Mediis quam non speraverat
Urbem,
Attonitus, Venetam Navita cernit Aquis;
Sic Improviso Emergens & Montibus Imis,
Attolit sese Devoniana Domus.

And thus translated by COLLEY CIBBER, Esq;

OT Sailors view with more astonish'd Eyes, In open Seas Venetian Towers arise, Than from the Mountains Strangers, with Delight, See unexpected Chatsworth charm the Sight.

A Character of Scotland, taken from a Pane of Glass in an Inn in the Northern Road.

Hoe'er he is desires to see
A barren Land, without a Tree,
The rankest Beggary and Pride,
As close as Nits and Lice ally'd,
Be poison'd when he eats and drinks,
Or slavour'd with all Kinds of Stinks;
Whoe'er would bite, or would be bit,
Would get the Itch, or be beshit,
Let him to Scotland but repair,
He'll find all these Perfections there.

#### On S N U F F.

JOVE once resolv'd, the Females to degrade,
To propagate their Sex without their Aid;
His Brain conceiv'd, and soon the Pangs and Throws
He felt, nor cou'd the unnatural Birth disclose:
At last, when try'd, no Remedy would do,
The God took Snuff, and out the Goddess flew.

On TATE and BRADY's Pfalms.

In Hebrew Times, when Ifrael's Faith was strong, Great were the Virtues of Poetic Song; Saul's evil Spirit David's Harp obey'd, The King was easy whilst the Psalmist play'd: But now the Force of Poetry is chang'd, And David's Sense from David's Words estrang'd; When Tate and Brady touch'd the sacred Strings, The Madness seem'd the Psalmist's, not the King's.

#### THOMAS.

#### An EPIGRAM.

VO?

THOMAS in High-Dutch once did court a Wench,
And to his Cost, she answer'd him in French.

A H, me! quoth Betty, who could e'er have thought, Such Mischief could arise almost from Naught? Which had she known e'er she began to swell, Each Yard of Pleasure she'd have made an Ell.

A Translation in modern English of Mr. P's Imitation of Chaucer.

And hid it where the Garb invests the Thighs;
Too weak the Buttons prov'd, the Goose too strong,
And burst its Jail as Ladies past along;
The Bill came bolting forth, a ruddy Sight,
The Neck came after, long, and round, and white;
The Creature cackling, pertly rais'd its Head,
The Lad look'd foolish, and the Women sled.

"O Jesu,

CO Jesu, Sister Moll, said wanton Miss.

" Is this the Thing wherewith they us'd to p-

"Tis better far to feed on Coals, or Chalk,

"Than trust to faithless Man who's Tail can talk." Thus Chaucer whilom did the Fair advise, That Maids should never sport but with the Wise. With sly Conceit the Bard his Story told, Then left this Moral, worth its Weight in Gold:

" Pardie, Miss Betty, thou didft reason well;

"They bear the Goose about that love to tell.

### The Advantage of bawing two Phylicians.

O N E prompt Physician like a Sculler plies, And all his Art, and all his Skill applies; But two Physicians, like a Pair of Oars, Convey you soonest to the Stygian Shores.

#### MARRIAGE.

WEREI, who am not, of the Romift Tribe,
The Number of their Sacraments to fix,
I speak fincerely, without Fee, or Bribe,
Instead of Seven there should be but Six.
All Men of Sense Tautology disclaim,
Marriage and Penance always were the same.

On a filly talkative Lady, at the Hot Well at Briftol.

By the Hon. T. H. Efq;

AM'D Stream! by whose retentive Force we're taught,
Such various and such wond'rous Cures are wrought,
Stop but the Gleet in Saccharissa's Tongue,
Thy Praises shall by Phæbus' Self be sung;

Admire not, Reader, that I call it so, so of one Since great the Running, and from Weakness too.

Dean SWIFT being sent for by the Lord CARTERET, then Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and being made to wait in the Council Chamber alone, wrote with a Diamond on the Window.

M Y very good Lord, 'tis a very hard Task, For a Man to wait here who has nothing to ask,

My Lord coming foon after into the Room, wrote under it thus:

M Y very good Dean, there's few who come here, But have femething to ask, or femething to fear

To a LADY, who said it was impossible to find true poetical

Energy express'd in four Lines.

Onqu'rors and Kings submit to Beauty's Shrine, Venus, the only Goddess, is divine;
Nor Jove above, nor G, who rules this Land,
The Force of these Initials can withstand.

To CELIA, with a Snuff-Box, having a Looking-Glass in the Lid.

Let Tothers Venus, and the Graces place,
Or Cupid, God of Love, these Toys to grace;
Deign, Charmer, but to cast those sparkling Eyes,
On this fair Mirror, lo! with glad Surprize,
A fairer Form than Venus shall arise;
Smile but, my Fair, and view ten thousand Loves,
Cheerful as Light, and soft as cooing Doves:
Beauty

Beauty and Love with thee for ever stay, Soon as thou clos'st the Lid, both sly away.

Written in the Nouveaux Interêts des Princes de l'Europe.

By Mr. PRIOR.

BLEST be the Princes, who have fought For pompous Names, or wide Dominion; Since by their Error we are taught, That Happiness is but Opinion.

### EPITAPH on Mr. FENTON.

By Mr. POPE.

May truly fay — Here lies an honest Man!

A Poet bles'd beyond a Poet's Fate,

Whom Heaven kept facred from the Proud and Great;

Foe to loud Praise, and Friend to learned Ease,

Content with Science in the Vale of Peace;

Calmly he look'd on either Life, and here

Saw nothing to regret, nor there to fear;

From Nature's temperate Feast rose satisfy'd,

Thank'd Heaven that he had liv'd, and that he dy'd.

#### FAST and Loose.

OLLIN was married in all Haste;
And now to rack doth run;
So knitting of himself too fast,
He hath himself undone.

### A comfortable ENTERTAINMENT.

HIS Ven'son Rusus will not touch;
'Tis Raw! that cursed Cook! he'll skin her,
Rusus, we see, had rather much
Cut up his Servant — than his Dinner.

#### The ENCOURAGEMENT.

Is the Arabian Bird alone
Lives chaste, because there is but One:
But had kind Nature made them Two,
They would like Doves and Sparrows do.

### The NUMSCULL.

Y O U beat your Pate, and fancy Wit will come; Knock as you please, there's no Body at Home.

#### On an old M I S E R.

HERE lies Father Sparges, Who died to fave Charges.

EPITAPH in Stepney Church-Yard.

HERE lies the Body of John Saul, Spittle-Fields Weaver, and that's all.



INIS.